## **4.6 ELECTRICITY (448)**

## **4.6.1** Electricity Paper 1 (448/1)



### **SECTION A** (48 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section.

1	(a) State four categories of institutions that train electrical technicians in Kenya					
	(b)	List four key components of a business plan.	(2 marks) (2 marks)			
2	(a)	(i) lead acid battery;				
		(ii) fluorescent tube.	(1 mark)			
	(b)	State where each of the following type of fire extinguisher is suitably app (i) foam;	lied:			
		(ii) water;				
		(iii) dry powder.	(3 marks)			
3	A one-watt resistor has the colour code; blue, grey and brown. Determine:					
	(a)	the value of the resistor.	,			
	(b)					
		rating.	(5 marks)			
4	(a)	State Lenz's law of electromagnetic induction. (1 n				
	(b)	State two characteristics of magnetic lines of force.	(2 marks)			
5	(a)	Explain the meaning of "sensitivity" as used in meter movement. (1 mark)				
	(b)	With the aid of a circuit diagram, show how the linearity of a meter is determined.				
			(4 marks)			
6	(a)	With the aid of a diagram, describe "armature reaction" in a dc generator.				
	<i>a</i> >		(4 marks)			
	(b)	Outline <b>two</b> methods of reducing armature reaction.	(2 marks)			
7	(a)	Distinguish between intrinsic and extrinsic semi-conductors and give <b>one</b> example of each. (3 marks				
	(b)	List <b>four</b> uses of an ohmmeter in trouble shooting electric circuits.	(2 marks)			
8	(a)	Name four conductor materials used in electric circuits.	(2 marks)			
	(b)	State <b>two</b> advantages of MIMS over PVC cables.	(2 marks)			

Figure 1 shows a series-parallel circuit connected across a 240V supply.

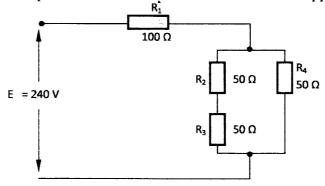


Figure 1

Calculate the:

- (a) total circuit current. (2 marks)
- (b) voltage drop across;
  - (i)  $R_3$ ,
  - (ii)  $R_4$ .

(4 marks)

- 10 (a) Name four marking out tools used in metal fabrication. (2 marks)
  - (b) Figure 2 shows the orthographic views of a bracket drawn in first angle projection.

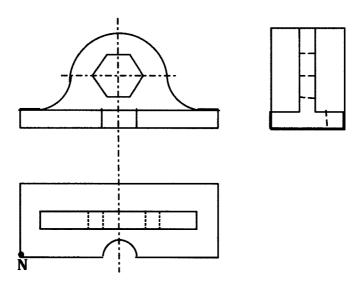


Figure 2

Taking N as the lowest point, make a free hand isometric sketch of the bracket.

(4 marks)

## **SECTION B** (52 marks)

# Answer any **four** questions from this section, in the spaces provided after question **15**.

11	(a)	Convert:			
		(i)	41 <sub>10</sub> to binary;	ar.	
		(ii)	1101101 <sub>2</sub> to decimal.	(4 marks)	
	(b)	Sketch the symbol for each of the following logic gates:			
		(i) (ii) (iii)	AND; OR; NAND.	(3 marks)	
	(c)				
		(i) (ii)	NAND; NOR.		
				(6 marks)	
12	(a)	State	three advantages of torroidal type transformer over shell type trans	sformer. (3 marks)	
	(b)	(i)	Outline <b>three</b> assumptions made in order to consider a transform machine.	er as an ideal (3 marks)	
		s on the			
			I primary turns; II primary full load current;		
			III secondary full load current.	(7 marks)	
13	(a)	State the phase relationship between current and voltage in circuits that are purely:			
		(i) (ii)	resistive; inductive.	(2 marks)	

### (b) Figure 3 shows an RLC circuit.

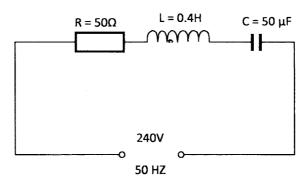


Figure 3

#### Calculate the:

- (i) inductive reactance;
- (ii) capacitive reactance;
- (iii) circuit impedance;
- (iv) circuit current;
- (v) power dissipated in the circuit.

(11 marks)

### **14** (a) State:

- (i) **two** IEE requirements regarding bell transformers;
- (ii) **two** advantages of MCB over cartridge fuses.

(4 marks)

(b) Outline the procedure of carrying out an insulation resistance test on a new domestic insulation.

(9 marks)

15 (a) With the aid of a diagram, explain how the right hand grip rule is used to determine the direction of the magnetic field around a current carrying conductor.

(3 marks)

(b) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the principle of operation of a trembler bell. (10 marks)