313/1 MS
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
Paper 1
MARKING SCHEME
Oct./Nov. 2015



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Paper 1

MARKING SCHEME (CONFIDENTIAL)

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au tested		" Chy	
	ر مر	% % (C.,	
ralytics	(a)	Simila	urities in the Biblical stories of creation in Genesis 1 and 2. Restrictive
·		(i)	In both God is the sole creator
		(ii)	In both human beings are given responsibilities/have authority over God's
•	•	Giii)	
		(iii) (iv)	In both accounts, human beings are special/share in God's image
		(v)	There is a sense of order in both creation stories In both stories, all created things depend on God for sustemance/ He is the
		, ,	provider
		(vi)	In both accounts God is self existent/existed before creation
		(vii) Visi)	In both stories God is the source of life
		VIII)	in both, God Carded Male female / human core 1 = 6 marks
	(b)	Respo	nsibilities given to human beings by God in the Biblical creation stories
	,	(i)	Human beings are to till/cultivate the land
onnereh	ension		To guard /protect the land/Conserve/Core for Haland
Kill		(iii)	They should procreate/have children/fill the earth / hour books /
		(iv)spel	Fro be in charge of the high/birds/animals
wil a		(v)	To give names to God's creation
24 B 12	1. My	(VI)	To feed from the plants
Block & legal	ingy.	(viii)	They should obey God's commands with eat the fruit in the middle grader
20 July (3/04)	- Levory	(ix)	To marry for companionship Human beings should help each other
Nosk Car	, ,	(x)	To subdue/have dominion over the earth file and to be smrt
Most respon		• ` ´	To subdue/have dominion over the earth flux is the lighest lovel Smxs of authority man) 8 x 1 = 8 marks
	(c)		Christians in Kenya should take care of the environment on washingted)
aluatio	LA		and a contract of the contract
2KIII	V	(i)	Christians should care for the environment in obedience to God's commands/it
17111		(ii)	15 a duly for 5 of asperts as to wall Commend
		(iii)	In order to maintain its beauty/aesthetics To preserve/maintain natural habitat for Cod's and its second in the control of th
		(iv)	To preserve/maintain natural habitat for God's creation(Expression) It is the source of food/medicine/shelter
		(v)	In order to preserve it for future generation
		(vi)	To promote a healthy surrounding/prevent diseases Polluchenia Scoulding themand
		(vii)	To attract tourists/for economic gain/national development
			6 x 1 = 6 marks
2.	(a)	The ca	Ill of Abraham (Genesis 12:1-9) Un restrictive (Letron)
and octo	o	(i)	God told Abraham to looke his sount II. (1: 1: 1 distribution)
row ledg	***************************************	(4) (4)	God told Abraham to leave his country Haran/his kindred his father's house to the land that God would show him Vs
Kill	المدار .	(ii)	God promised Abraham that he would make him a great nation/bless him/make
•	Harry (Sa)		institute great/source of plessing of 2-3 total promises tought ruce)
٠	0	(iii)	Abraham left the land of Haran as he had been instructed by God Vs 4
		(iv)	Abraham was seventy five years when he was called
			/3
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He took his wife Sarai/Lot his prother's son/all their possessions/his servants/set (v) forth to the land of Canaan ves They passed through Canaan to the place at Shechem/oak of Moreh vs 6 (vi) God appeared to Abraham in the land of Canaan/promised to give the land of (vii) Canaan to his descendants 🕏 7 braham built an altar to the Lord at Shechem V 7 (viii) The moved to the mountain on the east of Bethel/pitched his tent/built an altar for (ix) the Lord/called on the name of the Lord us 8 Abraham journeyed on towards Negeb. 159 (x) $8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ marks}$ Characteristics of a covenant (Universited Timese an definations , not explanation mastudent get An agreement between two individuals/parties-(i) A covenant is an agreement between two parties/ individuals who were separate before (ii) Promises the parties involved exchange vows/make promises to each other (iii) /itnesses There are both physical/spiritual witnesses during the making of a covenant (iv) Signs are the physical/outward mark to remind the parties of their obligations to each other (v)Geremony There are rituals performed to seal the covenant (vi) Conditions/consequences-Each party is expected to honour their part of the covenant/failure leads to consequences. Vii) Seal Blinding right. Examples of covenants made in Kenya today (Restrictive Q) (c) Application (i) Marriage Skill (ii)Baptism (iii) Peace agreements (iv) Trade treaties and purchase agreements/land lease (v) (vi) Employment contracts (vii) Path of office/loyalty Ordination of church leaders. (viii)

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 $7 \times 1 = 7 \text{ maks} 7 \text{m}$

E .	
	■ An analysis of the state of
3. (a)	Reasons why the Israelites demanded for a King (1 sam 8)
in linking	(/s1-10) (/s1-10)
Valuation SKill	(i) Samuel who was their judge had become oldvs 5
SKIII	THE TWO SOUS OF Samuel, Joel and Abijah who had rough a life of the same of th
	The islacines wanted air iip who would lead them to were the true
	They wanted a King so as to be like other nations around them at an
	was a reflection of their rejection of find as their King with
	(vi) They wanted a numan/physical King they could see 500 the last
•	VII) They wanted to be governed by law porter stable 5 x 1 = 5 marks) VIII) They wanted to est state have ditary leader with him front Lessons modern political leaders can learn trong King D
(b)	VIII) They wanted to est statte haveditary leaderly for man fort
(0)	Lessons modern political leaders can learn from King David To Test Chive
Pplication	
Kill	Total of the first total of the
	They should promote the worship of the true God in their botions
	(iii) Modern political leaders should ask for forgiveness/repent when they do wrong/
	(iv) They should seek advice from aburab lands ut 1 1
	(v) They should not use their positions to oppress their subjects should be just/fair accomplete.
	(vi) Political leaders should promote unity among their subjects
•	They should set up proper administrative structures
	Modern political leaders should establish good relations with their neighbouring
	countries.
	The secure of th
(-)	threats/aggression 7 x 1 = 7 marks
. (c)	How Christians in Kenya demonstrate their faith in God (-Chrestnotus ())
mhesis.	
Skul	(i) Through praying/fasting (ii) Through preaching/evangelism/winning souls to the kineter of G. I.
•	(iii) By singing/dancing for God/composing songs and in Visital (iv) By building worshipping places
	(v) By giving tithes/offerings to God
	(vi) By helping the needy/acts of charity
	(vii) Through forgiving others/repenting their sins
	(viii) By respecting their church leaders/spiritual authority
	(IX) By having special attires/wearing a crucifix
	(x) By leading righteous lives/obeying God's commandments (**)
•	1AU DV UUSELVIID TEHRIOUG Pactivalalataala Lal 1. C 1. 48
	XII) By reading the Bubbs christian literature (creative 8x1=8 marks
4. (a)	XII) By reading the Bible Christian literature (creative 8 x 1 = 8 marks Differences between the traditional 45:
4. (a)	Differences between the traditional African prophets and the Old Testament (Carl) prophets (Restrictive (P))
6 5.2	· Kicking USZLICHIAS (A.)
nalysis	(i) The old testament prophets were called by God while traditional A fair.
<i>)</i> §	(i) The old testament prophets were called by God while traditional African prophets inherited their roles
	(ii) Old testament prophets delivered messages to their own people and those
	outside their locality while traditional African prophets were concerned with
	their own communities their own communities
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- 1.07 % TORD	4
	li 15
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·		
<u>v</u>		
¢	(iii)	The prophecies of the old testament were recorded while those of the traditional
Smys.	(iv)	African prophets were passed on orally
DX2-Sux.	(11)	Old testament prophets spoke of the coming messiah while traditional African prophets did not have this concept
N	(v)	Old testament prophets were rejected in their communities while traditional
	· ·	frican prophets were liked/respected by their communities (Fig. 4) peopsition 2
. 1	1110.1	Therefree promoted Monotucism while I.f. (amply) = 0 monta
(b)	Social i	njustices condemned by prophet Amos in Israel (Un restrictive Q)
Corriprehension SKILL	(i)	14
Corri	(i) (ii)	There was oppression of the poor by the rich exploitation ap air of scadols / They sold fellow Israelites into slavery
Skir.	(iii)	There was violence/robbery in the land/land Control
	(iv)	The rich lived in luxury/were selfish/greedy/
	(V)	There was bribery in courts
	(vi)	There was sexual immorality in the land adulted
	(vii) (viii)	There was use of false weights/measures in business/high interest rates They sold worthless wheat/refuse to others Grape
	(ix)	There was misuse of garments secured as pledges.
	(X)	here was Murder of the Innocent. 6x1=6 marks
(c)	and a	T
) interesting	n which the church in Kenya is promoting justice in the society fur pestnetive
Evaluation	(i)	The church preaches/teaches on the need for justice/fairness in the society
Siegil	(ii) (iii)	the church condemns all forms of injustice in the society (land gradual)
	(111)	They pray for justice to prevail in the land Christians lead exemplary lives/role models/practice justice
	(v)	The church initiates income generating activities to create employment/
•		dicourage independence/self sustenance
	(vi) (vii)	The church assists the needy/shares their wealth with the poor
ŧ	Vill	By guiding and counselling the victims of injustice.
	(Antimodes	g advocating for just laws. 6x1=6 marks
5. (a)	Ways i	which God would punish the people of Judah according to the teaching of
Synthesis	Probue	t Jeremiah on judgement- Restrictive Q
SKILL	(i)	Prophet Jeremiah proclaimed that the people of Judah would be invaded by an
	Control of the Contro	enemy from the north (Siege) Kings backer
	(ii) (iii)	The city of Jerusalem would be destroyed by a cruel/merciless nation problems for would send serpents to bite them for sacrificing their sang/doughters to bite them.
*		God would send serpents to bite them for sacrificing their sons/daughters to the
	(iv)	God would bring drought upon the land of Judah/there would be scarcity of
		Waternood
- -	(VI);(*	The people of Judah would die of diseases They would lose their inheritance/wives/vineyards/flock to foreigners
	(411)	The people of Judah would be killed by the sword attack as Taxasta
and a company of the		Pople of Judati Would be lakeli to exile.
	(x)	bines of dead haden would be exhumed, 6x1=6 marks
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	CHOOL BLOOM	
() *	***************************************	
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		a contract of		· I · [
(b)	Ways	s in which Jeremiah suf	fered while carrying out his prop	thetic world in Task I
Comprehense	00			
Court	· (i)	There was a plot to kill	prophet Jeremiah by his people a	Anathoth hat
	(ii)	The was anguished/form	dented by the prosperity of the wie	ked //
	(iii)	Jeremian suffered lone	liness/isolation	
	(iv)	He was in constant con	flict with the leaders	
	(v)	He was mocked/ridicul	led by the people	
	(vi)	Jeremiah was hated by	the people of Judah	
	(vii)	He was arrested/chaine	d/imprisoned	
	(viii)	He was beaten by Pash	ur the priest	Grajes
•	(ix)	He was physically assa	ulted/tortured/put in a cistern.	
	(X)	He was falsely	accused/rejected by hi	$\nabla \nabla n \cdot 6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks}$
(0)	М	tamily.		1
(c)	iviora	I values that a Christian	can acquire from the life of Pr	phet Jeremiah - Restauta
pplication Skill				1 0
Skill	(i)	Obedience		
	(ii)	Loyalty		
	(iii)	Perseverance/endurance	e/televource	//
	(iv)	Patience		
i	(v) (vi)	Self control		/
·	(vii)	Courage/bravery		/.
	(viii)	Honesty/faithfulness/tru	uthtulness	
	(ix)	Respect		
	(x)	Holiness/righteousness	/purity	
	(xi)	Hope		8mic
	(xii)	Humility Justice/fairness.		Ora C
	• (vii)	Justice/fairness.	3	
				8 x 1 = 8 marks
6. (a),	Places	s used for worship in the	editional Africa	
Koniledy).	, asea tor worship in it?	aditional African communities	Kostostia ()
Skill	(i)	Under sacred trees		
	(ii)	In caves	1	
	(iii)		Is -anywater source	
	(iv)	On rocks	is tan wall source	
	(v)	On mountains/hills		
	(vi)	In forests/shrubs		
_	(vii)	In shrines		
•	(viii)	In homes of religious le	eaders	Sm/()
	(ix)	At graveyards.	l .	- Control of
				O 1 O
				$8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ marks}$
(b) .	· Reaso	ns why sacrifices are m	ade in traditional African comm	Initiae Karr
Evaluation	North		in the second rational committee	unities - Rostro tore
SKILL	(i)	To worship God/ancesto	ors .	character of
	(ii)	It is a way of seeking for	r protection - Lcharen evil	/
	(iii)	A way of acknowledging	g God as a source of life	
			[]	
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1 1110	÷		6	

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	(14)	the seek God's help in times of frouble / petitien Ged for the	LP /
	(v)	To ask for forgiveness/a way of cleansing papease and evade	- Akirus
	(vi)	In recognition of God's power	
		To thank God for victories/success	6mxs.
	(viii)	To ask for blessings from God. Favor	
•	description and review special		$6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks}$
(c)	How C	hristians in Kenya show respect for places of worship _Ur	1 restrictive (1)
Applica Applica Stall	(i)	They maintain cleanliness in places of worship Painting	
	(ii)	In some cases, they remove shoes /cap / fromes of /veits	
		They decorate/put flowers in places of worship	
		They dress decently when going for worship	
		Order is maintained in places of worship working shanding enc	
		Constructing beautiful/large places of worship/p mech	
	(vii)	pedicating all instruments/property in places of worship	
	(viii)	Showing respect/obedience to church leaders.	
	9	Serve/ Maintain Silence in the place	$6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks}$
	1		
	(V) S	ecuring places of worship/lane.	
	- 1	A) = (1)	