

30.5.3 Physics Paper 3 (232/3)

1. (c) (i) amplitudes of the two pendulums increase from zero to maximum and then decrease to zero alternately. **(1 mark)**
- (ii) alternate interchange/transfer of energy from one pendulum to the other. **(1 mark)**

(e)

D (cm)	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
T (s)	12.8	10.2	7.7	5.6	4.4	3.4	2.8
$f = \frac{1}{T} (\text{s}^{-1})$	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.36

Table 1

7 marks

- (f) see graph axes labeled + units **(1 mark)**
 scale **(1 mark)**
 points plotted **(2 marks)**
 smooth curve **(1 mark)**
- (g) $f_b = 0.21 \text{ s}^{-1}$ **(1 mark)**
 (h) $n = 3$ **(1 mark)**
 t = 4.7 s **(1 mark)**
- (i) $f_o = \frac{3}{4.7} = 0.64 \text{ s}^{-1}$ **(1 mark)**
- (j) $f_b = f_1 - f_o$
 $0.21 = f_1 - 0.64 \text{ s}^{-1}$
 $f_o = 0.85 \text{ s}^{-1}$ **(1 mark)**
(1 mark)
2. (b) $E = 1.55 \pm 0.05 \text{ V}$ **(1 mark)**
- (c) $I = 0.35 \text{ A}$ **(1 mark)**
 $V = 1.45 \pm 0.05 \text{ V}$ **(1 mark)**
- (d) $X = \frac{1.45}{0.35} = 4.1 \Omega$ **(1 mark)**
 $r = \frac{0.1}{0.35} = 0.29 \Omega$ **(1 mark)**
- (g)
- | Number of carbon resistors | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six |
|-----------------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| PB = a (cm) | 70.1 | 56.0 | 44.2 | 39.0 | 33.0 | 29.1 |
| $\frac{1}{R} (\Omega^{-1})$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| $a^{-1} (\text{cm}^{-1})$ | 1.43 | 1.79 | 2.26 | 2.56 | 3.03 | 3.43 |
- Table 2 **(6 marks)**
- (h) Graph
 Axes labeled + units **(1 mark)**
 Scale **(1 mark)**

	Points correctly plotted Straight line through points	(2 marks) (1 mark)
(i)	Slope – correct extraction	(1 mark)
	Evaluation	
	Slope $\approx 4.0 \times 10^{-2} \Omega \text{ cm}^{-1}$	(1 mark)
(j)	$m = \frac{X}{100 \text{ cm}} = 4.0 \times 10^{-2} \Omega \text{ cm}^{-1}$	(1 mark)
	$X = 4.0 \pm 0.1 \Omega$	(1 mark)