

5.3.3 Biology Paper 3 (231/3)

- **1.** (a) (i) Sternum; (1 mark)
 - (ii) The internal intercostal muscles relax; pulling the ribs upwards; and outwards; This increases the volume of the rib cage while pressure decreases; Forcing air into the lungs;

(5 marks)

- (b) (i) Anterior/dorsal view; (1 mark)
 - (ii) Name Neural canal; (1 mark)

Function - Passage of the spinal cord. (1 mark)

(iii) V: It is thick and solid; for bearing the weight of the body (back) (2 marks)

S: It is long; to provide a large surface area for attachment of muscles;

(2 marks)

- (c) (i) Image width = 9.8 cm;
 - (ii) Magnification = Image length / width
 Actual length / width

$$\frac{9.8 \pm 0.1}{4.6 \pm 0.1}$$

 $Mg = \times 2.13 ;$

(iii) Actual length AB = $\frac{10.4 \pm 0.1}{2.13}$

= 4.8826 cm;

(5 marks)



2.

Food Substance Tested	Procedure	Observation	Conclusion
1. Reducing sugars	 Put 2 cm³ of C in a test tube; Add equal volume of Benedict's Solution. Put in a hot water bath/heat/warm/boil; 	No colour change/ blue colour remains/ colour of Benedict's solution remains/ persists;	Reducing sugars absent;
2. Reducing sugar	 Put 2 cm³ of C in a test tube; Add a few drops of dilute hydrochloric acid. Place the test tube in a hot water bath for 3 minutes; Remove the test tube and cool in cold water. Add (NaH)₂CO₃ drop by drop until fizzing stops Add 2 cm³ of Benedict's Solution. Place the test tube in a hot water bath/heat/warm/boil; 	Colour changes to green / yellow / orange / brown;	Reducing sugars present;
3. Proteins	 Put 2 cm³ of C in a test tube; Add an equal amount of sodium hydroxide solution and shake. Add copper sulphate drop by drop, shaking well after each addition; 	Colour changes to purple/violet/mauve;	Proteins present;

3.

1.	(a)	Simple leaves	go to 2;
	(b)	Compound leaves	go to 4;
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2.	(a)	Leaves net-veined/reticulate	go to 3;
	(b)	Leaves parallel veined	Commelinaceae;
3.	(a)	Leaves with serrated margins	Malvaceae;
	(b)	Leaves with smooth (entire) margins	Nystaginaceae;
4.	(a)	Leaves opposite	go to 5;
	(b)	Leaves alternate	Bignoniceae;
5.	(a)	Leaves pinnate	Papilionaceae;
	(b)	Leaves trifoliate	Compositae;
			(10 marks)