GATITU SECONDARY SCHOOL, P.O. BOX 327 – 01030, GATUNDU. FORM 1 PHYSICS MID TERM EXAMINATION. TERM 3 2015.

Answ	ver all the questions.				
1.	Distinguish between solid, liquid and gas using the following headings.				
i)	Arrangement of particles	(3mks			
ii)	Interparticles spacing.	(3mks			
iii)	Movement of particles	(3mks			
2.	Why is it possible to compress a gas but not a solid or a liquid.		(2mks		

(1mk

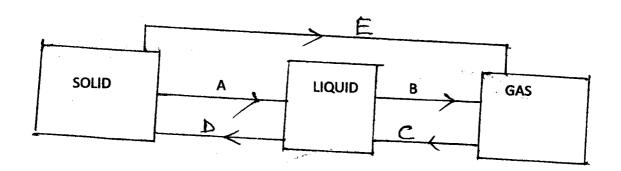
State how temperature affects Brownian motion

3.

4. Describe an experiment that would demonstrate diffusion in liquids.

(3mks

5. State process involved in each change of state in the following diagram.



A	(5mks
B_	(565
C	
D	
Ε.	

- 6. In smoke cell experiment, bright species are observed to move in a random manner.
- i) What are these bright specks?

(2mks

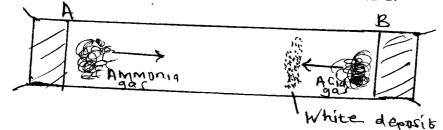
ii)	Explain why they move in the manner state	d above.	(3mks
iii)	If temperature is increased in the smoke ce	ll state the changes th	at would be observed
	motion of the bright speck\$.	(2mks	
7.	Define diffusion	(1mk	
i)	Compare the rate of diffusion in air and in	vacuum. (2mk	S

(3mks

State the factors which affect the rate of diffusion.

iii)

8. In the figure below ammonia gas and acid gas diffuse and react to form a white deposit on the walls of the glass tube. The deposit forms nearer end B.



State

i) Which gas diffused faster.

(1mk

b) How does the size and mass a gas affect the rate of diffusion.

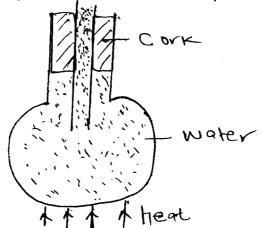
(2mks

c) How would the temperature affect the speed at which white deposits formed. (2mks

9. State 3 advantages and 3 disadvantages of thermal expansion in solids. (6mks

- 10. The figure below shows a bimetallic strip. Draw the diagram to show its behaviour when
- i) heated
- ii) Cooled
- 11. In the laboratory boiling tubes made of glass are subjected to strong heating without breaking. Explain. (2mks

12. The following set up was used to demonstrate expansion in liquids.



State and explain the observation.

(3mks

- 13. Explain the following
- i) It is advisable to leave a space inside a bottle of water before keeping it in a deep freezer. (2mks

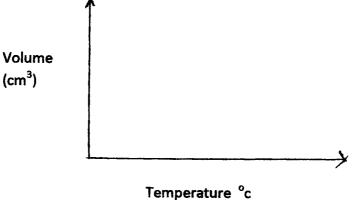
ii) Water pipes burst when temperature drops below 4°c.

(2mks

14. State 4 effects of anomalous expansion of water

(4mks

15. Sketch a graph of volume against temperature for water between 0° and 10° on the axis below.



(2mks

16. the figure below shows a set up used to investigate expansion in gases. Explain the observation when cold water is sprinkled on the surface. (3mks



17. Using knowledge of molecule, explain why solids, liquid and gases expand.

18. Define the term temperature.

(1mk

(6mks

19. State 3 types of thermometers.

(3mks

20. List 4 properties of a thermometric liquid.

(4mks

21. In a liquid in glass thermometer explain why capillary bore is narrow.

(2mks

22. Explain why the bulb of a thermometer is thin walled.

(2mks

23. Convert the following temperatures from (a) ⁰c to kelvin.

(6mks

i) 0°C =

K

ii) 50°C =

K

iii) 100°C =

K

24. State two commonly used thermometric liquid and hence compare their properties. (8mks