

K.C.S.E 2004 HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1
SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in answer booklet provided

1. State two ways in which Kenyan communities interacted during the pre- colonial period (2 mks)
2. Give two reasons for the migration of the Borana from Ethiopia into Kenya. (2 mks)
3. State two functions of the Laibon among the Maasai during pre- colonial period in Kenya. (2 mks)
4. Identify one factor that facilitated contact between the Kenyan coast and the outside world by the end of the 16th Century. (1 mk)
5. Give two methods used by Europeans to acquire territories in Kenya during the 19th century. (2 mks)
6. Identify the main feature of the system of education in Kenya during the colonial period. (2 mks)
7. State one role of the civilians during the struggle for independence in Kenya. (1 mk)
8. Give two roles of welfare organizations in Kenya during the colonial period. (2 mks)
9. Identify one way through which colonial lands policies promoted settler agriculture in Kenya. (1 mk)
10. Give the main reason why KANU refused to form a government after the 1961 election. (1 mk)
11. Why was the independent constitution of 1963 known as a Majimbo constitution? (1 mk)
12. State two demands made by the African Elected Members organization (AEMO) in 1957. (2 mks)
13. Identify two political events which threatened the stability of Kenya between 1975 and 1978. (2 mks)
14. State two problems that the co-operative movement in Kenya has faced since independence. (2 mks)
15. Name the institution that controls government expenditure in Kenya. (1 mk)
16. Give one function of the judiciary in Kenya. (1 mk)
17. Who appoints a District Commissioner in Kenya? (1 mk)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

18. (a) Why did the Bantu migrate from their original homeland? (5 mks)
(b) Describe the political organization of the Akamba during the pre- colonial period. (10 mks)
19. (a) What factors influenced Seyyid Said's decision to transfer his capital to Zanzibar. (3 mks)
(b) Describe the effects of long distance trade in Kenya during the 19th century. (12 mks)
20. (a) Why did the Nandi resist British invasion of their territory between 1896 – 1905? (5 mks)

- (b) Explain five factors which enabled the Nandi to resist British invasion for along time. (10 mks)
21. (a) Why were Africans opposed to the British colonial rule between 1920-1939?
- (b) Explain five methods used by African nationalists in Kenya in their struggle for independence. (10 mks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

22. (a) Why are general election conducted in Kenya every five years. (3 mks)
- (b) Describe the circumstances which may lead to by – election in Kenya. (2 mks)
23. (a) Describe three practices that may interfere with national unity. (3 mks)
- (b) Discuss the factors that led to the introduction of many political parties in Kenya in 1992. (12 mks)
24. (a) What are the functions of the Armed Forces in Kenya? (5 mks)
- (b) Explain five ways of criminal activities in Kenya. (10 mks)

K.C.S.E HISTORY PAPER 2 2004

Answer all the questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C.

SECTION A

1. Give one contribution of archeology to the study of History. (1 mk)
2. State two uses of fire by early man. (2 mks)
3. Give two uses of Bronze in Mesopotamia. (2 mks)
4. State two functions of early urban centers in Egypt. (2 mks)
5. Give two disadvantages of human transport. (1 mk)
6. Give two contributions of the inventions of the steam to industry in the 18th century in Europe. (2 mks)
7. State one advantage of the telephones as a means of communication. (1 mk)
8. State two results of the construction of the Suez Canal. (2 mks)
9. Identify tow problems that may hinder the effective operation of international Trade Agreements. (2 mks)
10. Why was Ethiopia not colonized by the Europeans in the 19th century? (1mk)
11. State one social reason for the coming of Europeans to Africa in the 19th Century. (1 mk)
12. Give two functions of chiefs in Zimbabwe during the colonial period. (2 mks)
13. Identify the role that the government convention people's Party (CPP) played in the struggle for independence in China. (1 mk)
14. State one aim of the Arusha Declaration in Tanzania. (1 mk)
15. Identify one way in which a person may become a member of the House of Lords in Britain. (1 mk)
16. Give one factor that led to the end of the cold war. (1 mk)
17. State two reasons for the establishment of the United Nations Organization (UNO). (2 mks)

SECTION B

18. (a) What made the early man to domesticate crops and animals? (3 mks)
(b) Explain the causes of food shortages in the third world counties (12 mks)
19. (a) Describe five religious practices of the Maya. (5 mks)
(b) Discuss the importance of the religious among the Maya. (5 mks)
20. (a) What were the terms of the Berlin Conference for 1884- 1885? (5 mks)
(b) Discuss the immediate results of the partition of African by Europeans. (10 mks)
21. (a) What was the role of the Tuaregs in the trans- Saharan trade? (3 mks)
(b) Explain six effects of the trans-Saharan trade on the people of Western Sudan. (12 mks)

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22. (a) What were the economic activities of the Buganda during the pre- colonial period? (3 mks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of Buganda during the pre- colonial period. (12 mks)
23. (a) What were the causes of the first World War (1914 – 1918) (5 mks)
- (b) Discuss the results of the First World War (1914 – 1918) (10 mks)
24. (a) Describe the functions of the council of ministers of the organization of African Unity. (3 mks)
- (b) Explain six achievement of the organization of African Unity (OAU) since its formation. (12 mks)

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