

443/1 MS AGRICULTURE Paper 1 MARKING SCHEME

March 2021

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

**AGRICULTURE** 

Paper 1

MARKING SCHEME (CONFIDENTIAL)

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This marking scheme consists of 11 printed pages.

## SECTION A (30 marks)

1. Date first symptoms were noticed; & Date first symptoms were noticed;  2 - Symptoms noticed;  Disease diagnosed/suspected;	reatment	
2 - Symptoms noticed;	1	
- Disease diagnosed/suspected;		
	The state of the s	
- Drugs used to treat the diseases;	X	
S - Cost of treatment;	hut.	
G - Remarks; Prescryth, Milhord - 2 duration of trees		
2. I- Increase soil aeration;	4 x 1/2	(2 marks)
2. Increase soil aeration;		
- Improve water holding capacity;		
3 - Increases soil nutrient content;	Α.	
Provides food and shelter for micro-organisms; /provides	e humus	1 11 1
Binds soil particles together; / I'm prove a seri France	ture Contr.	ili sinsta
- Buffers soil pH;		
7- Reduces toxicity of plant poisons;		
<ul> <li>Improves soil temperatures;</li> </ul>		
- Increase water infiltration;	4 x ½	(2 marks)
3 Sprinklers;		
2 - Water pumps;		
3 - Pipes;		
4. Filters;	4 x ½	(2 marks)
4. Holds competitive agricultural shows/exhibitions;		
2 - Encourages <u>breeding</u> and importation of <u>pure</u> breeds of		
livestock;		
<ul> <li>Encourages and assists in official milk recording schem</li> </ul>	e;	
Organizing national ploughing contests;		
J - Publishing a monthly journal; Kenya farmer		
<ul> <li>Organizing the running of young farmers clubs;</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Awarding bursaries for local and overseas students;</li> </ul>		
7 - Organizing tours for its members;		
of- Gregarize for national free planting	1	(2 marks)

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11, Organie: \$\frac{43}{6} \cdot \text{MS} mtenstonal exchange programme >

5.	Information found on delivery note.	
6.CO.K	Date of delivery;	
5 3	2 - Quantity and type of goods delivered (particulars);	
9	3 - Item(s) delivered; / Type of goods delivered (part	(culars)
	- Person who receives the goods/signature of receiver;	
The state of the s	- Conditions in which goods are received;	
<b>&gt;2</b> /	Delivery note serial number;	
6.	- Person who deliver from from whom 4 x ½	(2 marks)
6.	Implements for primary cultivation. 5 Forked lembe ho	2
8	Implements for primary cultivation. 5 Forked Jembe hos 1 - Jembe or fork jembe/hoe; / hoe 6 Rotavatar   hotary 2 - Ox-plough; 7. Sub-soiler 3 - Disc plough; 8. Chi'sel plough.	cultivator
6	2 - Ox-plough; 7. Sub-soiler	
	- Disc plough;	
<b>9</b> .	Mouldboard plough; $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	(2 marks)
lype rock. 7.	Factors influencing soil formation.	
Morrison	Parent rock/bedrock.	
	2 - Climate;	
	Topography;	
	- Time;	
41	Living organisms/Biotic factors 4×1/2	(2 marks)
8.	Importance of ridging in potato production.	
WO,	For expansion of tubers; To conserve soil moisture;	conserve sent
y' o	3 - For easy harvesting;	
9	- To prevent soil erosion;	
	To prevent greening of tubers.  4 x 1/2	(2 marks)
9. (a)		
9. (a)	Thinning is the removal of excess seedlings from the seedbed while	
7	rogueing is removal and destruction of diseased or infected plants.	
	(Mark as a whole)	(1 mark)
		(1 Illaik)

// // //	
S - Has low leaf: stem ratio; / low palatability  4 x 1/2	(2 marks)
Has low dry matter digestibility;	(2 marks)
Agricultural practices that pollute water.     Use of inorganic fertilizers;	Don't y
	ologo de la
(ii) Use of excess pesticides; (iii) Over cultivation; / Pulver, zahon of soil.	3 5 8 mg
(iv) Over grazing;	(2 marks)
(iv) Over grazing;  (v) Cultivation along river banks  (v) Westering animals directly in satisfacte. was  SECTION B (20 marks)	le source.
SECTION B (20 marks)	
Lassie / Amight Cartilizar / Nautral	(1 mark)
(b) It neutralizes soil acidity;	(1 mark)
Neutral pH; acidity produced by ammonium ions is counteracted by calcium carbonate which is a liming	
material.	
2 • It raises /increase soil pH.	5900gg
3 • It has a liming effect.	
(c) If 20kg N requires 100kg CAN	(1 mark)
50kg N requires: 20kg of CAN × 50kg N = 250kg of CAN × 50kg N	(1 mark)
250kg = 5 bags V  Attendere moth, d  100 kg of CAN = 20 kg N    SHCZ CAN = 50 kg N	(1 mark)
or Jan V Parker	CAN
17. (a) Shading;	(1 mark)
(b) 1, Protects seedlings from direct sunlight;	
2. Protects seedlings from heavy rainfall which damage seedlings://	water to se
2 - Should allow in sunlight early in the morning and late in the	(1 mark)

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evening;

Turnover

1 x 1

11/5 gN = 1695.

Own Own Ave. The Contract Cont	(d) Raised nursery bed; Tree nursery; Centainerised nursery	(1 mark)
18.	(a) Root nematode; / Eel worm 1x1	
	(b) 1. Root swells/formation of root galls; / root nodes	
	2. Wilting of crop even when moisture is adequate; 3. heterology growth (Stunted. 2x1 4. Decological of leaves	
	(c) 1- Crop rotation; 2- Use of nematicides; 6. Plant resistant variation	فِي ا
	3 - Fumigation of soil;	
	3- Fumigation of soil; 4- Soil solarisation; solarisation 5- Close sogren	(5 marks)
19.	(a) Consumable goods inventory.	
	1 x 1	(1 mark)

(b)

## **MWAMUZI FARM**

UES	ISS	RECEIPTS					
NCE	BALA	QUANTITY	ISSUED	DATE	QUANTITY	COMMODITY/	DATE
оск	IN ST		то			ITEM	
20 €	/			//	20 bags ( <del>50kg)</del> (	DAP fertilizer	7/7/18
40					20 bags (50 kg)	DAP fertilizer	21/7/18
32	/	8 bags DAP	Gardener	28/07/18			

(3 marks)

(c) It provides information used for drawing Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet.

(1 mark)

SECTION (	C (40 marks)
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20.	(a)	Risks	and uncertainties in farming.		k.
	()	(i)		qualit	La la
		2	Fluctuation of commodity prices.	Quarter	(1)
		(ii)	Physical yield uncertainty where the farmer does not know		
			how much to expect.		
display		(iii)	Ownership uncertainty. Farmer lose produce through theft;		
			fire, death or change in government policy.		
		(iv)	Outbreak of pests and diseases which affect expected		
			outcome.	, A	une
		(v)	Sickness and injury uncertainty. Farmer affected lose	- Atheb &	J
			ability to work due to sickness or injury.		
		(vi)	New production technique and uncertainty. The farmer may		
			not be certain as to whether technology is as effective as the		
			previous one.		
		(vii)	Farmer investing in machinery which may become outdated		
			(obsolete) within a short time.		
		(viii)	Natural catastrophes. Things like floods, drought,		
			earthquakes, storms and strong winds may destroy the		
			crops.		
			7 x 1	(7 marks)	
	(b)	(i) <i>i</i> -	Results to failure in seed germination of seeds;	,	
		2-	Results to restricted root development;		
		3-	Results to moisture stress which reduces fruit weight. and	ows	
			the rate of growth. Reduces rate of photosynthosis. 3x1	(3 marks)	
	51	<i>بر</i> (ii)	Slow growth rate of crops due to slowed photosynthesis;	(5 marks)	
	X	1 11 1			
			High incidence of disease infection to crop e.g. late blight.		
A Sharak quotagan		3 -	Lowers the quality of tomato fruits. 3 x 1	3 marks)	

Par - manufacture and an analysis of the second	(iii)		
5	• Agent of soil erosion carrying top fertile soil reducing		
3	nutrients.		
<b>5</b>	2 • Causes lodging and damage to crops.	o-(aucusausausausausausausausausausausausausau	
20 + -	3 • Increases rate of evaporation from soil leading to water	product of the second days	
20	loss.		
	Increases spread of pests and disease attack. 3 x 1	(3 marks)	
	(c) Advantages of Tillage as a mechanical method of weed control.	A port of contract of the	
×	l - Cheap therefore a good option for small scale farmers life i.e.	0.00 - 0.000 (0.47) (0.47)	6
	economical.		***************************************
2)	→ Tillage opens up soil allowing infiltration of water to occur and		
	thus minimize soil erosion.		
;	3 - During tillage, earthing up is done which encourages root	plantatione de production de la constitución de la	
ξ	growth.	department of the second of th	
	During tillage, crop residue is incorporated into the soil to form		
ာ ၁	organic manure.	decention or mark for the second of the seco	
ğ	S - Improves soil aeration.		Approximately (Approximately Approximately A
	Exposes soil borne pests and disease agents. 4 x 1	(4 marks)	and a special an
Ī.,	21. (a) Planting of maize in the field.		
. (المعلالمني	Plant suitable varieties;	- Arginette and participation	
5,	2 - Plant early at onset of rain/dry plant;		alm del
3	2 - Plant at 2.5cm to 10cm depth;	letilie	of other
ט	4- Spacing at 20cm to 30cm by 75cm to 90cm;  S- Apply DAP at planting at (100 150)kg /ha/manure;	1500	
v'	6 - Plant at 25kg seed per hectare.		
201	7 - Place one or two seeds per hole;		
	8 - Plant by hand or machine planter;	O CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO	
1	9 - Use organic manure et handful per plant.	و للساد دي ا	while
	10. Apply DAP out the rate of 100-15019 [ha/ 1 fee	a, 000 Jul p	)
	Il ithe out for the seed of the	elsol	- Season
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(b) Facto	rs determining spacing crops
(i)	Type of machinery used; use of machines require wider
	space;
(ii)	Soil fertility; fertile soil - closer spacing  Type of beans/varieties of beans, spreading beans required.
(iii)	Type of beans/varieties of beans, spreading beans require
rajectamina entre	wide spacing;
(iv)	Moisture availability; High rainfall - closer spacing;
(v)	Use of the crop Atorage crop - closer spacing.
(vi)	Pest and disease control; wider spacing control pest spread.
(vii)	Growth habit of the crop; indeterminate spreading type
	requires wider spacing Number of seed per hile. (7 marks)
D.	e libe-moder i pacing 7x1
(c)⊢ Fa	cilitates production of many seedlings in a small area;
2- Ro	outine management practices are easily and timely carried out in
an	sursery than in the main seed bed;
3 - Ma	akes it possible to provide the best conditions for growth such
// as	fine tilth, levelled field and shade;
4- Fa	cilitates the planting of small seeds which develop into strong
see	edlings that are easily transplanted;
S- Ite	ensures transplanting of only those seedlings that are healthy
and	d vigorously growing;
6 - Ex	cess seedlings from the nursery may be sold, thus become a
	arce of income to the farmer.
7. Re	duce time trees take in main felt to (6 marks)
 1	1

	22.	2 8 2	renance of proceeding more at the	And the second	
PARTICIPAL		(1)	Cut back the tea bush to 5cm; above the last pruning height	El per protection de la president de la presid	
en-injerates			after 2 – 5 years;		
			Carry out tipping after 3 months;		
		4(411)	After many such pruning, tea bush is cut down to 45cm above		
			the ground; of me orde cutting bach.		
and the second		C (iv) I	Rehabilitation done after every 40 – 50 years;	le in a	
***************************************		6.04	the ground; Change cycle (cutting bach.)  Rehabilitation done after every 40-50 years;  La phyclang stick to maintain the solution of the solu	(5-marks)	
-		(b) Drace	dule for transplanting onions seedlings.		
Simplephysical		100	Water the nursery bed o <del>ne day</del> before transplanting;		
The state of the s		2(ii)	Selecting healthy and vigorous growing seedlings;		a solly
		3 <del>(iii</del> )	Lift the seedlings using a garden travel and but them into a		The A. T.
The second second			container for transporting to the seedbed transport carefully		Do godly
Opposite the second sec		_ 5 (iv)	Plant one seedling per hole at the same depth as it was in the		
			nursery.		
The Sales And Sales Street		7(4)	Firm the soil around the base.	a company de la	
- and a special second		8 ( <del>vi)</del>	This should be done preferably late evening or during a		
Water Street, on		Transport of the state of the s	cloudy day.		
(m) (C) (m) (C) (m)		9 (vii)	Mulch the seedlings and water them regularly. when he cost	5	
And of the latest section of the latest sect		ij ( <del>viii)</del>	Put appropriate amount of fertilizers/manure into planting	ionu«	
The Control of the Co	and in company of the	,	holes and mix with soil 12. Apply phosphone for the	il. 1	1
	senting participates	(14 (ix)	holes and mix with soil 12. A poly phosphale jest live in holes and mix with soil 13. Mix well with the during planting 13 Mix well with the Transplant when seedlings are about one month old. 13-60 when pencil thick	iseeles dd	/
-	The control of the co	1 <del>- [21)</del>	Plant at spacing of 30cm between rows by 10cm between		
Transfering States			plants.		
The second secon			7 x 1	(7 marks)	
-		(c) Micro	-catchments		
Albania e constitui	Annual Control		Negarim micro catchment;		
- Charlest Street	(Characteristics)	(i)	A selected seid of diamond then are onen anded "V"		lone
Annual resistances	Total Control of Contr		Are closed grid of diamond shape or open-ended "V"s	land on	" care fire
Walter Company of the	Total Charles		formed by constructing small earth ridges with infiltration	I Contro	1450,11
Philosophia and Philosophia an			pits for purpose of collecting water.	7 00	naycon
Addition of the last of the la		(ii)	Contour bunds;	1 Bu	dore his

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