

4.6.3 Physics Paper 3 (232/3)

MARKING SCHEME

1.	$I_1 = 0.3 \text{ mA}$	(1 mark)
a)		
b)	$I_2 = 0.37 \text{ mA}$	(1 mark)
c)	$R \times 10^3 (\Omega)$	0.330 1.0 1.33 1.5 2.5 4.0
	$I \text{ mA}$	0.69 0.53 0.48 0.44 0.35 0.26
	$I \times 10^{-3} (\text{A})$	0.69 0.53 0.48 0.44 0.35 0.26
	$1/I \text{ A}^{-1}$	1.45 1.88 2.08 2.27 2.86 3.84
d)	Attach graph of $\frac{1}{I}$ against R.	(4 marks)
	<p style="text-align: center;"> $\text{slope} = \frac{2.5 - 1.0}{2.5 - 0}$ $= \frac{1.5}{2.5}$ $= 0.6$ </p>	

e)	i. $\text{Slope} = \frac{2.5 - 1}{2.5 - 0}$ $= 0.60$	(3 marks)
ii	$(I) \frac{1}{I} = \frac{R}{E} + \frac{R_l}{E}$ $I \quad \frac{1}{I} = \frac{1}{E}(R + R_l)$ $\therefore \frac{1}{E} = \text{Slope} = 0.6$ $E = \frac{1}{0.6} = 1.67$ $\text{II} \quad \frac{R_l}{E} = \frac{R_l}{1.67} = y \quad \text{intercept}$ $= s$	(3 marks) (2 marks)

QUESTION 2

PART A MARKING SCHEME

a)	$A = 60^\circ$ $l = 5.2\text{cm}$	(1 mark) (1 mark)
b)	Normal at 3 rd way \sqcup 1.5 from A (From the candidates outline)	(2 marks)
e)	$D_1 = 41^\circ$ $D_2 = 39^\circ$ $D_3 = 40^\circ$	(1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark)
f)	i. $D_m = \frac{41^\circ + 39^\circ + 40^\circ}{3} = 40^\circ$	(1 mark)
	ii. $k = \frac{\sin \frac{(60 + 40)}{2}}{\sin \frac{60}{2}}$ $= \frac{\sin 50}{\sin 30}$ $= 1.53$	(3 marks)

PART B

g)	$\theta_0 = 24^\circ\text{C}$	(1 mark)
h)	$t_1 = 1.59\text{ sec}$	(1 mark)
i)	$t_2 = 3.00\text{ sec}$	(1 mark)
j)	(I) $x = \frac{77.5 - 24}{1.59} = 33.65$ (II) $y = \frac{67.5 - 24}{3.00} = 14.5$	(2 marks) (2 marks)
k)	It is greater than x because the cooling rate depends on the difference between the highest temperature and the room temperature.	(2 marks)

