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Form 4 | Term 2 | 451 - Computer Studies | 22-Mei-16 | Weekly Ambush

ADM..... NAME CLASS

1. State one function for each of the following elements of a computer system: **(2014 #1)**

a. hardware: (1 mark)

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b. software: (1 mark)

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c. liveware: (1 mark)

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2. Explain **two** health issues that could arise from the use of an unsuitable computer desk. **(2014#2)**

(4 marks)

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3. Write each of the following acronyms in full as used in computing. **(2013#1)** (2 marks)

a. CAD

b. DVD

c. WORM

d. POS

4. State three risks posed by improper cabling in a computer laboratory. **(2013#4)** (3 marks)

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5. State two functions of the Control unit of a computer. **(2012#1)** (2 marks)

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6. (a) Differentiate between hardware and software portability. **(2012#2)** (2 marks)

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(b) State **two** disadvantages of CD-ROM over magnetic disks. (2 marks)

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7. One way in which an organization enforces security of its computer systems is by restricting the use of removable media such as floppy disks and flash memories. Give **two** reasons for this. **(2012#3)** (2 marks)

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8. When purchasing a computer, the clock speed, RAM size, Hard disk size and monitor size are often quoted. State the unit for measuring: **(2012#5)** (2 marks)

- a. Clock speed;
- b. RAM size;
- c. Hard disk size;
- d. Monitor size;

9. A student saved a document in a diskette. Later on, the student found that the diskette could not open and therefore the work got lost. Give **three** precautions the student should have taken to ensure the work was not lost. **(2012#7)** (3 marks)

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10. A computer is idle but the hard disk light is blinking, indicating some activity. State two possible causes of this. **(2013#13)** (2 marks)

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Marking Scheme

1.	<p>Function of:-</p> <p>(a) Hardware: To perform tasks of inputting, storage, outputting, processing during data processing and communication.</p> <p>(b) Software: - Instructs the hardware/computer on what to do during data processing. - Provides interface between hardware and liveware. - Accept functions of software based category ie. system / application/working/uses.</p> <p>(c) Liveware: Meant to design or operate a computer.</p>	1 1 1
2.	<p>Problems arising from use of unsuitable computer desk.</p> <p>√ It could lead to back problems if the desk is of an unrealistic height.</p> <p>√ If it does not provide good positioning of the monitor, it could result in eye strain.</p> <p>√ Wrist problems will arise if the keyboard and mouse seating positions are bad.</p> <p>√ Injury as a result of falling computer components due to weak computer desks/ small size.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(First 2 x 2)</p>	4

3. (a) CAD - Computer aided design.
(b) DVD - Digital video disk) digital versatile disk
(c) WORM - Write once read many.
(d) POS - Point of sale/point of sale terminal.
4. - Risk of electric shocks to the users.
- Risk of fire outbreaks in the laboratory.
- Risk of tripping and injuries.
- Power interruption caused by stumbling on the cables.
5. - To direct the operations of the internal processor components.
- To control the flow of programs and data in and out of main memory.
- To read and interpret program instructions.
- To control flow of information to and from all the components of the computer.
- To control flow of information/data
- To determine next instruction to be executed first.
- To fetch instructions from devices.
- To direct/give/monitor operations of internal processing.
- To send control signals to peripherals.
6. (a) - Hardware portability refers to the ease of moving hardware from one location to another while
- Software portability refers to the ability of running software on different platforms /models/ hardware/ computers.
(b) Disadvantages of CD ROM over magnetic disks
- Fairly fragile - easy to break or scratch than magnetic disks.
- Smaller storage capacity than a hard disk.
- CD ROM has a slower data access time compared to magnetic disks.
- Takes time to save/write data than magnetic disk.
- CD ROM not re-writable
7. - To minimize/control spread of viruses.
- To control access to data/programs.
- To control movement of data.
- To control unauthorized access to data/information.

8. Units
 - (a) Clock speed - hertz, gigahertz, and megahertz
 - (b) RAM size - bytes
 - (c) HD size - bytes/bits
 - (d) Monitor size - inches or “pixels
9.
 - Should have kept a back-up.
 - Store the diskette safely e.g. in a disk bank.
 - Use more reliable storage media.
 - Regular scanning.
 - Avoid ejecting disk while in use.
10. Possible causes of Hard disk blinking.
 - Virus executing itself.
 - Updating of some software applications.
 - Network access taking place.