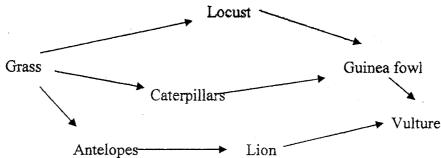
TA'	AIVIE	CLASS	ADMN	0
A	LLIANCE HIGH SCHOOL			
F	ORM THREE END OF TERM 2 2015			
B	IOLOGY 2HOURS			
1. a)	State the functions of the following organelles Lysosomes			(4marks
		1.5		
b)	Golgi apparatus			
c)	Chloroplast			<del>-</del>
uj	Kinosome			# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	An experiment was carried out to investigate the Sucrose Fructose +Glucose For the products; Fructose and Glucose to be form added and the temperature maintained at 37°C.Wh reaction slowed down and eventually stopped.	rate of reaction	d that substance K w	ras to be
	Suggest the identity of the substances K and L K			(2marks)
	L			
<b>b</b> )	Explain how substance L slowed down the reactio			(1mark)
. Iı	n body cells of all organisms chromosomes occur i			-
	characteristic length and shape.  (a) What is the scientific name of such a chromoso	me pair?		(1 mark)

(c) Name the part in human fe	males where meiosis takes place	ce	(1 mark) —
4. The equation below represe $C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$ (a) Name the process.		n plants and animals	(1 mark)
(b) State two requirement	ents necessary for the process (	a) above to process at max	imum rate. (2 marks)
	e process above?		 (1 marks)
What is the role of Cristae in the process above?  (c) In which part of the cell does glycolysis and Krebs cycle occur?			
			(2 marks)
(c) In which part of the cell do	es glycolysis and Krebs cycle of ripe banana and made it into d suspended it in a beaker con	a paste by adding water, p	(2 marks) — laced the shown below
(c) In which part of the cell do  5. A student mashed a piece of paste in a visking tubing an	es glycolysis and Krebs cycle of ripe banana and made it into d suspended it in a beaker con	a paste by adding water, p	laced the
(c) In which part of the cell do  5. A student mashed a piece of paste in a visking tubing an	es glycolysis and Krebs cycle of ripe banana and made it into d suspended it in a beaker con	a paste by adding water, p	laced the
5. A student mashed a piece of paste in a visking tubing and The set-up was left for 40 m	f ripe banana and made it into d suspended it in a beaker conninutes.	a paste by adding water, p taining iodine solution as s	laced the

6. Study the food web below representing a certain ecceyetem and use it to answer the questions that follow.



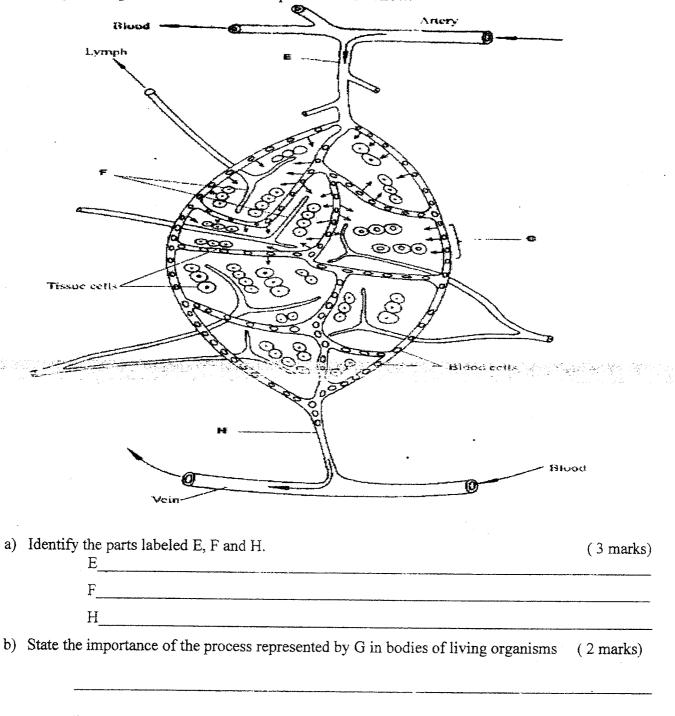
(a) With a reason, name the organism that would have the largest Biomass.	(2marks
(b) State the trophic level occupied by the Lion in the food web.	(1mark)

7. Study the diagram of a cell below and answer the questions that follow.



i.	Name the type of cell division in the cell.	(1mark		
ii.	Give two reasons for your answer in (a) above.	(2marks)		
		70		

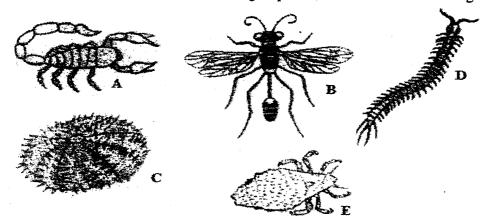
10.Study the diagram below and answer questions that follow.



mpare the composition of blood in vessel E and H.	(3marks)
•	

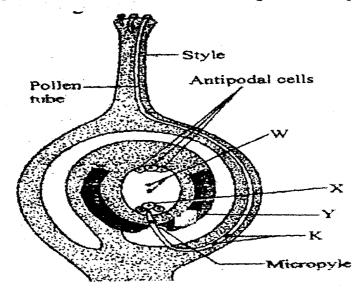
8.	The diagram below shows a structure found in insects. Study it carefully to answer the that follow.  B  Muscle Tissue  (a) Name the parts labeled A and B  A  —————————————————————————————————	questions
	В	
(b)	State two ways in which part C is adapted to its function.	
(i)	(c) Give a brief explanation to the following observations.  Fish dies when taken out of water after sometime	(2marks)
(ii)	The danger associated with sleeping in a poorly ventilated room with a charcoal jiko.	(2marks)

9. You are provided with photographs of animals. Study the photographs and the dichotomous key below to enable you identify the taxonomic group to which each animal belongs.



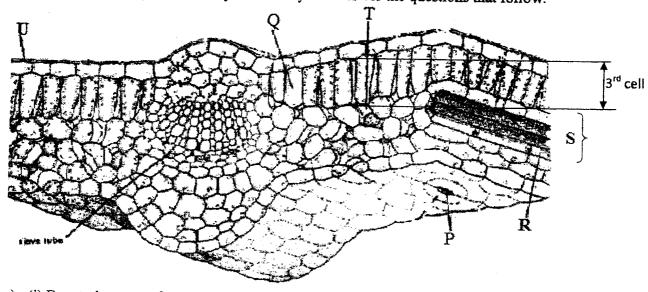
	KEY			
1.	a) Jointed legs presen	ıt	***************************************	go to 2
	b) Jointed legs absen	f 	•••••••	go to 7
2.	a) Three pairs of legs		************************************	go to 3
	b) More than 3 pairs	of legs		go to 5
3.	a) Wings present	-		go to 4
	b) Wings absent	STORM FROM THE STATE OF THE STA		Machina
1.	a) one pain or ,, in 60.	·····		Diptera
	b) Two pairs of wing	S		Hymenopte
	Hymenoptera			. Hotoriol
5.	a) Four pairs of legs.	*******************************	***************************************	Arachnida
	b) More than ten pair	s of legs		go to 6
ó,	a) One pair of legs in	each body segment		Chilopoda
	b) Two pairs of legs i	n each body segment	***********	Diplopoda
•	a) Body partially encl	osed in a shell		Mollusca
	b) Body surface has s	piny projection		
	Echinodermata			
1)	Using the key, identif	y the following organisms to the	neir taxonomic groups. In each ca	se, give the
	sequence of steps whi	ch you followed in identifying	them.	(4 marks)
	Animal	Identity	Steps followed	
	A			
	В			
	D			
	E			
) i)	Using observable fea	tures only, state the class to wh	nich the animal labeled A and B o	n the
1	hotographs above be	long		(2 marks)
	A			()
	מ	·		
	В			
i)	State two observable	features on B, that enabled you	a to arrive at that answer in (b (i)	above.
		•		
				(2marks)
			•	

11. The diagram below shows a cross section through the female part of a flower.



a)	Na	me the structures labeled W, X and Y.  W	(3marks)
	X	Y	
b)	Sta	te <i>one</i> function of the pollen tube.	(1mark)
c)	Wh	at happens to antipodal cells after fertilization?	(1mark
d)	Wh	at does semi-permeable membrane represent in an animal cell	(1mark)
e)	(i)	Name the structure labeled <b>K</b> .	(1mark)
		(ii) State the role played by the structure named in <b>e</b> (i) above.	(1 mark)

12. The photomicrograph below shows the arrangement of different types of cells and tissues in a certain living organism. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.



a)	(i) From what part of the plant was the photograph obtained?	(1mark)
----	--	---------

Q		
R		
T	•	
U	•	

(iv) State the function of the part labeled Q and an adaptation to its function.	(2marks)

- (v) Give an environmental factor which regulates the function of the part labeled P. (1mark)
  - b) Measure the length of the third (3<sup>rd</sup>) cell at the right side of structure labeled Q on the photograph whose magnification is X5000. What is the actual length of the cell in micrometers (μm)? Show your working.

13 The table below shows how the quantities of sweat and urine vary with external temperature.

External temperature <sup>0</sup> C	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35
Urine cm <sup>3</sup> /h	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30
Sweat cm <sup>3</sup> /h	5	6	10	15	30	60	120	200

(a)	Using the same axes, draw graphs of quantities of urine and sweat produced against temperature.	the externa (6marks)
(b)	At what temperatures are the amounts of sweat and urine produced equal?	(1mark)
(c)	Account for the amount of sweat produced as the temperature rises.	(3marks)
(d)	Explain the observation made on the amount of urine produced as temperature rises.	(4marks)
	•	
		<del></del>
(e) ] (i) ]	Explain how the following help in temperature regulation when it is cold.  Hair	(3marks)
		- # - #
ii) I	Blood vessels	(3marks)
		-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
, -	of lescribe the digestion a starchy meal along the human alimentary canal	
4	lesembe the digestion a starchy meal along the human alimentary concl	(10montes)