

NAME: Teacher's Copy

ADM. NO:



CANDIDATE'S SIGNATURE:

DATE:

121 - ALT A
MATHEMATICS
FORM 3 END OF TERM EXAMINATIONS
MARCH-2018 TERM 1
TIME: 60 MIN

CANDIDATE'S SCORE

FOCUS A365

Another Manyamfranchise.Com Evaluation Test

ST. CLARE GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL - GATUNDU

P.O BOX 327 - 01030 GATUNDU

0735 447279 gatitusecondary@gmail.com

Kenya certificate of secondary education (K.C.S.E) Assessment Test

Answer All Question Provided In This Question Paper (30 MARKS)

- 1 Omondi has 6 cans of regular soda and 15 cans of diet soda. He wants to create some identical refreshment tables that will operate during the Gor Mahia football game. He also doesn't want to have any sodas left over. What is the greatest number of refreshment tables that Omondi can stock? 2 mks

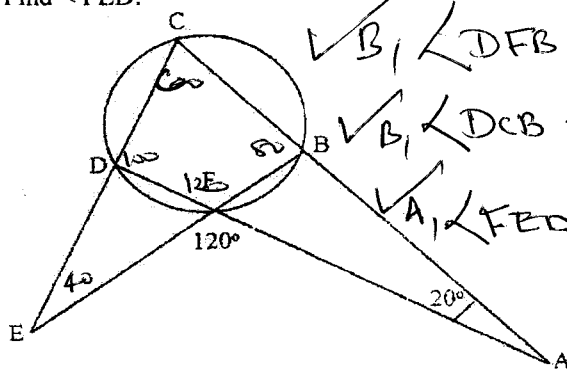
6, 15

$\therefore \text{GCD or H.C.F} = 3 \text{ A}_1$

3	6	15
	2	5

✓ M₁

2 In the diagram below $\angle CAD = 200$, $\angle AFE = 1200$ and BCDF is a cyclic quadrilateral.
Find $\angle FED$. 3 mks



$\angle DFB = 120$ (Vertically opposite angles)
 $\angle DCB = 60$ (Opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral add up to 180°)
 $\angle FED = 40^\circ$ (Angles of a triangle add up to 180°)

3 By correcting each number to one significant figure, approximate the value of 788×0.006 . Hence calculate the percentage error arising from this approximation. 3 mks

To 1s.f

$$800 \times 0.06 = 4.8$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Real Value} &= 788 \times 0.006 \\ &= 4.728 \quad \checkmark B_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absolute error} &= 4.8 - 4.728 \\ &= 0.072 \quad \checkmark B_1 \end{aligned}$$

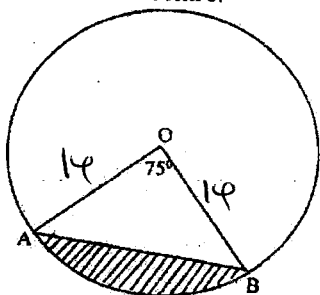
$$\% \text{ error} = \frac{\text{absolute error}}{\text{Real value}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{0.072}{4.728} \times 100$$

$$= 1.52 \% \quad \checkmark A_1$$

4

The figure below represents a circle a diameter 28 cm with a sector subtending an angle of 75° at the centre. 4 mks



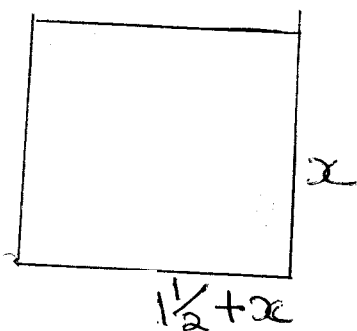
Find the area of the shaded segment to 4 significant figures (take $\pi=3.142$)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= \text{Area of Sector OAB} - \text{Area of } \triangle OAB \\
 &= \frac{75}{360} \times 3.142 \times 14 \times 14 - \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times 14 \times \sin 75 \\
 &= 128.2983 - 94.661 \\
 &= 33.6373 \checkmark_{B_1} \\
 &= 33.64 \text{ (to 4.s.f.)} \checkmark_{A_1}
 \end{aligned}$$

5

The length of a rectangular mat is $1\frac{1}{2}\text{m}$ longer than its width. Find the length of the mat if its area is $4\frac{1}{2}\text{m}^2$ 2 mks

Let the width be $x\text{m}$



$$\text{Area} = L \times W$$

$$x \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + x\right) = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}x + x^2 = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$3x + 2x^2 = 9$$

$$2x^2 + 3x - 9 = 0$$

$$2x^2 + 6x - 3x - 9 = 0 \checkmark_{M_1}$$

$$2x(x+3) - 3(x+3) = 0$$

$$(2x-3)(x+3) = 0$$

$$2x-3 = 0$$

$$2x = 3$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

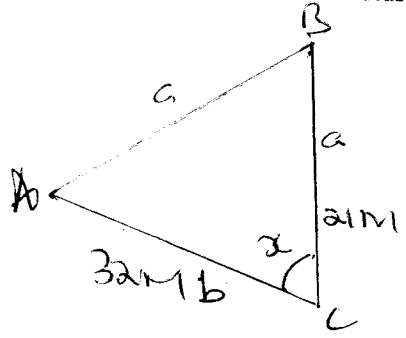
$$x+3 = 0$$

$$x = -3 \text{ (discarded because no measure is -ve)}$$

$$\text{Length} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3+3}{2}$$

$$= \frac{6}{2} = 3 \checkmark_{A_1}$$

6 Two sides of a triangular field are 21 m and 32 m long. Its area is 240m². The angle between two sides is obtuse. Determine this angle.



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin c$$

$$240 = \frac{1}{2} \times 32 \times 21 \times \sin x$$

$$480 = 672 \sin x$$

$$\sin x = \frac{480}{672} = 0.7143$$

$$x = \sin^{-1} 0.7143$$

$$= 45.58^\circ$$

Obtuse angle (2nd quadrant)

$$x = 180 - 45.58$$

$$= 134.42^\circ$$

7 Evaluate;
 $\frac{\log 5^5 - \log 5^4}{\log 4^{\frac{1}{5}} - \log 5^{\frac{1}{4}}}$
 Giving the answer to 4 significant figures.

2 mks

$$\frac{\log 5^5 - \log 5^4}{\log 4^{\frac{1}{5}} - \log 5^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{5 \log 5 - 4 \log 5}{\frac{1}{5} \log 4 - \frac{1}{4} \log 5} = \frac{3.4949 - 2.795}{0.1204 - 0.1747}$$

$$= \frac{0.699}{-0.0543} = -12.87$$

8 Solve for x in the equation
 $2 \log_{10} x + \log_{10} 5 = 1 + 2 \log_{10} 4$

4 mks

$$2 \log_{10} x + \log_{10} 5 = \log_{10} 10 + 2 \log_{10} 4$$

$$\log_{10} (x^2 \times 5) = \log_{10} (10 \times 4^2)$$

$$\frac{5x^2}{5} = \frac{160}{5}$$

$$x^2 = 32$$

$$x = \sqrt{32} \text{ or } x = 5.66$$



4 mks

9 Sato withdrew some money from a bank. He spent $\frac{3}{8}$ of the money to pay for Njeri's school fees and $\frac{2}{5}$ to pay for Kigen's fees. If he remained with Ksh 12,330, calculate the amount of money he paid for Kigen's school fees.

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{15+16}{40} = \frac{31}{40}$$

$$\text{Rem} = \frac{40}{40} - \frac{31}{40} = \frac{9}{40} \checkmark B_1$$

$$\therefore \frac{9}{40} = 12330$$

$$\frac{40}{9} = \frac{40}{9} \times \frac{40}{9} \times 12330$$

$$= 54,800 \checkmark B_1$$

but kigen's fees is $\frac{2}{5}$

$$\therefore \frac{2}{5} \times 54800 = 21,920 \checkmark A_1$$

10 A minibus covered a distance of 180km at an average speed of 90km/hr. It travelled at a speed of 80km/hr for $\frac{2}{3}$ of its journey. At what speed did it travel the remaining part of the journey? 3 mks

$$\text{Time for the whole journey} = \frac{180}{90} = 2 \text{ hrs}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \text{ of journey} = \frac{2}{3} \times 180 = 120 \text{ km covered at } 80 \text{ km/h.}$$

$$\text{Time to cover } 80 \text{ km/h} = \frac{120}{80} = 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hrs}$$

$$\text{Remaining distance} = \frac{180-120}{\checkmark B_1} = 60 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Remaining time} = 2 \text{ hrs} - 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hrs} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ hr.}$$

$$\text{Speed} = 60 \div \frac{1}{2} = 60 \times \frac{2}{1} = 120 \text{ km/h.} \checkmark A_1$$

END OF PRINTED PAGES