

K.C.S.E HISTORY & GOVERNMENT PAPER 1 2002

SECTION A (25mks)

Answer ALL the question in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. State one way in which the Abagusii and the Kipsigis interacted during the pre-colonial period. (1mk)
2. State two functions of the Council of Elders (Njui Ncheke) of the Ameru (2mks)
3. Apart from trade, give one reason why the Arabs migrated to the Kenyan coast before 1500 A.D.
4. State two factors which encouraged the Akamba to participate in the long distance trade during the nineteenth century.(2mks)
5. Give two reasons why Nabongo Mumia collaborated with the British (2mks)
6. Identify one reason why Africans in Kenya were not allowed to grow some cash crops before 1954.
7. State two reasons why the Taita Hill Association was formed in 1939. (2mks)
8. State one result of the establishment of independent in Kenya during the colonial period.(2mks)
9. Identify two negative consequences of urbanization in Kenya during the colonial period.(2mks).
10. Give two sources of revenue for the District Development Committees in Kenya (2mks)
11. State two ways which chiefs promote law and order in their locations. (2mks)
12. Give one way through which the education system in Kenya promotes national Unity (1 mark)
13. Who chairs cabinet meetings in Kenya? (1 mark)
14. What is contained in the government budget? (1 mark)
15. Give the main role opposition parties in Kenya. (1 mark)
16. Give the main functions of the Prisons Department in Kenya (1 mark)
17. Identify two national philosophies used as development strategies in Kenya (2 mks)

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. (a) What were the results of the settlement of the Luo in Kenya during the pre-colonial period? (7 marks)
(b) Describe the socio- political organization of the Luo during the pre-colonial period (8 marks)
2. (a) Why were the Portuguese interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan coast during the sixteenth century? (3 mks)
(b) Explain six effects of Portuguese role on the Kenyan coast (12 mks)
3. (a) What economic reasons encouraged the British to colonise Kenya during the nineteenth century? (3 mks)
(b) Explain six ways through which the colonial government promoted settler farming (12 mks)
4. (a) What major reforms resulted from the Lyttelton Constitution of 1954 in Kenya? (3 mks)
(b) Explain six ways through which Thomas Joseph Mboya contributed to the struggle for independence in Kenya. (12 mks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

5. (a) Describe the structure of the court system in Kenya (5 mks)
(b) Explain the functions of the high court in Kenya (3 mks)
6. (a) Describe the process of preparing a bill before it is taken to parliament for debate (3 marks)
(b) Explain six ways in which the Bill of Rights protects the rights of the individual (12 marks)
7. (a) What are the main sources of revenue for local Government Authorities in Kenya?
(b) Explain six factors which undermine the performance of local authorities (10 mks)

K.C.S.E HISTORY & GOVERNMENT PAPER 2 2002

SECTION A (25 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section in the answer booklet

1. State one advantage of written materials as a source of history (1 mk)
2. Give one characteristics of Homo erectus (1 mk)
3. State one main limitation of barter trade during the Trans- Saharan Trade. (1 mk)
4. State two duties of the priests in Yoruba traditional religion (2 mks)
5. State one result of the invention of the wheel in Mesopotamia (1 mk)
6. Give one disadvantage of using coal as a source of industrial energy during the nineteenth century. (1 mk)
7. State two factors that facilitated the growth of the Asante Kingdom (2 mks)
8. Identify two features of Early Greek city states (2 mks)
9. Give two inventions that improved textile manufacturing industry in Britain in the eighteenth century. (2 mks)
10. State one contribution of Joseph Lister in the field of medicine in the nineteenth century (1 mk)
11. State two effects of the development of railway transport in the nineteenth century
12. Give two methods that European powers used to occupy Africa during the nineteenth century. (2 mks)
13. State two conditions that one had to fulfill in order to become fully assimilated in French West Africa.(2 mks)
14. Give the main reason why the League of Nations was formed in 1919. (1 mk)
15. State the main cause of the cold war (1 mk)
16. Give two political developments in South Africa between 1990 and 1994 which led to peaceful introduction of majority rule in the country. (2 mks)
17. State the main reason why the USSR adopted a one party system of government. (1 mk)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

18. (a) Describe three ways through which slaves were obtained during the Trans- Atlantic slaves trade
(b) Explain six factors that led to the decline of the Trans- Atlantic trade
19. (a) What factors led to the industrialization in German in the 19th century?
(b) Explain five results of the industrial Revolution in Europe during the 19th century
20. (a) In what was are the teachings of Islam similar to those of Christianity
(b) Explain the Christian church split during the 16th century
21. (a) What reasons led to the failure of Maji Maji rebellion in 1907
(b) Explain five reforms that were introduced by the German administration after the Maji Maji uprising
22. (a) Why did the British use indirect rule to administer Northern Nigeria
(b) Explain why the use of indirect rule in southern Nigeria was unsuccessful
23. (a) Describe three factors that enabled the allied powers to win the second World War
(b) Explain the results of the Second World War
24. (a) Describe the functions of the president of the United States of America (U.S.A)
(b) Explain how the system of government of the U.S.A works