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 MATHEMATICS (Alt. A)
 Paper 2
 Oct/Nov 2011
 2½ hours

Candidate's Signature

Date.....

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL
 Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education
 MATHEMATICS (Alt. A)
 Paper 2
 2½ hours

Instructions to candidates

1. Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
2. Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
3. This paper consist of **TWO** sections: **Section I** and **Section II**.
4. Answer **ALL** the questions in **Section I** and only **five** questions from **Section II**.
5. All answers and working must be written on the question paper in the spaces provided below each question.
6. **Show all the steps in your calculations, giving your answers at each stage in the spaces below each question.**
7. Marks may be given for correct working even if the answer is wrong.
8. **Non-programmable** silent electronic calculators **and** KNEC Mathematical tables may be used except where stated otherwise.
9. **This paper consists of 21 printed pages.**
10. **Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

For Examiner's use only**Section I**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total

Section II

17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Total

**Grand
 Total**

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SECTION I (50 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

- 1 Use logarithms, correct to 4 decimal places, to evaluate

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{83.46 \times 0.0054}{1.56^2}}$$

(4 marks)

- 2 Three grades A, B, and C of rice were mixed in the ratio 3:4:5. The cost per kg of each of the grades A, B and C were Ksh 120, Ksh 90 and Ksh 60 respectively.

Calculate:

- (a) the cost of one kg of the mixture; (2 marks)

- (b) the selling price of 5 kg of the mixture given that the mixture was sold at 8% profit. (2 marks)

- 3 Make s the subject of the formula.

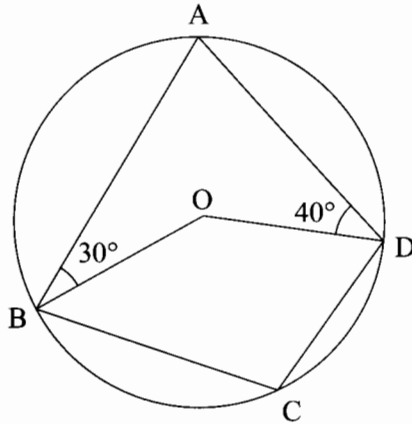
$$w = \sqrt[3]{\frac{s+t}{s}}$$

(3 marks)

- 4 (a) Solve the inequalities $2x - 5 > -11$ and $3 + 2x \leq 13$, giving the answer as a combined inequality. (3 marks)

- (b) List the integral values of x that satisfy the combined inequality in (a) above. (1 mark)

- 5 In the figure below, ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral. Point O is the centre of the circle. Angle ABO = 30° and angle ADO = 40° .



Calculate the size of angle BCD.

(2 marks)

- 6 The ages in years of five boys are 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 while those of five girls are 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. A boy and a girl are picked at random and the sum of their ages is recorded.

(a) Draw a probability space to show all the possible outcomes.

(1 mark)

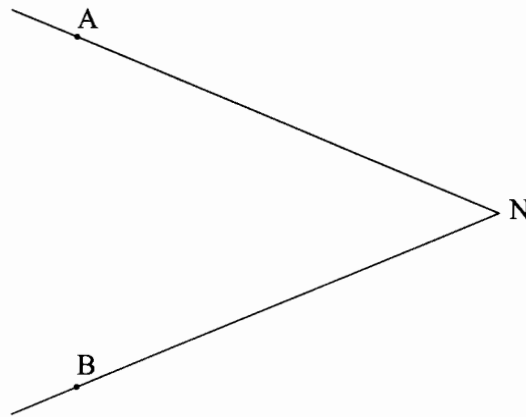
(b) Find the probability that the sum of their ages is at least 17 years.

(1 mark)

- 7 The vertices of a triangle are A(1,2), B(3,5) and C(4,1). The coordinates of C' the image of C under a translation vector T, are (6,-2).
- (a) Determine the translation vector T. (1 mark)
- (b) Find the coordinates of A' and B' under translation vector T. (2 marks)
- 8 Write $\sin 45^\circ$ in the form $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$ where a is a positive integer. Hence simplify $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{1 + \sin 45^\circ}$, leaving the answer in surd form. (3 marks)

- 9 The radius of a spherical ball is measured as 7 cm, correct to the nearest centimetre. Determine, to 2 decimal places, the percentage error in calculating the surface area of the ball. (4 marks)

- 10 (a) In the figure below, lines NA and NB represent tangents to a circle at points A and B. Use a pair of compasses and ruler only to construct the circle. (2 marks)

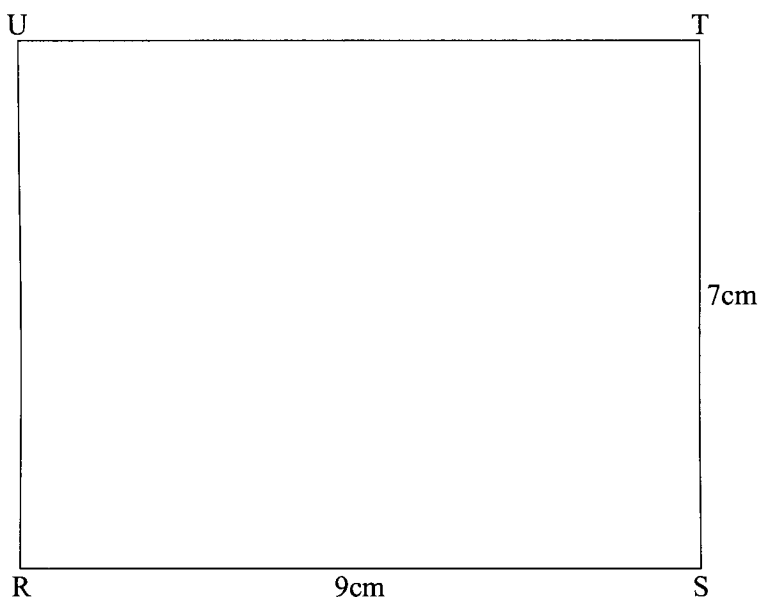


- (b) Measure the radius of the circle. (1 mark)

- 11 Expand and simplify the expression.

$$\left(a + \frac{1}{2}\right)^4 + \left(a - \frac{1}{2}\right)^4 \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- 12 The figure below represents a scale drawing of a rectangular piece of land, RSTU. RS = 9 cm and ST = 7 cm.



An electric post P, is to be erected inside the piece of land. On the scale drawing, shade the possible region in which P would lie such that $PU > PT$ and $PS \leq 7$ cm. (3 marks)

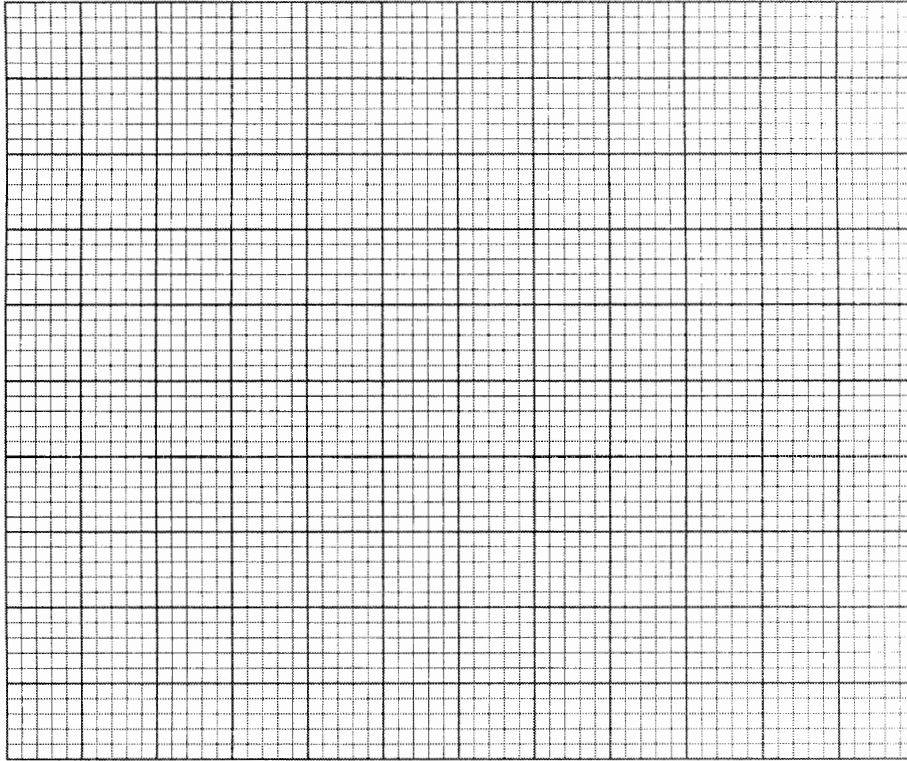
- 13 Vector $\mathbf{OP} = 6\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$ and $\mathbf{OQ} = -2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$. A point N divides \mathbf{PQ} internally in the ratio 3:1. Find \mathbf{PN} in terms of \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} . (3 marks)

- 14 A point M (60°N , 18°E) is on the surface of the earth. Another point N is situated at a distance of 630 nautical miles east of M.
Find:
- (a) the longitude difference between M and N; (2 marks)
- (b) the position of N. (1 mark)
- 15 The equation of a circle centre (a,b) is $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 10y + 30 = 0$.
Find the values of a and b. (3 marks)

- 16 The table below shows values of x and y for the function $y = 2 \sin 3x^\circ$ in the range $0^\circ \leq x \leq 150^\circ$.

x°	0	15	30	45	60	75	90	105	120	135	150
y	0	1.4	2	1.4	0	-1.4	-2	-1.4	0	1.4	2

- (a) On the grid provided, draw the graph of $y = 2 \sin 3x$. (2 marks)



- (b) From the graph determine the period. (1 mark)

SECTION II (50 marks)

Answer only five questions in this section in the spaces provided.

- 17 The cash price of a laptop was Ksh 60 000. On hire purchase terms, a deposit of Ksh 7 500 was paid followed by 11 monthly installments of Ksh 6 000 each.
- (a) Calculate:
- (i) the cost of a laptop on hire purchase terms; (2 marks)
- (ii) the percentage increase of hire purchase price compared to the cash price. (2 marks)
- (b) An institution was offered a 5% discount when purchasing 25 such laptops on cash terms. Calculate the amount of money paid by the institution. (2 marks)
- (c) Two other institutions, X and Y, bought 25 such laptops each. Institution X bought the laptops on hire purchase terms. Institution Y bought the laptops on cash terms with no discount by securing a loan from a bank. The bank charged 12% p.a. compound interest for two years. Calculate how much more money institution Y paid than institution X. (4 marks)

18 The first, fifth and seventh terms of an Arithmetic Progression (AP) correspond to the first three consecutive terms of a decreasing Geometric Progression (G.P). The first term of each progression is 64, the common difference of the AP is d and the common ratio of the G.P is r .

(a) (i) Write two equations involving d and r . (2 marks)

(ii) Find the values of d and r . (4 marks)

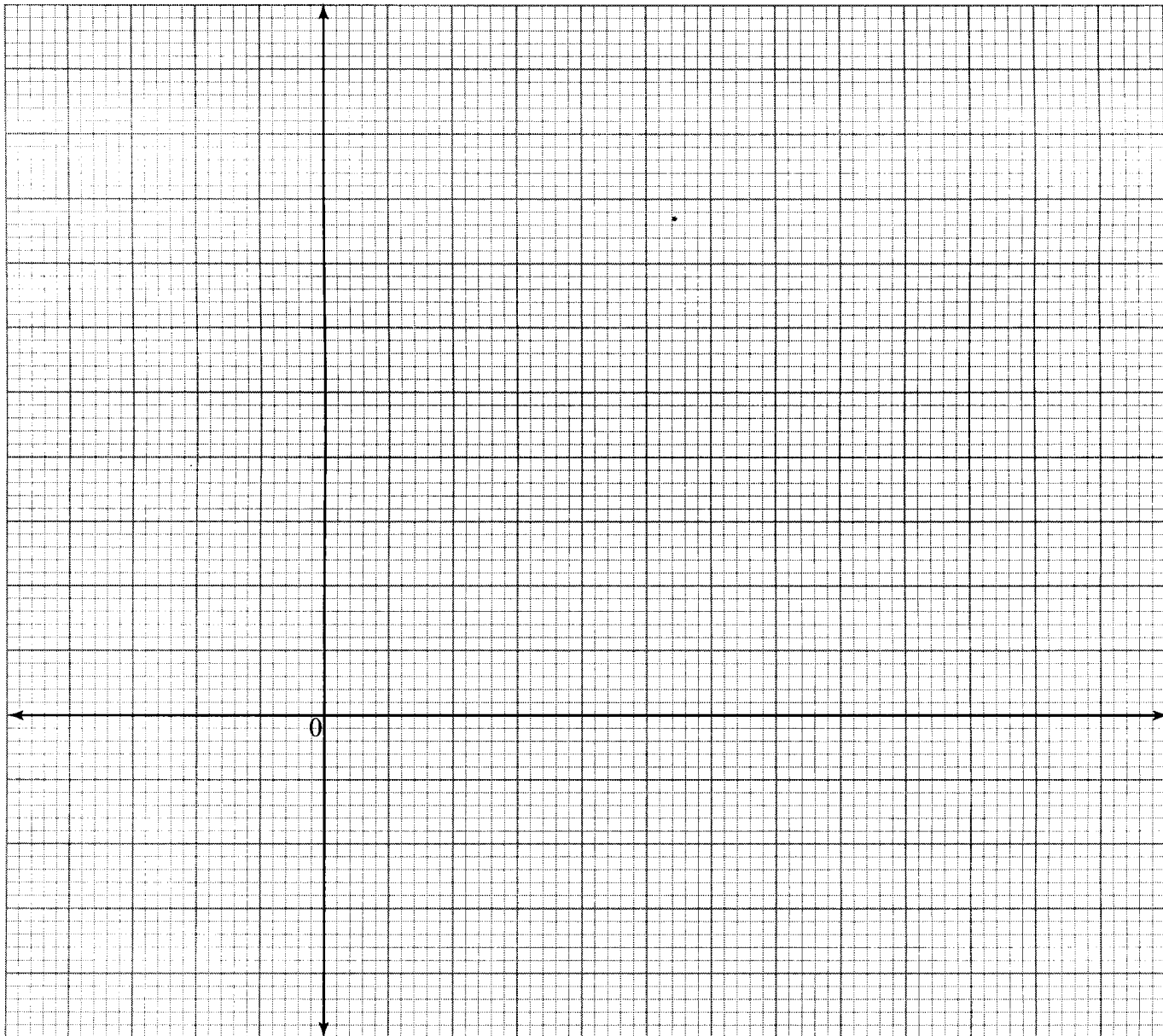
(b) Find the sum of the first 10 terms of:

(i) the Arithmetic Progression (A.P); (2 marks)

(ii) the Geometric Progression (G.P). (2 marks)

19 The vertices of a rectangle are $A(-1,-1)$, $B(-4,-1)$, $C(-4,-3)$ and $D(-1,-3)$.

- (a) On the grid provided, draw the rectangle and its image $A' B' C' D'$ under a transformation whose matrix is $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$. (4 marks)



- (b) $A'' B'' C'' D''$ is the image of $A' B' C' D'$ under a transformation matrix,

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Determine the coordinates of A'' , B'' , C'' and D'' . (2 marks)
- (ii) On the same grid draw the quadrilateral $A'' B'' C'' D''$. (1 mark)
- (c) Find the area of $A'' B'' C'' D''$. (3 marks)

20 A parent has two children whose age difference is 5 years. Twice the sum of the ages of the two children is equal to the age of the parent.

(a) Taking x to be the age of the elder child, write an expression for:

(i) the age of the younger child; (1 mark)

(ii) the age of the parent. (1 mark)

(b) In twenty years time, the product of the children's ages will be 15 times the age of their parent.

(i) Form an equation in x and hence determine the present possible ages of the elder child. (4 marks)

(ii) Find the present possible ages of the parent. (2 marks)

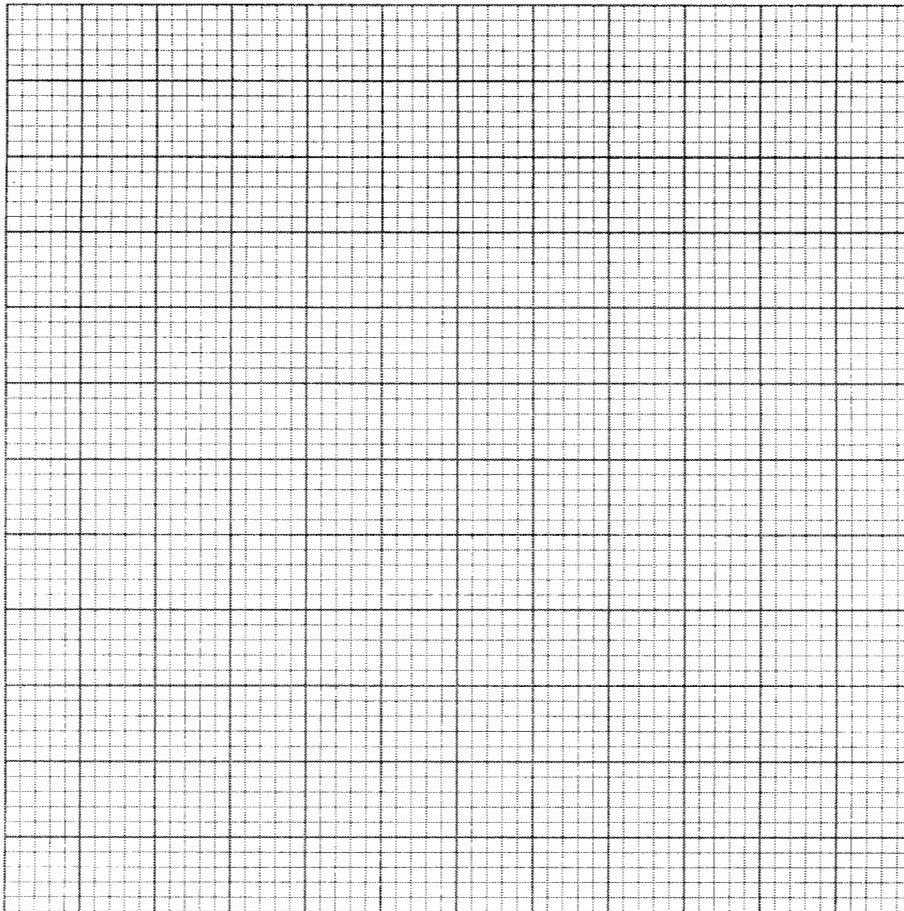
- (iii) Determine the possible ages of the younger child in 20 years time.

(2 marks)

- 21 The table below shows values of x and some values of y for the curve $y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 4$ for $-3 \leq x \leq 2$.

x	-3	-2.5	-2	-1.5	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
y	-4.0	-0.4		1.6	0		-4.0	-4.9			6

- (a) Complete the table by filling in the missing values of y , correct to 1 decimal place. (2 marks)
- (b) On the grid provided, draw the graph of $y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 4$.
Use the scale: 1 cm represents 0.5 units on x -axis.
1 cm represents 1 unit on y -axis. (3 marks)

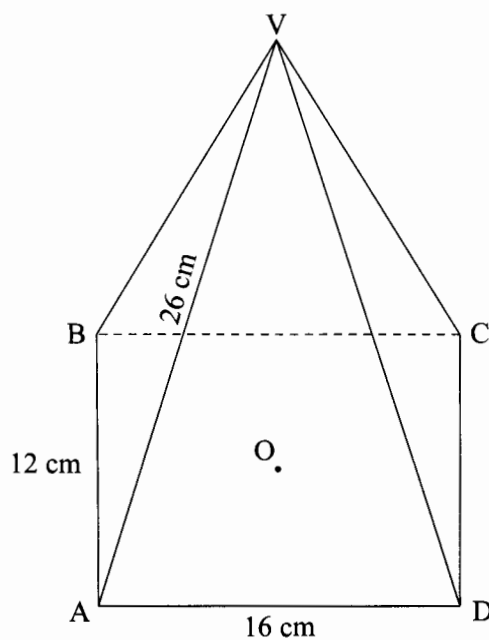


(c) Use the graph to:

(i) solve the equation $x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$; (3 marks)

(ii) estimate the coordinates of the turning points of the curve. (2 marks)

- 22 The figure below represents a rectangular based pyramid $VABCD$. $AB = 12$ cm and $AD = 16$ cm. Point O is vertically below V and $VA = 26$ cm.



Calculate:

- (a) the height, VO , of the pyramid; (4 marks)

- (b) the angle between the edge VA and the plane $ABCD$; (3 marks)

- (c) the angle between the planes VAB and $ABCD$. (3 marks)

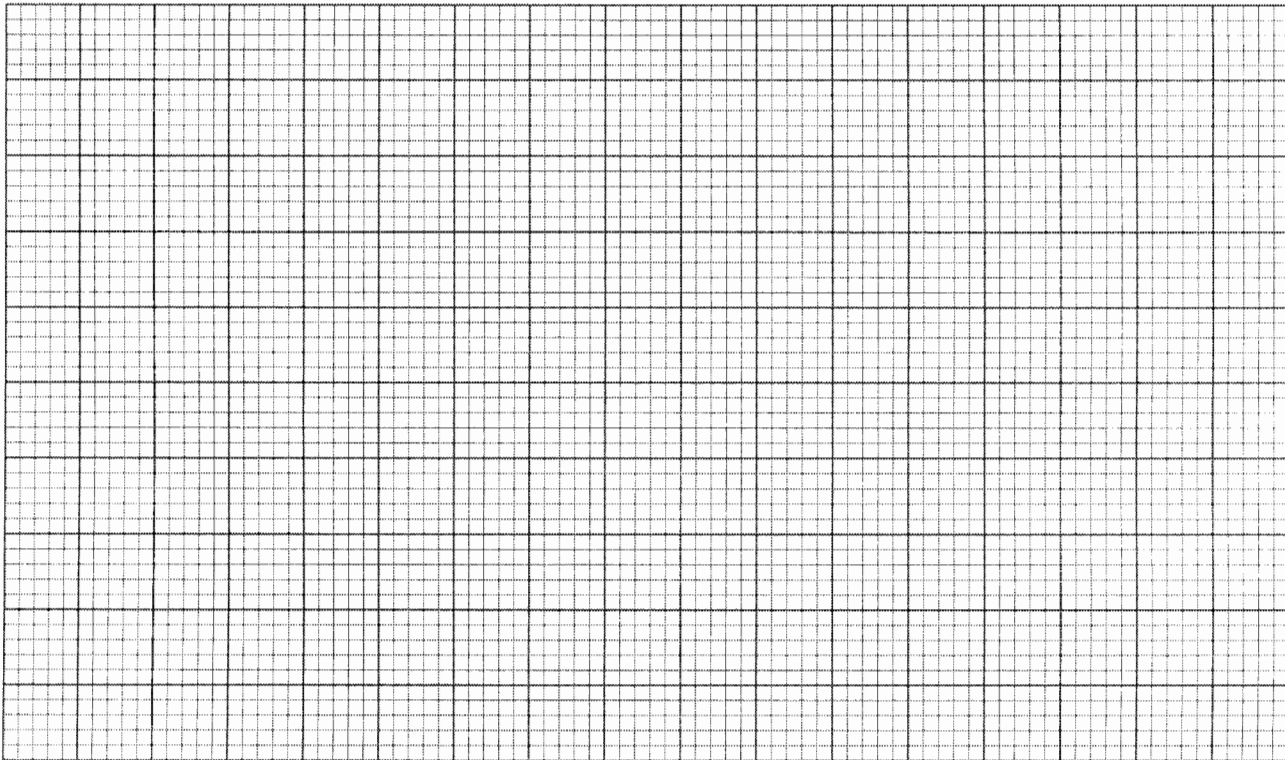
- 23 The cost C , of producing n items varies partly as n and partly as the inverse of n . To produce two items it costs Ksh 135 and to produce three items it costs Ksh 140.
Find:

(a) the constants of proportionality and hence write the equation connecting C and n ; (5 marks)

(b) the cost of producing 10 items; (2 marks)

(c) the number of items produced at a cost of Ksh 756. (3 marks)

- 24 A building contractor has two lorries, P and Q, used to transport at least 42 tonnes of sand to a building site. Lorry P carries 4 tonnes of sand per trip while lorry Q carries 6 tonnes of sand per trip. Lorry P uses 2 litres of fuel per trip while lorry Q uses 4 litres of fuel per trip. The two lorries are to use less than 32 litres of fuel. The number of trips made by lorry P should be less than 3 times the number of trips made by lorry Q. Lorry P should make more than 4 trips.
- (a) Taking x to represent the number of trips made by lorry P and y to represent the number of trips made by lorry Q, write the inequalities that represent the above information. (4 marks)
- (b) On the grid provided, draw the inequalities and shade the unwanted regions. (4 marks)



- (c) Use the graph drawn in (b) above to determine the number of trips made by lorry P and by lorry Q to deliver the greatest amount of sand. (2 marks)

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