NAME	CLASS	C/NO	ADM/NO
SIGNATURE		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	



DATE DONE
INVIGILATOR
DATE RETURNED
DATE REVISED

**BIOLOGY** 

**FORM TWO** 

**CAT ONE** 

**TERM I 2017** 

**TIME: 2HOURS** 

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES:-

- Write your name and class number in the spaces provided.
- Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.
- All workings MUST be clearly shown where necessary.

## For Examiner's Use Only

QUESTIONS	MAXIMUM SCORE	STUDENT SCORE
1 24	80	
1- 24	80	

1.	Stat	te the formula of linear magnification.	(2mks)
2.	Stat	te four principles used in Binomial nomenclature?	(4mks)
3.	Sta	te the function of the following parts of a microscope.	
	a)	Coarse adjustment knob	(1mk)
	b)	Fine adjustment knob	(1mk)
	c)	Condenser	(1mk)
4.	W	while preparing a temporary slide to be observed under a light microscope, sta	te the
	rea	asons for the following? (3mks)	
	a)	Cutting thin sections	
	b)	Using sharp scalpel or razor blade	

	c)	Staining the section
	d)	Putting the slice in water
5.	wh	student observed 60 cells a cross the diameter of field of view using a microscope tose diameter is 15mm. Calculate the diameter of one cell in micrometers (show your orkings) 3mks
6.	Th	(a) What term is used to describe the condition of the above cell? (1 mark)  (b) What term is used to describe the solution to which the cell had been placed?  (1 mark)  (c) Explain why the cell did not lose its shape after the experiment. (1 mark)

7. State the function of each of the following.

	(i)	Ribosomes.		(1 mark)
	(ii)	Mitochondria.		(1 mark)
	(iii)	Centrioles.		(1 mark)
8.	State	the role of each of the fol	llowing in photosynthesis.	
	(a)	Light.	COE	(1 mark)
	(b)	Chlorophyll.		(1 mark)
9.	In ar	n electron microscope	is us	sed to illuminate the
	speci	men under observation.		(1mk)
	(i)	Name the parts of a lig functions. (2mks).	ht microscope which perform ea	ach of the following
	(ii)		f light entering the specimen.	
	(iii)	Magnifies the object.		
10	). State	the organelle used for the		(3mks)
	(i)	Synthesis RNA (Ribor	nucleic acid)	

(ii)	Formation of cilia and flagella in cells where these structures occur	
(iii)	Packages synthesized protein.	
(d) Wi	~	1mk)
11. The di	iagrams below illustrate the behavior of Red Blood Cells when placed	in two
differe	Placed in solution X  Process A  Process B	
a) Su	ggest the nature of solutions X and Y.	(2mks)

b) Name the processes A and B	(2mks)
A	
В	
d) What would happen to normal blood cells if they were placed in a	an isotonic solution?
12. State the function of each of the following organelles (2mks)	(1mk)
(a)Lysosomes	
(b) Golgi apparatus	
(t) I toge approximation	
13. The figure below shows a section through a leaf. A leaf is designed f	or photosynthesis
and this process provides a supply of simple sugars for a plant.  Chloroplasts  Spongy  mesophyll cells	
a) i) State two adaptations of the chloroplasts to photosynthesis	s. (2mks)
iii) Suggest the function of the stomata and the spaces between the	spongy mesophyll
cells in the process of photosynthesis. (2mks)	

Stomata	· • • • • • • •
Spaces	
b) i) Name the tissue that translocates sugars from the leaves to other parts of the plant.	(1mk)
	•••••
ii) Name the mineral ion that is used to form chlorophyll. (1mk)	
14. Name the building blocks of lipids (2mks)	
15. The diagram below represents a set up that was used to investigate a certain proc	ess in a
plant.  Light  Elodea	
(a) State the process that was being investigated.	(1mk)
(b)	
(c) What is the aim of the experiment?	(1mk)
(d) Give reasons why the following were used in the experiment	(2mks)

Glass funnel	
Wooden stand	
Water plant (Elodea)	
Other than the factors shown, state two factors that would affect tabove.	the process named in (a) (2 mark)
above.  16. State three properties of proteins	(3mks)
17. Name two types of enzyme inhibitors	(2mks)
18. Outline two roles of active transport in human beings.	(2mks)
19. State 3 differences between electron and light microscope	(3mks)

20. State the importance of classifying organisms.	(4mks)
21. Name the five kingdoms of classification.	(5mks).
22. State the importance of diffusion in living organisms.	(3mks)
23. Name the seven taxonomic units from the largest to the smallest	(7mks)

24. Name two factors that decrease the rate of photosynthesis

(2mks)