#### SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, STATISTICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE SCHOOL BASED

UNIT CODE: BMA 1208

UNIT TITLE: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY 1

TAKE AWAY ASSIGNMENT

17TH DEC 2015

# ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1. A circle which passes through the origin cuts off intercepts of lengths 4 and 6 on the positive x and y axes. Find the equation to the circle and the equation of the tangents of the circle at the points (other than the origin) where it cuts the axes. (10mks)
- 2. Two parallel lines AP, BQ passes through the points A(5,0) and B(-5,0) respectively. Find the slopes of these lines if they meet the line 4x+3y=25. In the points P and Q such that the distance PQ is 5 units. (10 mks)
- 3. Find the equations of the tangents at the end points of the latus rectum of the parabola  $y^2 + 6y 20x + 49 = 0$  (6 Marks)
- 4. One focus of a hyperbola is at (1, -3) and the corresponding directrix is the line y=2. Find the equation of the hyperbola if the eccentricity is  $\frac{3}{2}$  (4 mks)
- 5. Find the parametric equation of the parabola  $y^2 + 20y + 4x 60 = 0$  (4 Marks) Determine the equation of the ellipse with centre (1, 4), vertex at (1, 7) and eccentricity  $e = \frac{2}{3}$ . Sketch the graph. (6mks)

# SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, STATISTICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

#### SCHOOL BASED

UNIT CODE: BMA 1208

UNIT TITLE: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY I

CAT 1

17<sup>TH</sup> DEC 2015

### ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1. A hyperbola has equation  $4y^2 9x^2 18x 8y 41 = 0$ . Find
  - i. The coordinates of the centre, foci and vertices
  - ii. Find the equation of the asymptotes
  - iii. Sketch the curve

(10mks)

- 2. The points A and B have coordinates (-2,6) and (4,-1) respectively. Given that AB is the diameter of circle C,
  - i. Find the coordinates of the centre of C.
  - ii. Show that C has the equation  $x^2 + y^2 2x 5y 14 = 0$
- 3. A parabola has equation;

17

 $4y^2 - 8x - 12y + 1 = 0$  find its vertex and directrix and axis of symmetry.

(5 Marks)

4. Find the equation of the ellipse that has its vertices at (-3, 0) and (7, 0) foca at (0, 0) and (4, 0). (5 Marks)