FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARKING SCHEME

1. 1995 P1

Otwa Traders Statement of W.Capital As at 31st Dec. 1994

Current Asset		
Stock	4,000	
Trade debtors	2,600	
Prepaid insurance	1,400	
Cash at hand	7,500	15,500
Less current liabiliti	es	
Bank overdraft	6,000	
Trade debtors	3,000	
Accrued red	4,000	13,000

b) Working capital 2,500

	Capit	al A/C	
Drawing	32,000	Bal B/d	50,000
Bal. c/d	162,000	Motor Vehicle	80,000
		Net profit	64,000
	194,000		<u>194,000</u>
		Bal B/d	162,000

2. 1996 P1

- i) Cost of goods sold
 Opening stock + purchases closing stock
 35,500 + 190,550 25,000
 = 201,050
 = 201,050
- ii) Percentage of gross profit to net sales

 Net sales = Sales Sales returns

 251,250 = 256,050 4,800

 G.P. = Net sales cost of goods

 50,200 = 251,250 201, 050

 50,200 x 100 = 20%

 251,250

3. 1996 P1

Current assets
Current liabilities
Stock + debtors + cash at hand
Bank overdraft + creditors

20,000 + 32,000 + 22,000
12,0000 + 25,000

$$\begin{array}{r}
 74,000 \\
 \hline
 37,000 \\
 =2:1
 \end{array}$$

4. 1997 P1

Cost of goods sold
Goods sold = sales - margin
=
$$60,000 - (20 \times 60,000) = 48,000$$

b) The gross profit
G.P. $= 60,000 \times 20 = 12,000$

6. 1997 P2

Paka Traders Trading Profit and Loss Account As at 31 December 1995

Dr	Kshs	Cr.	Kshs
Opening Stock	100,000	Sales	900,000
Purchases	600,000	Purchases returns	20,000
Sales Returns	80,000		_0,000
Transportation in	40,000		
r	820,000		
Closing Stock (135,0	*		
G.P.c/d	235,000		
	920,000		
Expenses			
Carriage out	3,000		
Rent	60,000		
Interest Expenses	18,000		
General Expenses	7,000		
N.P.C/d 147,000			
	235,000		235,000
		N.P.B b/d	147,000

7. 1998 P1

Kwaso Traders Profit & Loss Account As at 31.8 .97

1 1	3 dt 31.0 .77		
Expenses			
Carriage on sale	4,700	G.P	130,800
G. Exp.	18,200	Comm. Rec.	8,000
Insurance	4,000		
N, P. b/d	111,900		
	138,800		138,800
		N.p/c/d	111,900

8. 1998 P1

a)
$$\frac{240 \times 100}{1,2000,000} = 20\%$$

b) $\frac{240,000 \times 100}{1,440,00} = 16.6\%$

Capital invested N.P x 100/CL 240,000 x 100 = 20% = 120,000 Capital employed = CE=FA + WC 240,000 x 100 Capital employed = CE=FA+ WC 240,000 x 100 =1, 444,000 = WC. CA -CL 74,000 -34,000 =40,000 = 16.6 % C.E = 1,400, 000 + 40,000 = 1, 440, 000 or 17%

9. 1999 P1

Kiboko Enterprises Trading A/C For the year ended 30th June 1997

Opening Stock Purchases	65,000 190,000	Sales Less Sales	280,000
Less P	,		
Returns 10,000	180,000	R/ns.	4,200
Goods available	245,000		275,800
Gross profit	100,800	Closing stock	
•		C	70, 000
	345,800		345,800

10. 1999 P1

Rate of net profit to capital Cost of sales
Convert margins to mark ups
Convert margins to mark ups
Convert % to fraction 20/100 = 1/5Mark up - 1/5 = 1/4Convert 1/4 into % = 25% $\underline{G.P} \times \underline{25} \times 345,200$ Sales 100

General expenses 59, 800 NP = GP - General expenses NP = 185,800 - %9,800 = 26,000 Return on capital $\frac{26,000 \times 100}{1,300,000}$ = 2 %

11. 2000 P1

- If a capital as at 1/1/98 is 250,000
- Add additional capital 68,000 = 318,000
- Capital as at 31/12/1998 = 406,000

12. 2000 P1

Opening stock	8,000	Sales	62,900
Add purchases	53,000		
Less R.O	2,700		50,300
Goods Available for sale	58,300		
Less Closing Stock	12,700		
Cost of sales		45,600	
Gross profit b/d		17,300	
		62,900	<u>62,900</u>

13. 2000 P1

$$= \frac{[50,000 + 70,000]}{2}$$

$$= \frac{270,000}{60,000}$$

$$= 4.5 \text{ times}$$

14. 2001 P1

16. 2002 P1

Gross profit = sales - cost of sales
=
$$500,000 - 280,000$$

= $220,000$
Gross margin = $\underline{220,000}$ x 100
 $\underline{500,000}$
= 44%

17. 2002 P1

T 7		1
Vuno	Trac	erc

Profit and loss accor	unt for the year er	nded 31st March 2001.	
Discount allowed	7,400	Gross profit	186,200
Carriage outward	13,000	Rent received	34,300
Office expenses	19,600		
Salaries	57,000		
Net profit	123,000		
-	220,500		220,500

20. 2003 P2

Maringo Traders
Profit and loss account as at 31 December 2001

Dr	Kshs	Cr.	Kshs
Salaries expense General expense	132,000 54,000	Gross profit Comm. Received	380,000 20,000
N.P.c/d	214,000 400,000	C 022221 2 2 2 2 7 C 2	400,000

N.P. c/f 214, 000

Maringo Traders Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2001 (ii)

Dr	Kshs	Cr.	Kshs
Premises	103,000	Capital	259,000
		Net profit	214,000
		Drawings	(83,000)
C. Assets		C. Liabilities	
Stock	274,000	Creditors	93,000
Debtors	123,000	B loan	50,000
Cash at bank	<u>33,000</u>		
	<u>533,000</u>		533,000

21. 2004 P2

(i) Sarai Traders Trading Account As at 30th April 2003

Dr	Kshs	Cr.	Kshs
Opening stock	80,000	Sales	480,000
Purchases	400,000		
	480,000		
Closing stock	(120,000)		
	360,000		
N.P c/d	120,000		
	480,000		480,000

(ii) Rate of stock turnover = $\frac{\text{C.O.S}}{\text{Average stock}}$

Average stock =
$$80,000 = 120,0000 = 100,000$$

2
C.O.S = $360,000$
Rate of Stock turnover = $360,000 = 3.55$
 $100,000$

22. 2005 P2

Tea Traders Trading, Profit & Loss Account For the year ending 31/12/04

	Kshs	Kshs
Opening Stock	25,000	Sales 800,000
Add purchases	700,000	
Goods Available	725,000	
Closing stock	85,000	
Cost of sales (20/100 x 800,000	640,000	
Gross Profit	160,000	
	800,000	800,000

23. 2005 P1

Molop Traders

	1			
Profit and loss Account for the year ending 31/12/04				
Expenses	48,000	Gross Profit	320,000	
Lighting	7,200	Commission received	9,870	
Water	9,220	Discount received	8,500	
Salaries	72,500			
Discount Allowed	4,600			
General expenses	98,000			
Net Profit	338 370	1	338 370	

Molop Traders

Balance sheet as at 31/12/04				
Fixed assets	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
Furniture	650,000	Capital	3,000,000	
Motor vehicle	2,300,000	Add profit	98,890	
		_	3, 098,850	
		Current liabi	ilities	
Current assets				
Stock	25,250			
Debtors	270,000	Creditors	396,400	
Bank	200,000			
Cash	50,000			
	3,495, 250		3,495, 290	

24. 2006 Q18 P1

(a) Margin = $\underline{G.P}$ X100 500,000-(320,000-80,000-40,00) = Sales 500,000 <u>140,000</u> x 100=28% 0r 28 = 500,000 Current ratio (b) CA <u>180,000</u> =2:1 90,000 CL (c) Rate of stock turnover Cost of sales = 360,000 Average stock 80,000+40,000

3 times

(4 marks)

25. 2006 Q2b P2

FAULA TRADERS TRADING, PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER, 2005

=

Purchases	400,000	Sales	600,000
Less closing stock	60,000	Less sales returns	20,000
Cost of sales	340,000		
Gross profit C/D	240,000		
1	580,000		
	580,000		580,000
General expenses	60,000	Gross profit	240,000
Depreciation – motor vehicle	120,000	-	
-furniture	24,000		
Rent expenses	10,000		
Net profit	46,000		
1			260,000
	260,000		

 $(14 \times \frac{1}{2}) = 7 \text{ marks}$

2b) FAULA TRADERS

TRADING AND LOSS ACCOUNT ENDED 31 – 12 – 2005

Purchase	400,000	Sales	600,000
Sales returns	20,000	Closing stock	60,000
Gross profit C/D	240,000		
	660,000		660,000

 $(7 \text{ x } \frac{1}{2} = 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$

FAULA TRADERS

TRADING, PROFITS AND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.12.2005

TRADING, TROTTIS A	and account for	A THE TEAK ENDED 3
Sales	600,000	
Less return inwards	20,000	
Less cost of goods sold		580,000
Purchases	400,000	
Less closing stock	60,000	
Cost of sales		340,000
Gross profit C/D		240,000
Add commission		20,000
		260,000
Less expense		
General expenses	60,000	
Less depreciation	120,000	
Furniture	20,000	
Rent expenses	10,000	24,000_
Net profit		46,000

FAULA TRADERS BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.12.2005

Motor vehicle	600,000		Capital 700,000
Less depreciation	120,000	480,000	Add net profit 46,000
	240.000		746,000
Furniture	240,000		
Less depreciation	24,000	206,000	Creditors 180,000
Current asset s			
Stock	60,000		
Debts	120,000		
Cash	50,000	230,000	
		926,000	926,000

N.B

If a candidate writes motor vehicle 480,000 and not motor vehicle less depreciation 2 ticks.

If a candidate writes furniture 216,000 and not furniture less depreciation 2 ticks.

If a candidate gets wrong net profit but correctly transfers accept.

If a candidate writes the figure for capital 740,000 give a tick

Foreign terms substitute e.g. General in Balance sheet. $(10 \text{ x} \frac{1}{2} = 5 \text{mks})$

FAULA TRADERS BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.12.2005

Fixed	assets
-------	--------

Motor vehicle	600,000	480,000
Less depreciation	120,000	
Furniture	240,000	216,000
Less depreciation	24,000	696,000

Add current Assets

Stock	60,000
Debtors	120,000
Cash	50,000
	230,000

Less Current Liabilities

Creditors	180,000
-----------	---------

Working capital 50,000
Capital employed 746,000

Financed by

Cash 700,000 Add net profit 46,000

Capital employed <u>746,000</u>

 $(10 \text{ x} \frac{1}{2} = 5 \text{ Marks})$

Alternative

FAULA TRADERS BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31/12.2005

Capital				700,000	
Add net profi	t			46,000	746,000
Represented l	by:				
Fixed assets	Motor	· Vehicle	600,000		
	Less o	depreciation	120,000	480,000	
	Furnit	ture	240,000		
	Less o	depreciation	24,000	216,000	696,000
Add assument a	.aa at a	Ctools		60,000	
Add current a	isseis	Stock		60,000	
		Debtors		120,000	
		Cash		50,000	
				230,000	
Less current l	iabilitie	es		180,000	
Creditors				50,000	
Working capital			740,000		
Capital emplo				,	

 $(10 \text{ x} \frac{1}{2} = 5 \text{ marks})$

2006 Q6b P2 **26.**

(i) Debtors control allows

Opening balance	400,000	Receipts/cash	1,400,000
Credit Sales	1,582,000	Returns inwards	42,000
		Balance c/d	540,000
	1,982,000	_	1,982,000

Credit sales +cash sales =

Therefore total sales = 1,982,000+250,000=1,832 $(7x1/2 = 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$

Determine total purchases (ii)

Creditors Control account

Payments/cash	200,000	Balance b/d	800,000
Balance C/D	950,000	Credit Purchases	2,150,00
	2,950,000		2,950,00

Total purchases = Credit purchase + cash purchases = 2,150,000 + 320,000= 2,470,000

CHERU TRADERS TRADING ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31.12 2005

	Opening stock	920,000	Sales	1,532,000
	Purchases 2,470,000		Less returns	40,000
	Add carriage inwards 46,000			1,790,000
	Total purchases 2,516,000		Gross loss	396,000
	Less drawings 50,000	2,466,000		
	Net purchases	3,386,000		
	Less closing stock	1,200,000		
		2,186,000	•	2,186,000
_			•	
<i>6</i> .	(c) alternative I			
	Receipt/ cash from debtors	1,400,000		
	Add returns inwards	42,000		
	Add closing balance of debtors	540,000		
		1,982,000		
	Less opening balance of debtors	400,000		
	Credit sales	1,582,000		
	Total sales = Kshs. $582,000+250,$	000= Kshs. 1,832,000	(7 x^{-1})	$\frac{1}{2} = 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks}$

Alterna	ıtive	II
_	. ~	

Payment/Cash to creditors	200,000
Add closing balance of creditors	950,000
-	2.950,000

80,000

Less Opening balance of creditors

Credit purchases 2,150,000

Total Purchases = 21,500+ 320,000= Ksh. 2, 470,00

 $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

Alternative III

Total	sales

Cash receipts	1,400,000
Add return inwards	42,000

Closing balance of debtors 54,000

Less opening balance of debtors40,000140,000Credit sales1,582,000Add cash sales250,000

1,832,000

 $(7x \frac{1}{2} = 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$

Total purchases

Cash payments		2,000,000
Add closing balance of creditors	950,000	
Less opening balance of creditors	80,000	150,000
Credit purchases		2,150,000
Add cash purchases		320,000
Total purchases		2, 470, 000

 $(6 \text{ x } \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

27. 2007 Q15 P1

Kerubo Traders

		Teruo Truccio		
Trading, Profit and Loss Account				
	Kshs			Kshs
Opening	24,000	Sales	442,500	
Stock				
Purchases	<u>370,000</u>			
	394,000			
Less: Closing Stock	40,000			
Cost of Goods sold	354,000			
Gross profit	88,500			
	<u>442,500</u>		442,500	
Carriage in	12,000	Gross Profit b/d	88,500	
Sales Expenses Other	rs 8,850			
Net profit	<u>67,650</u>			
	<u>88,500</u>		<u>88,500</u>	

28. 2008 Q9 P1

= 220000 - (98200 + 11800)

= Shs110000

 $(4 x \frac{1}{2} = 2 marks)$

(b) Return on capital =
$$\underline{\text{Net Profit}} \times 100$$

=

Capital invested 85000 x 100

425000 20%

 $(4 x \frac{1}{2} = 2 marks)$

29. 2008 Q10 P1

Expenses for the year

	Expe	nse A/c	
Cash Dec. 2006 Balance c/d	Shs 85000 30000 115000	31 Dec 2005 Balance b/d Profit and Loss A/c	Shs 24000 <u>91000</u> <u>115000</u>

OR

	Shs
Accrued expenses 31/12/05	30000
Add cash paid	85000
	115000
Less: Accrued expenses 31/12/05	24000

91000 $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$

30. 2009 Q16 P1

Purchases for the year.

Total Creditors A/c					
Discount received	12,000	balance b/d	465,000		
Returns outwards	25,000	Purchases	1,712,000		
Cash paid	1,500,000				
Balance c/d 640000					
	2, 177, 000		2, 177, 000		

31. 2009 Q22 P1

(i) Capital employed =
$$CE= FA+CA-CL$$

$$=400,000 + 120,000 - 60,000 =$$
sh. $460,000$

Return on CE =
$$\frac{NP}{CE}$$
 x 100 (= $\frac{100\ 000}{460,000}$ x100)
=21.7%

(ii) Current Ratio =
$$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current liabilities}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{120000}{60000}\right)$$

=2:1

32. 2009 Q5b P2

(i) Malamu Traders

For the year ended 31st Dec, 2005

Expenses	Sh		Sh
Discount allowed	142,000	Gross Profit	520,000
Lighting	25,200	Rent received	120,000
Interest or loan	1,200	Net loss c/d	61,930
General expenses	102,100		
Repairs on building	60,000		
Repairsorr furniture	72,030		
Repairs on motor vehicle	300,000		
	702,530		702,530

MALAMU TRADERS BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st DEC 2008

	Sh	Sh	Sh
Sh			
Fixed Assets			Capital 1,400,000
Building	540,000		Less loss 6,930
			1,338,070
Furniture	408,170		loan 472,500
Motor Vehicle	900,000	948,170	
Current Assets			
Stock	72,500		Current Liabilities
Debtors	116,900	189,400	Creditors 227,000
		2037,570	2,037,510
<u>1</u>	50x 100		
	100 50	=3 or 3	

<u>Dr</u>	Total Debtors Accou	Cr		
Balance b/d	Sh 120,000	Bad debts	Sh 4,200	
Interest on debtors	2,000	Cash Debts	750,000	
Sales	967,200 1,089,200	Bal. c/d	335,000 1,089,200	

Dr	Total Debtors Account		Cr	
	Sh		Sh	
Payments	660,500	Balance c/d	142,500	
Balance	158,400	Purchases	676,400	
	818,900		818,900	
credit Purchase	676,400			
Cash Purchases	_135,400_			
	811,800			

33. 2009 Q6b P2

	Sh	S	h	Sh
Stock (1/1/07)	75,000			Sales 967,200
Purchases	811,800	88	6,800	
Less closing stock		13	6,400	
		75	0,400	
Gloss profit c/d		_21	6,500	
		96	7,200	967,200
Reduction equipment / d	lepreciation 6	5,000		Gross profit b/d 216,800
Salaries		18,000		Bad debt received 16,000
Less prepaid	(8	8,000)	40,000	Interest or debtors 2,000
interest loan	3	0,000		
Add due		6,000	36,000	
Bad debts			4,200	
Net profit			89,000	
			234,800	234,800

34. 2010 Q14 P1

Matching statements on capital with types of capital

- i) Owners equity
- ii) Working capital
- iii) Borrowed capital

 $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{mks})$

35. 2012 Q6 P1

Marigi Traders Trading Account for the year ended 30th June 2009

Tot the jour ended to	2007	1
	Shs	Shs
Opening Stock Add	165,000	980,600
Purchases	720,000	
Cost of goods available for sale	885,000	
Less: Closing stock	100,520	
Cost of goods sold	784,480	
Gross profit $\binom{20}{100}$ x 980,600)	196,120	
	980,600	980,600

 $(10 x^{1/2} = 5 marks)$