NAME:………………………………………………….. INDEX NO:………………………………

CANDIDATE’S SIGNATURE:…………………………DATE…………………………………….

**312/2**

**GEOGRAPHY**

**JULY, 2019**

**PAPER 2**

**TIME: 2 ¾ HOURS**

**BUURI EAST STANDARDS**

***Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education***

**GEOGRAPHY 312/2**

**2 ¾ Hours**

**Instruction:**

* **Answer all the questions in section A.**
* **In section B answer Question 6 and any other two questions.**

1. a) List two factors that determine the distribution of forests in Kenya. (2mks)

b) Give three economic uses of mangrove forests. (3mks)

2. a) Name two completed hydropower stations of the Seven Forks. (2mks)

b) State three benefits that would result from rural electrification in Kenya. (3mks)

3. a) Differentiate between emigration and immigration. (2mks)

b) Give three main characteristics of internal migrations. (3mks)

4. a) i) Differentiate between land reclamation and land rehabilitation. (2mks)

ii) Name one crop grown in the polders. (1mk)

b) State two factors that made Mwea suitable location for an irrigation scheme. (2mks)

5. a) State two effects of air pollution. (2mks)

b) Give three reasons why it is necessary to manage and conserve our environment. (3mks)

**SECTION B:**

6. The table below shows the origin of tourists to Kenya. Use it to answer question 6 a (i).

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Origin** | **Percentage** |
| Europe  Asia  Africa  Others | 64  6  15  15 |

a) i) Using a 10cm length rectangle, draw a divided rectangle to show the above information. Show your calculations. (10mks)

ii) Identify two advantages of using a divided rectangle to represent the data. (2mks)

b) List six features that have led to tourist attraction in Kenya. (6mks)

c) State three reasons why domestic tourism is encouraged in Kenya. (3mks)

d) What are the problems associated with tourism in Kenya. (4mks)

7. a) i) Name two counties where coffee is grown in Kenya. (2mks)

ii) State four physical factors that favour coffee growing in Kenya (4mks)

b) i) Define the term ‘dairy cattle farming’ (2mks)

ii) Name three main breeds of dairy cattle reared in Kenya (3mks)

c) i) Apart from milk products name two other products obtained from dairy animals. (2mks)

ii) Explain the similarities of dairy cattle farming in Kenya and Denmark. (6mks)

d) i) Name two exotic breeds of cattle reared in commercial ranches in both Kenya and Argentina. (2mks)

ii) Explain two ways in which commercial beef cattle farming contributes to the economy of Kenya. (4mks)

8. a) Differentiate between transport and communication. (2mks)

b) Identify three problems facing mobile users. (3mks)

c) i) List three trans – continental roads in Africa. (3mks)

ii) Explain four problems facing railway transport in Africa. (8mks)

d) i) Identify three types of inland waterways used for transport in Africa. (3mks)

ii) State three ways in which the Great lakes and St. Lawrence seaway has contributed to the growth of industries in the region (3mks)

e) State three recent development that have taken place in Kenya to improve communication of information. (3mks)

9. a) What is urbanization? (2mks)

b) i) Apart from the Central Business District (CBD) name three other functional zones of a town. (3mks)

ii) What are the characteristics of the Central Business District? (3mks)

c) State the factors that have favoured the rapid growth of Thika town as an industrial centre. (6mks)

d) Explain four problems facing urban centres in Kenya. (8mks)

e) What three benefits would be there if more commuters in urban centres in Kenya used public transport? (3mks)

10. a) Define cottage industry. (2mks)

b) Give three characteristics of the cottage industry in India (3mks)

c) i) Briefly explain three problems facing the Ruhr industrial region (6mks)

ii) Outline three major car manufacturing regions in Japan. (3mks)

d) i) Explain four ways in which Kenya has benefited from Industrialization. (8mks)

ii) Name three agricultural non – food industries in Kenya. (3mks)

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