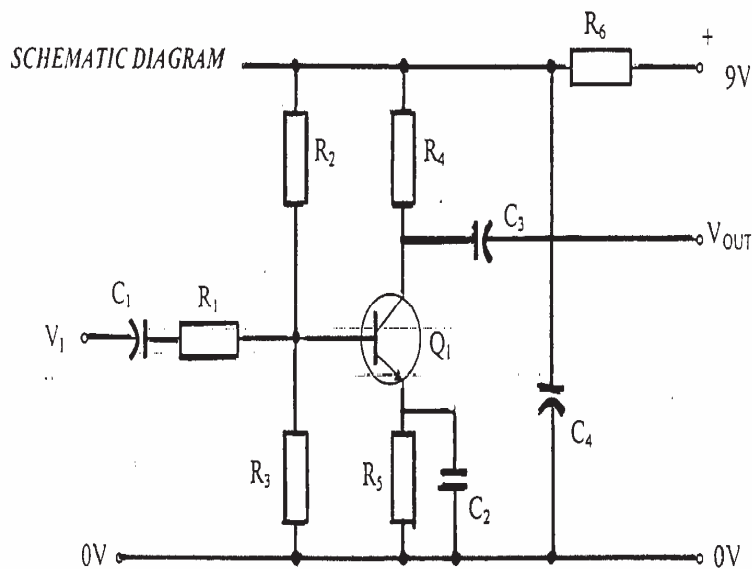


$$\begin{aligned}
 i &= \frac{es}{Z} && (1 \text{ mark}) \\
 &= \frac{es}{\sqrt{R^2 + X_c^2}} && (1 \text{ mark}) \\
 &= \frac{10}{\sqrt{3^2 + 6^2}} && (1 \text{ mark}) \\
 &= i=11.5\text{mA} && (1 \text{ mark})
 \end{aligned}$$

15. (a)
- Draw for schematic diagram of the circuit.
 - Draw the PCB artwork.
 - Transfer artwork to copper side of the board.
 - Etch the board.
 - Drill holes for the component.
 - Position the components and connectors.
 - Solder the components and connectors.
 - Dress the PCB that is, cut out the tails and close PCB surface.
- (8x ½ =4 marks)

(b)



(8 marks)

30.20 DRAWING AND DESIGN (449)

30.20.1 Drawing and Design Paper 1 (449/1)

1. (a) **Grid paper** : used in the initial setting of a drawing by tracing. It saves time.
Tracing paper: used for copying or developing existing drawings. It saves time. (2 × 1 = 2 marks)
- (b) **Engineer**
- Designs structures and components.

- Makes engineering and management decisions.

Technician

- Implements management and engineering decisions.
- Draughts and details drawings.

(2 × 1 = 2 marks)

2. (a)

- Identification of needs.
- Definition of problem.
- Search for possible solutions.
- Analysis.
- Decisions and specifications.

(Any 3 × ½ = 1 ½ marks)

(b)

- North point orientation.
- Stop valve.
- Cartridge fuse.
- Power point.

(Any 4 × ½ = 2 marks)

3.

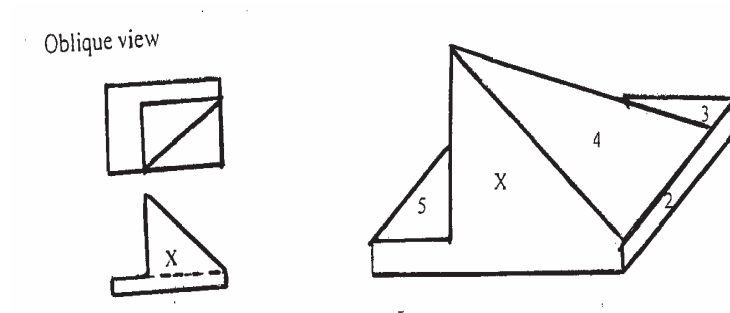
(a) **Soft soldering:** process of joining thin metal using filler material (solder) that melts at a lower temperature than the parent metal.

(b) **Brazing:** joining base metals together using a filler rod which has a lower melting point than the metals. The filler rod is made to flow into the joint to provide a strong bond.

(c) **Welding:** joining by melting base metals and allowing them to fuse together.

(3 × 1 = 3 marks)

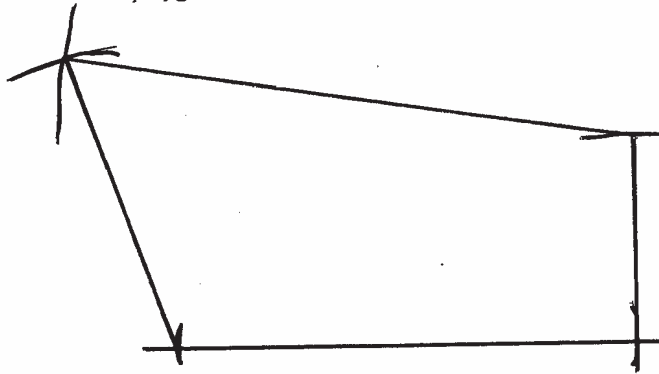
4.



(4 marks)

5.

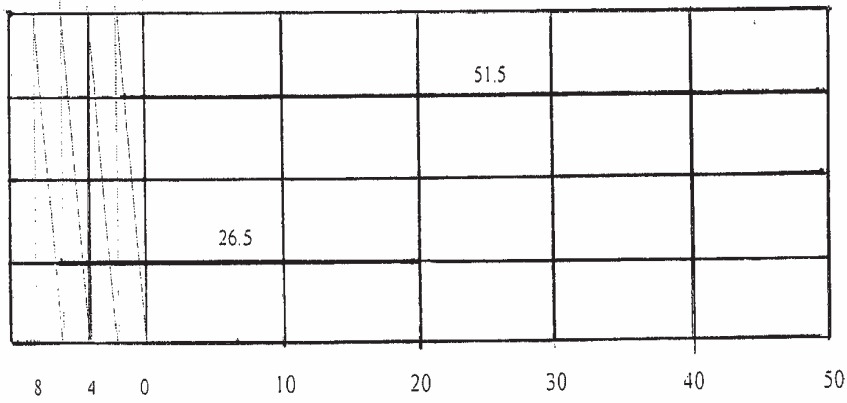
Four sided polygon



6.

(3 marks)

10 6 2 Diagonal enlargement scale

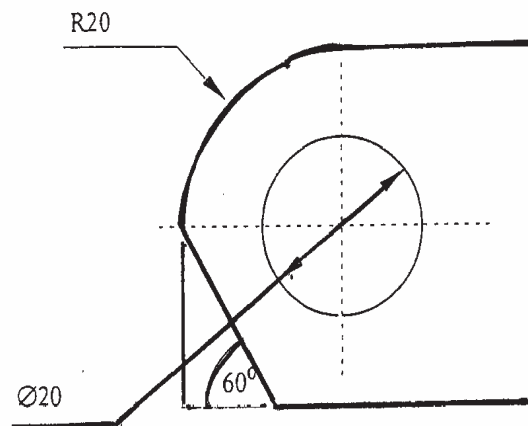


7.

(4 marks)

(a)

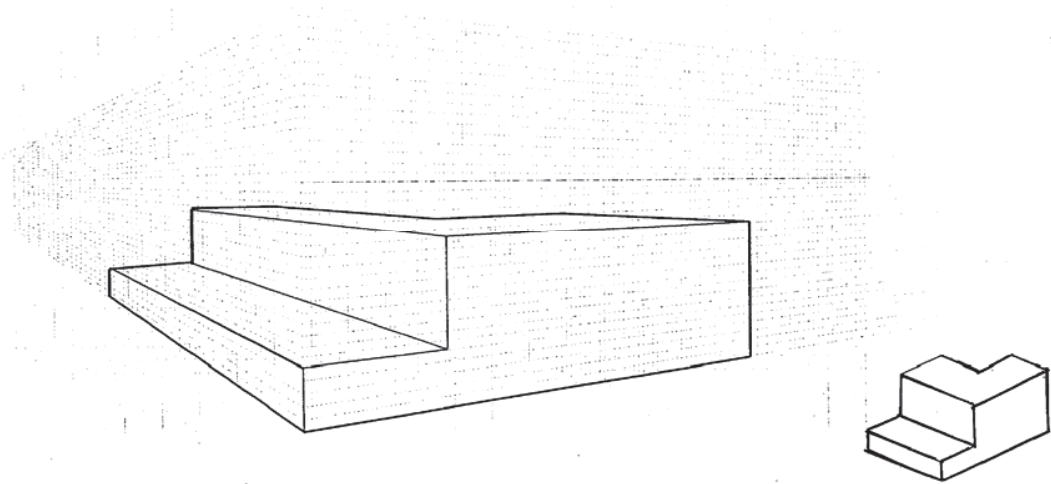
Dimensioning a template



(3 marks)

(b)

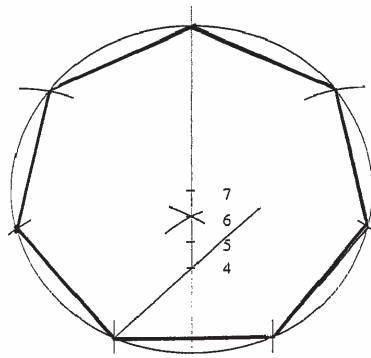
Two point perspective.



(3 marks)

8.

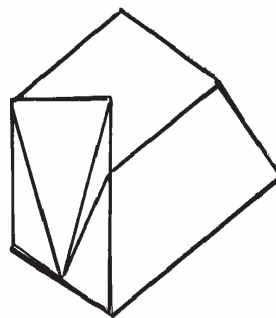
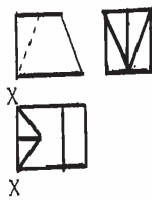
Regular heptagon of side length 25mm



(4 marks)

9.

Isometric view of a block with X as lowest

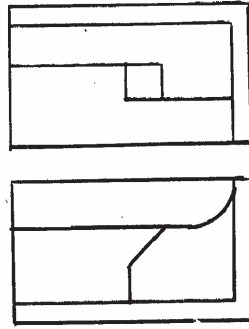
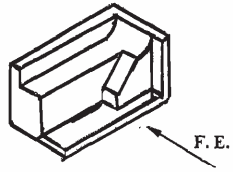


marks)

(3 1/2

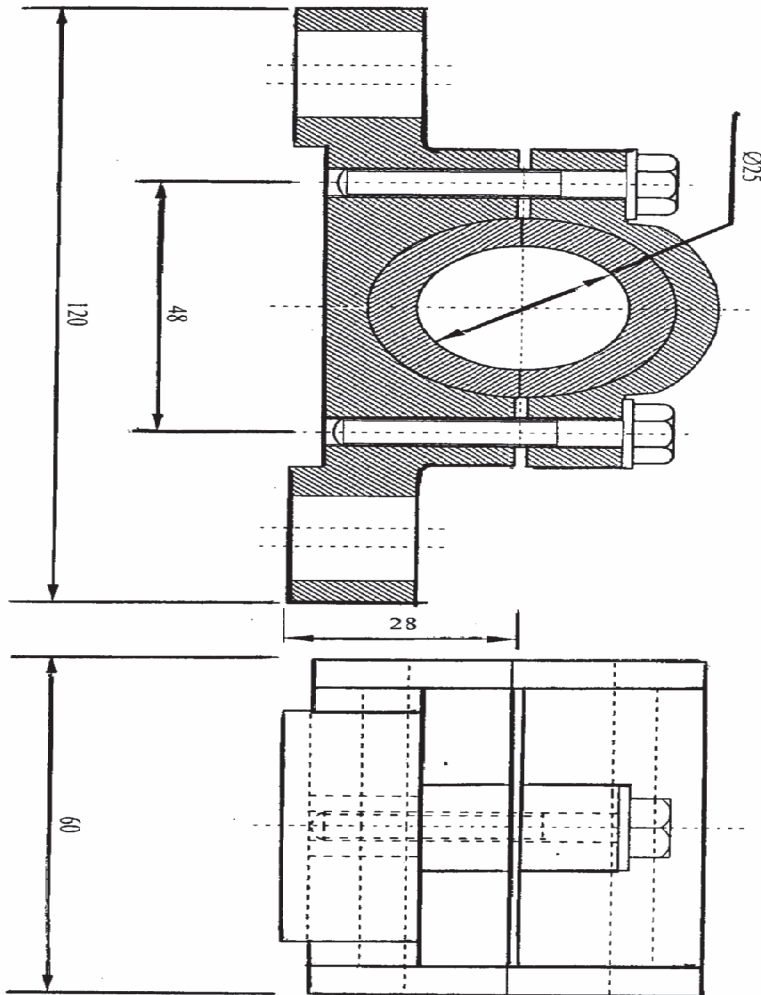
10.

Front elevation and plan in third angle projection.



(5 marks)

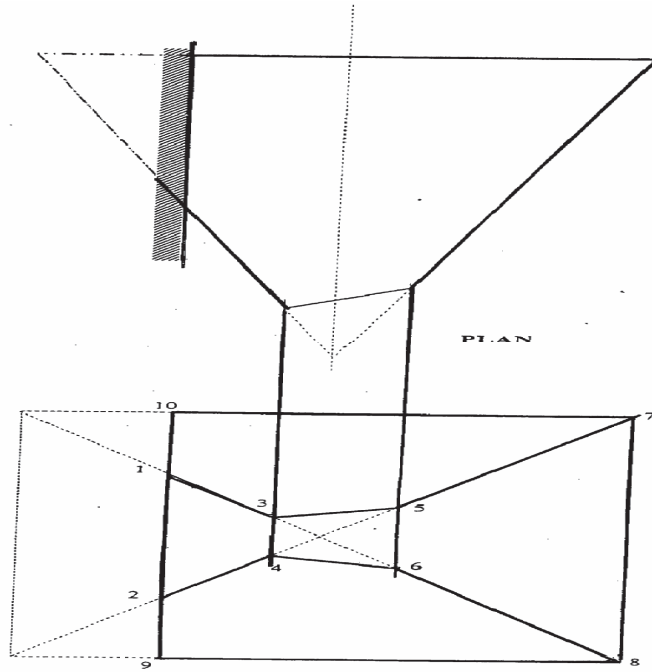
11.



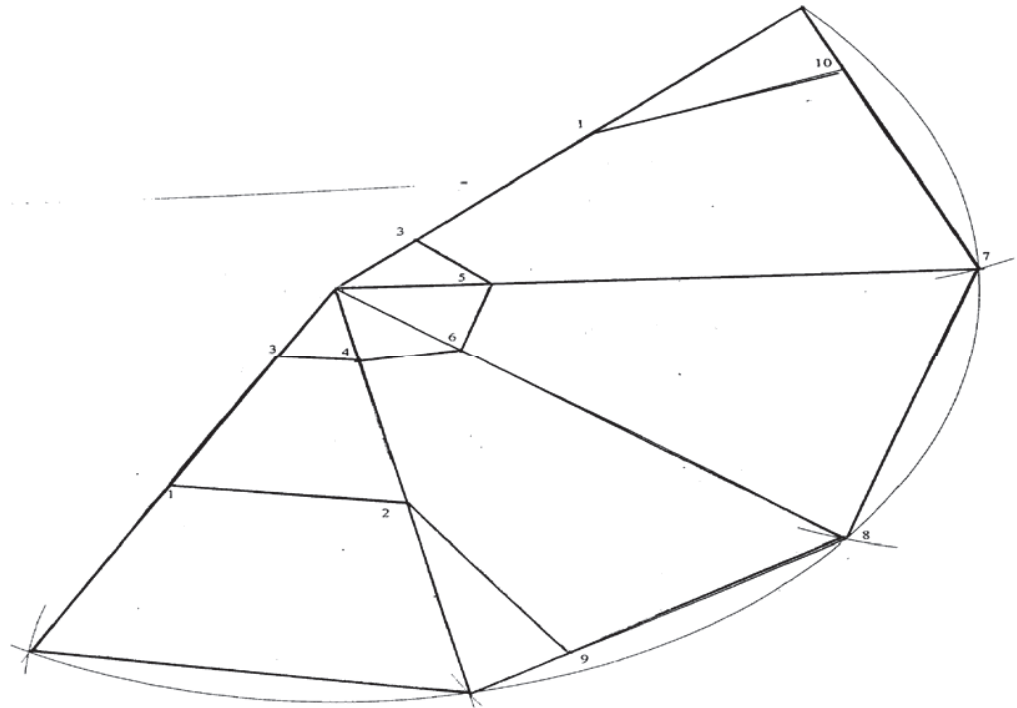
(30 marks)

12.

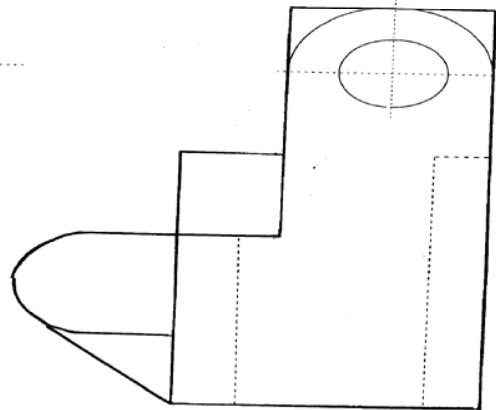
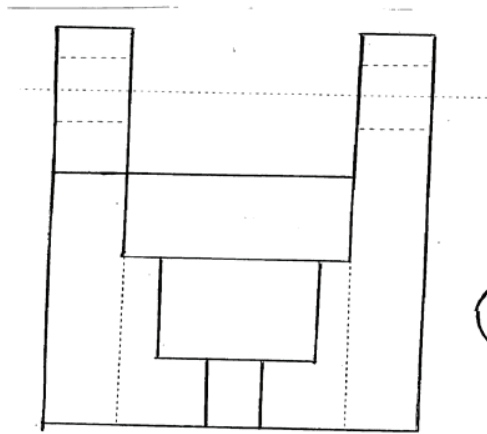
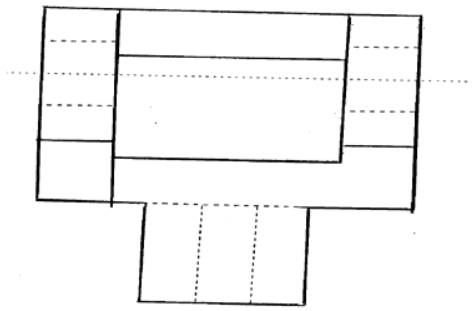
(a)



(b)



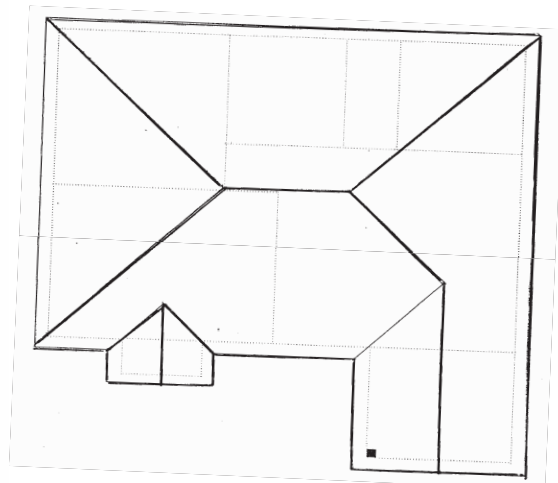
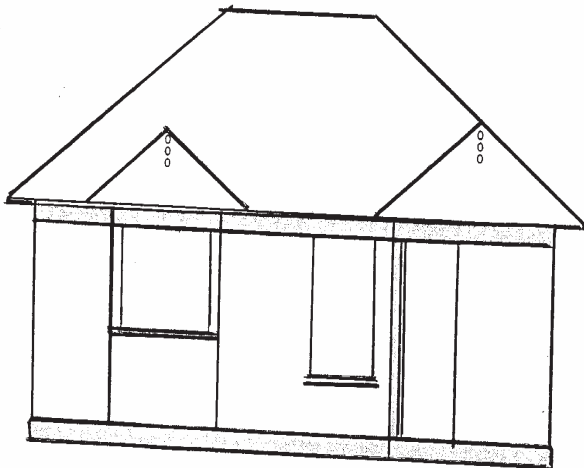
(15 marks)



(15 marks)

14.
(a)

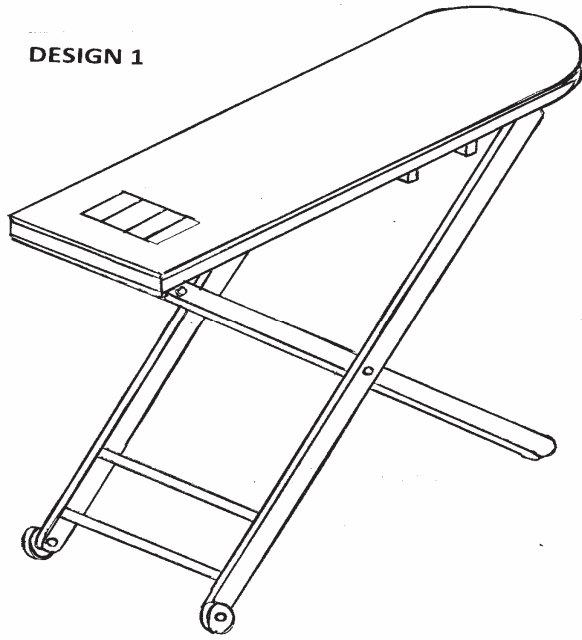
(b)



(15 marks)

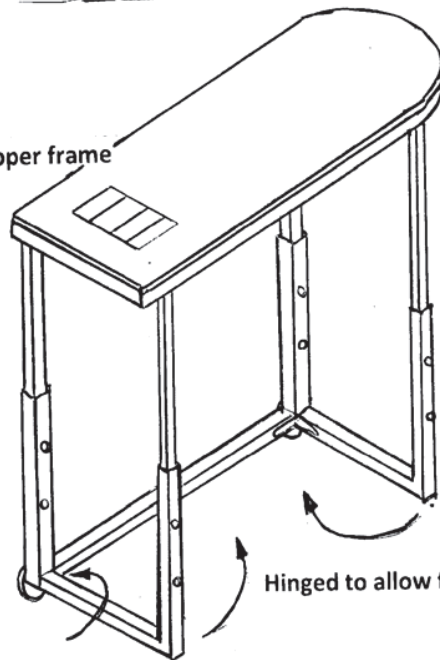
1.

DESIGN 1



DESIGN 2

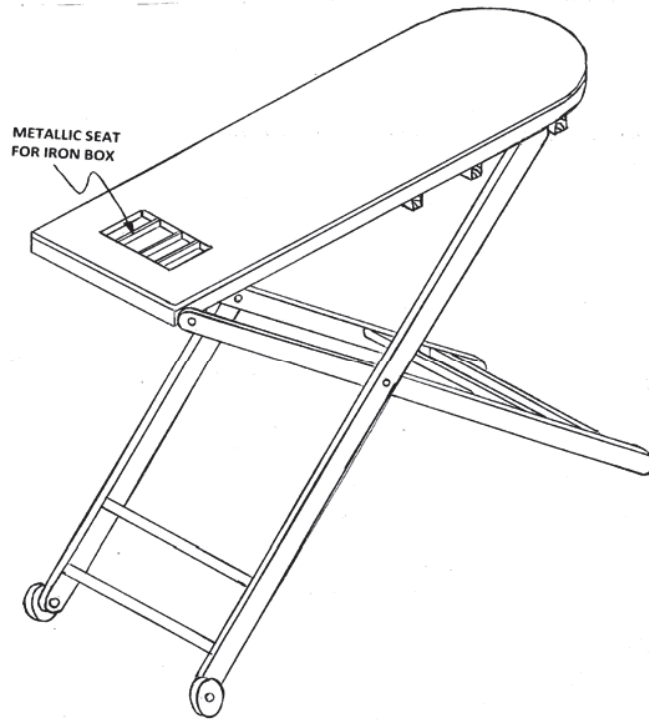
Top hinged on upper frame



Hinged to allow for folding

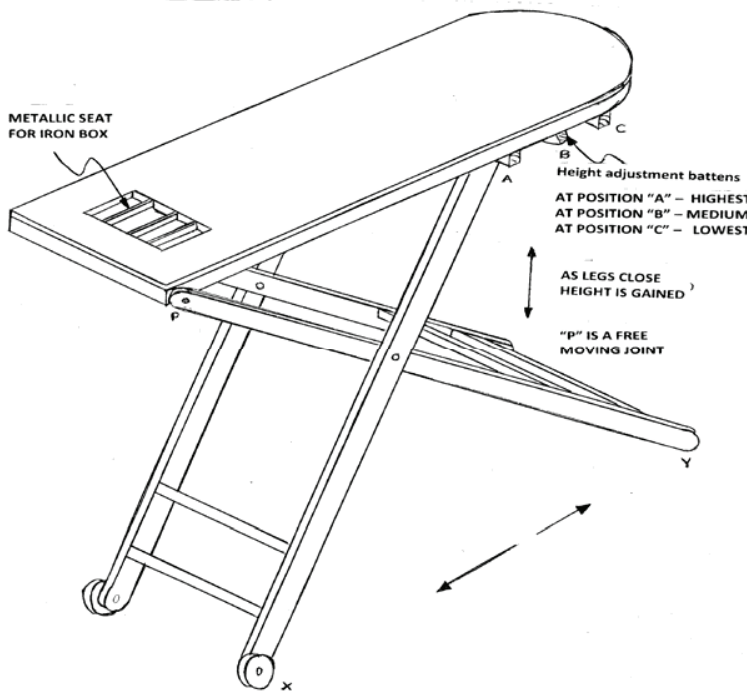
(6 marks)

2.



(13 marks)

3.



(14 marks)

4.

(i) Soft Pad / Cloth: used on top of the board.
Blockboard: used to support the soft pad.

(ii) Soft Pad / Cloth: to apply some cushion for quality ironing.
Blockboard: to provide a flat base when ironing. It is also easy to use tack nails to join the pad to the board. **(4 marks)**

5.

- Tack nails.
- Bolt: to join the two frames in order to allow for some oscillating movement.
- Contact glue: to join the pad to the board so as to remain flat through out.

(3 marks)