**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

**FORM THREE MARKING SCHEME.**

**END TERM 2 2021**

**1 a) How Prophet Samuel promoted the worship of Yahweh in Israel.**

* He prayed/ interceded for the people
* He mediated between God and Israelites
* He performed sacrifices/performed priestly duties
* He condemned king Saul for disobeying God
* He warned Israelites against earthly kings
* He anointed kings in Israel
* He always consulted God
* He built altars for God
* He condemned idolatry in Israel
* He upheld the covenant way of life.

**7×1=7mks**

**b) How king Jeroboam contributed to schism between Judah and Israel.**

* He built golden calves and placed them in Dan and Bethel
* He built rival places of worship other than Jerusalem
* He made Israelites offer sacrifices to the golden calves
* He chose priests from ordinary families
* He burnt incense at altars of the idols
* He came up with his own religious festivals and changed dates
* He stopped people of Israel from going to Judah.

**6×1=6mks**

**c) Factors leading to increase of Christian denominations in Kenya**

* Rivalry over leadership
* Differences in biblical interpretation
* Resistance to change by old church members.
* For material gain where some people want to own churches because of money
* Lack of spiritual satisfaction in the existing churches.
* Poor role models by some church leaders.
* Desire to be free from missionary/foreign control
* Differences in mode of worship/ church rituals.

**7×1=7mks**

**2 a) Nathan’s prophecy about the messiah**

* The Messiah will come from the house of David
* Messiah will establish an everlasting kingdom
* A heir from David’s lineage will always sit on the throne
* The king will save Israel from enemies
* God will always support such a king
* God will keep the kingdom strong for David’s son
* God will make David’s name great
* God will bless descendants of David forever.

**7×1=7mks**

**b) Angel Gabriel’s message about John the Baptist to Zachariah**

* His name will be John
* He will bring joy to Zachariah
* He will rejoice at his birth
* He will never take wine or strong drink
* He will be filled with Holy Spirit
* He will turn sons of Israel to Lord
* He will go before the lord in the spirit of Elijah.
* He will prepare the way for the Messiah.

**7×1=7mks**

**c) How Christians play the role of John the Baptist**

* Preaching about repentance of sins
* Practicing inner righteousness
* Announcing judgment to those who don’t repent their sins
* Condemning social evils committed by leaders
* Rich Christians should help the poor
* Christians being fair and honest in their dealings
* Christian leaders should baptize those who repent.

**6×1=6mks**

**3 a) How unity of believers is expressed in the image of Body of Christ**

* St. Paul describe believers as body of Christ
* Christ is the head of the church
* Believers form part of the body
* The body has different organs the way church has different members.
* They all need to work together for the wellness of the church
* All body parts depend on each other
* Different church members have different spiritual gifts to carry out Gods work
* Believers are united into one body through baptism in the Holy Spirit.

**7×1=7mks**

**b) Ways of identifying those who are led by the Holy Spirit.**

* They should confess Jesus as Christ
* They should preach/ teach doctrines of Jesus Christ
* They should poses fruits of the Holy Spirit
* They should not use the gifts of Holy Spirit for selfish motive
* They should give glory to God/ praise god after performing miracle
* They should lead people to Christ/ to repentance
* They should not be led by flesh.

**6×1=6mks**

**c) Why some Christians find it hard to help the needy.**

* Some Christians lack the gift of love
* Religious/denominational barriers
* Lack of time to understand and help the needy
* Weak faith
* Poverty/ some lack something to give
* Inability to determine those who are genuinely needy.
* Nepotism/negative ethnicity
* Gender biasness
* Difference in social status/ educational background e.t.c

**7×1=7mks**

**4 a) Gifts of the Holy Spirit**

* Gift of wisdom
* Gift of knowledge
* Gift of faith
* Gift of healing
* Gift of performing miracles
* Gift of prophecy
* Gift of distinguishing spirits
* Gift of love
* Gift of speaking in tongues
* Gift of interpreting tongues

**8×1=8mks**

**b) Explain how unity of believers is expressed in the image of body of Christ.**

* He was filled with the power of Holy Spirit he spoke in tongues
* He defended the apostles that they were not drunk
* He became courageous
* He preached the word of God
* He became a witness to the work, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ.
* He narrated old testament scriptures
* He gained wisdom/ advised people on what to do
* He baptized those who believed
* He took a leadership role.

**6×1=6mks**

**c) Ways Christians in Kenya show unity**

* Coming together for fellowship/prayers
* Holding joint church services/crusades
* Organizing retreats together to worship
* Having Bible study together
* Unity in condemning social evils and poor governance
* Co-operating in producing religious programmes in mass media.
* Unite in assisting the needy.
* Celebrating the Holy communion together
* Celebrating Christian festivals together.

**6×1=6mks**

**5 a) similarities between traditional African prophets Old Testament prophets**

* Both received messages from God to communicate to the people
* Both warned people of dangers of disobeying God
* Both acted as mediators between man and God
* Both condemned social evils
* Sometimes they acted as healers and leaders
* Both condemned oppression of the people
* Both received messages inform of visions, dreams, signs and trances.
* Both obeyed God’s call
* Both were consulted by the people

**7×1=7mks**

**b) Prophet Amos teachings on social justice and responsibility.**

* **Slavery –** he condemned the rich who enslaved the poor who were highly indebted to them.
* **Sexual immoralities –** fathers shared the same concubine with their sons. Servants were taken as concubines.
* **Withholding of garments secured as pledge –** Jews refused to return garments secured as pledge as was required by Mosaic Law. Some creditors even used them.
* **Idolatory –** Israelites offered wine to idols. The wine was extorted from the poor.
* **Robbery and violence –** robbery and violence were high. Corruption also flourished.
* **Bribery and violence –** elders of Israel enriched themselves through hefty fines imposed on the innocent.
* **Greed and extravagance –** self women of Samaria demanded wine and fragrance from their corrupt husbands. They feasted on delicacies
* **Cheating in business-** wealthy merchants used cheating scales, inflated prices and sold goods of poor quality.

**7×1=7mks**

**c) Relevance of Amos teachings on social justice and responsibility.**

* Christians should condemn oppression of the poor by the rich in the society
* Christians should be fair and truthful in their business dealings.
* Christians should avoid and speak against sexual immoralities in the society
* Christians should speak against robbery, burglary and theft in the society.
* Christians should report any form of corruption to those in authority.
* Christians should speak against modern forms of slavery and human trafficking
* Christians should speak against financial institutions which charge very high interest.

 **6×1=6mks**

**6 a) Symbolic acts used by Jeremiah to signify judgment and punishment.**

* Personal life- he was not to marry or have children
* Waist cloth – he wore old torn and spoilt waist cloth which represented sinful Israel.
* Visit to potters house- Jeremiah visited a potter who destroyed a spoilt pot but used same clay to make another pot.
* Broken earth flask- Jeremiah bought an earthen flask and broke it in front of elders of Israel

**4×2=8mks**

**b) Evils condemned by Jeremiah**

* Hypocrisy in worship
* Defilement of the temple by putting idols there
* Idolatry/ worship of idol gods
* Human sacrifice
* Oppression of the widows/orphans/poor
* Stubbornness/rebellion
* Robbery
* Corruption/bribery
* Murder
* Necromancy
* Prostitution
* False prophecy
* Dishonesty/deception

**7×1=7mks**

**c) Challenges faced by church leaders today**

* False prophets cults/devil worship
* Opposition from political leaders
* Lack of co-operation/splinter groups / division in the church
* Misinterpretation of the scriptures.
* Lack of adequate time to attend pastoral duties
* Insecurity in some parts of the country
* Poverty/ their churches are not able to meet their financial demands
* Temptations
* Terrorism

**5×5=5mks**