



311/2 -

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

- Paper 2

Nov. 2017 - 2½ hours

Name Index Number

Candidate's Signature Date

Instructions to candidates

- Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- This paper consists of **three** sections; **A**, **B** and **C**.
- Answer **all** the questions in section **A**, **three** questions from section **B** and **two** questions from section **C**.
- Answers to **all** the questions **must** be written in the space provided at the end of question 24.
- This paper consists of 20 printed pages.**
- Do not remove any pages from this booklet.
- Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**
- Candidates should answer the questions in English.**

For Examiner's Use Only

Section A																		
Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Total Score
Marks																		

Section B					
Question	18	19	20	21	Total Score

Section C				
22	23	24	Total Score	Grand Total



SECTION A (25 marks)

*Answer **all** the questions in this section in the space provided at the end of question 24.*

1. Identify **two** types of oral traditions used to obtain information on History and Government. (2 marks)
2. Who discovered the Evolution Theory on the origin of man? (1 mark)
3. Name **two** early crops which were domesticated by man. (2 marks)
4. Give **one** type of trade. (1 mark)
5. State **two** disadvantages of using elephants as a means of transport. (2 marks)
6. Highlight **two** advantages of wind energy. (2 marks)
7. State **two** factors which led to the growth of Meroe as an urban centre. (2 marks)
8. Give the **main** reason why the golden stool was important in the Asante Empire. (1 mark)
9. Give **one** characteristic of human rights. (1 mark)
10. State how humanitarian factors influenced the scramble for Africa. (1 mark)
11. Outline **two** roles of the Emirs in Northern Nigeria during the colonial period. (2 marks)
12. Name **two** African leaders who attended the 5th Pan-African Congress in 1945. (2 marks)
13. Give **two** nations which belonged to the Triple Entente during the First World War. (2 marks)
14. Identify the organ of the Commonwealth which is responsible for policy making. (1 mark)
15. Name the European power that colonised the Democratic Republic of Congo. (1 mark)

16. Identify **one** major political party in Britain. (1 mark)
17. Give the first Black President of the United States of America. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 marks)

*Answer any **three** questions from this section in the space provided at the end of question 24.*

18. (a) Give **five** uses of stone tools by the early man. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** reasons why Africa is regarded as the original homeland of mankind. (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **five** traditional forms of communication. (5 marks)
- (b) Discuss **five** advantages of using the internet as a source of information on History and Government. (10 marks)
20. (a) Outline **five** methods which were used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** reasons why the Africans were defeated during the Maji Maji rebellion. (10 marks)
21. (a) State **five** roles which were played by Kwame Nkrumah during the struggle for independence in Ghana. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** factors which were responsible for the growth of African nationalism in South Africa. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section in the space provided at the end of question 24.

- 22. (a) Identify **three** political causes of the First World War. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** effects of the Second World War. (12 marks)

- 23. (a) State **three** ways in which the Government of Tanzania nationalised resources following the Arusha Declaration. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **six** political challenges which were experienced in the Democratic Republic of Congo at independence. (12 marks)

- 24. (a) State **three** ways in which the Monarch is important in Britain. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** responsibilities of the State governments in the United States of America. (12 marks)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....