

MARKING SCHEME

1.

a) What was Prophet Jeremiah's message about the Messiah? (Jeremiah 23: 5-6)

- i) The messiah would be a descendant / branch / offspring of David.
- ii) The Messiah would be righteous.
- iii) The Messiah would be reign over the people, i.e. would be a King.
- iv) He would execute the justice.
- v) In His days Judah will be saved and Israel would live safely.
- vi) He would be called Lord our righteousness / our salvation.
- vii) Peace would prevail because of his justice and salvation.

(Open)

(Any 6 points x1)

b) Outline the rejection of Jesus at the beginning of His Galilean Ministry. (8mks)

- Jesus returned to Galilee in the power of the spirit and news about Him spread all over as he taught in their synagogues and everyone praised Him.
- He went to Nazareth, His home town and on the Sabbath day, He went in to the synagogue as was His custom and he stood up to read.
- The scroll of prophet Isaiah was handed to Him, unrolling it he opened the place written that the spirit of the Lord was up on him to accomplish God's mission.
- He rolled up the scroll, gave it back to the attendant and set down and the eyes of everyone were fixed on him.
- He told the listeners that that day the scripture had been fulfilled in their hearing.
- All were spoke well of him and were amazed at his gracious words.
- They wondered about this and yet he knew him as Joseph's son. Jesus challenged them by telling them they would tell Him to heal Himself i.e. to perform the miracles He had performed in Capernaum.
- He compared them unfavorably with the non-Jews using a widow of Zarephath and Naaman the Syrian to sightify that they had rejection God's salvation/ will.
- The people got furious, got up, drove Him out of the town and took him to the blow of the hill on which the town was built in order to throw him down the cliff.
- Fortunately, Jesus walked right through the crowd and went on His way.

(Well

outlined account 8 x 1)

c) Account for the unpopularity of the clergy in the churches today. (6mks)

- i) Some are poor role models to their members.
- ii) Condemning the evils committed by the church members.
- iii) Embezzlement of funds by some of them.
- iv) Some clergy/leaders expecting too much from the members.
- v) Some are despised due to their low level of education.
- vi) Some church leaders are found to discriminate against some church members.

vii) Some misinterpret bible due to lack deep knowledge of their words.

viii) Some church leaders are not available when are needed by the members/too busy.

ix) The hypocrisy of some religious leaders make the members lose confidence and trust in them.

x) Some are unpopular and account of the gospel i.e. just as Jesus and other religious leaders were opposed and ignored.

(Open) (Any 6 relevant points x 1)

2.

a) Describe the transfiguration of Jesus with reference to Luke 9;28-36 (8mks)

- Jesus took with Him Peter, John and James and went up to the mountain to pray.
- As Jesus was praying, the appearance of His countenance was changed and His robe became dazzling white.
- Behold two men appeared in glory i.e. Moses and Elijah and talked to Him. They talked to Him about His departure /death which He would accomplish at Jerusalem.
- Peter and those who were with him were heavy with sleep, and when they were fully awake they saw His glory and the two men who stood with Him.
- It happened when the two were parting from him Peter exclaimed that it was good for them to make three booths; one for him for Moses and Elijah.
- Peter did not know what he was saying and as he said it a cloud came and overshadowed them and was afraid as entered it.
- A voice came out of the cloud saying, "this is my son, my chosen, listen to him."
- When the voice came had spoken, Jesus was found alone and the disciples kept silence and did not disclose what they had seen to any body.

(Well described account 8 x 1)

b) Relate the cure of the man with a paralyzed hand (Luke 6:6-11) (6mrks)

- On one Sabbath when Jesus entered Synagogue and taught a man was there whose right hand was withered
- The Pharisees and scribes watched him to see whether he would heal on the Sabbath so as to find an accusation against him.
- Jesus knew their thoughts and He said to the man to go and stand where he (Jesus) was and he rose and did so.
- Jesus asked His opposers whether it was lawful on the Sabbath to do good or harm, to save life or to destroy it.
- Jesus looked around on them all and said to the man to stretch out his hand and the man did so and the hand was restored.
- The people were filled with fury and discussed with one another what they might do to Jesus.

(Well

described account 6 x 1)

c) Highlight the significance of Jesus miracles in His ministry. (6marks)

- i) To show that Jesus is the son of God/promised Messiah.
- ii) Affirm that Jesus came to save the world from sin.
- iii) They demonstrate that Jesus had come to liberate human kind from suffering and death.
- iv) They show that Jesus is a universal savior.
- v) They demonstrate that Jesus is the Lord of the Sabbath.
- vi) They attest that Jesus is the giver of life, power over death.
- vii) They are a manifestation of God's love and concern for his people through Jesus.
- viii) They prove that faith is necessary for them to occur.
- ix) Those who witnessed the performance of miracles by Jesus came to believe in Him
- x) Gave Jesus a chance to preach to people for they were attracted to Him because of the miracles.

(Open)

(Any 6 relevant points x 1)

3.

a) Narrate the parable of the shrewd manager (Luke 16:1-8) (7marks)

- A rich man had a steward and charges were brought to him that man was wasting his goods.
- He called the steward and inquired about what he was hearing from the people and he told the manager to turn in the accounts.
- The manager thought of what he could do since his master was talking the steward away from him, for he was not strong to dig and was ashamed of begging.
- He decided to summon his master's debtors one by one to forge the accounts so that they may receive him in their houses after being put out of the stewardship.
- To the first one he asked him how much he owed his master and he said a hundred measures of oil he told him to take his bill and quickly make it fifty.
- He then said to another, "how much do you owe my master?" the debtor said a hundred measures of wheat and the manager told him to take his bill and write eight.
- The master commended the dishonest steward for his prudence for the sons of this world are wiser in their own generation than the sons of light.

(A

well described account 7 x 1)

b) Outline seven teachings of Jesus on the way to salvation (Luke 18:15 – 19:27)

- i) Too much attachment to wealth can hinder one from attaining salvation
- ii) Salvation requires one to have childlike qualities of humility and dependence on God.
- iii) Salvation is universal i.e. it is for all who are ready and willing to receive it.
- iv) The way of salvation requires self-sacrifice for example renouncing one's family.
- v) Judgment awaits those who obstruct others from receiving salvation & the growth of God's kingdom.
- vi) For one to attain eternal life, one has to be persistent in reaching it.
- vii) Salvation comes from God through Jesus
- viii) The way of salvation requires one to use God – given abilities for the glory of God.
- ix) The way of salvation requires repentance of sin for forgiveness.

c) Give reasons why some people find it difficult to accept Jesus as their savior (6marks)

- i) Fear of the requirements expected of a believer
- ii) Some are naturally ignorant
- iii) Disappointment from people who are not role models
- iv) Too much attachment on the worldly pleasures / wealth
- v) Peer influence/fear of losing their friends
- vi) Lack of faith in Jesus
- vii) Too much expectation from the religious leaders
- viii) Influence of other religious.

4.

a) What did Peter reveal about Jesus in his speech on the day of Pentecost? (7marks)

- i) Jesus was from Nazareth
- ii) Jesus had a human nature
- iii) Jesus has divine nature / son of God
- iv) Jesus had given power to perform miracles
- v) Jesus death and crucifixion was according to God's plan.
- vi) God raised Jesus from the death
- vii) The death and resurrection of Jesus fulfill David's prophecy
- viii) Jesus is a descendant of David
- ix) Jesus ascended into heaven and spirits at the right hand of God.
- x) The Holy spirit is a gift from Jesus
- xi) Jesus is the messiah.

b) Mention seven ways in which the unity of believers is expressed in the concept of the bride of Christ

- i) The church is referred to as the bride married to Christ and Christ is the bridegroom.
- ii) The church must preserve purity / keep off sins as they await the coming of the groom.
- iii) Christians are to be committed and submissive to Christ as the bride is to the groom.
- iv) The church is loved by Christ just as the bride is loved by the groom (Union governed by love).
- v) Committed Christians will be taken to a new home (Jerusalem/heaven) just the bride is taken to a new home.
- vi) The union between a believer and Christ will be eternal, just as the one for the bride and groom is everlasting.
- vii) Christians must remain in a state of expectation as the bride expects the arrival of the groom / always ready.
- viii) In the new home, there will be no more suffering, persecution or death / only happiness just as it is the union between the bride and the groom.

(Any 7 points x 1) **NB:** (Should be clear; i.e. illustrate well)

c) State the relevance of Paul's teaching on the characteristics of love to believers (Corinthians 13:4-8)

- i. Christians should be tolerant / patient with one another
- ii. Christians should not be jealous of others and their achievements but should appreciate them
- iii. Christians should not be arrogant and rude but should always be good to others.
- iv. Christians should not be selfish or think themselves of being better than others,
- v. They should be able to control their anger and resentment
- vi. They should always rejoice in the right and truth
- vii. Christians should persevere / bear all things especially challenging circumstances.

(Closed) (Any 7 points x 1)

- viii. They should have trust / hope in life i.e. in Jesus
- ix. Christians should love others always without pretence.
(Any 6 relevant points x 1) (Open)

5.

a) Outline eight Christian teachings on marriage

- i) Marriage should be heterogeneous / between a man & a woman.
- ii) Marriage should be monogamous
- iii) Husband and wife should be complementary / help each other.
- iv) The husband should love his wife
- v) Marriage should be for companionship
- vi) The wife should submit to her husband
- vii) Husband and wife should cherish / respect each other
- viii) Conjugal rights should be enjoyed in marriage
- ix) Marriage is permanent
- x) Marriage is God's plan for human being/was initiated by God.
- xi) The husband & wife should cleave to each other / become one flesh
- xii) Marriage provides for procreation or multiplication
- xiii) Marriage is not compulsory for celibacy is allowed under certain circumstances.

b) From a religious perspective, why do some people prefer marriage to celibacy? (6marks)

- i) To emulate the example of Jesus Christ
- ii) To obey Jesus teachings to denounce family attachment
- iii) To identify themselves with Paul and his teachings
- iv) To dedicate one's life to the service of God
- v) To have ample time to serve God effectively / total devotion
- vi) To dedicate oneself to the works of charity & mercy
- vii) To dedicate their entire life to prayer
- viii) It is a gift from God
- ix) It is a strong calling or vocation.

c) Explain six factors that undermine Christian marriages today

- i) Wrong advice from friends & relatives
- ii) Lack of strong religious & traditional beliefs
- i) Motivate employees
- ii) Allow them freedom of expression
- iii) Lay them off fairly
- iv) Sympathize with those who are sick
- v) By not harassing them
- vi) Give them work according to their ability

- iii) Long separation of the couple from each other
- iv) Economic constrains
- v) Lack of children due to barrenness
- vi) Differences in religious ideologies
- vii) Alcoholism & (B)madness
- viii) Prolonged / terminal diseases & sicknesses
- ix) Un-payment of bride-price
- x) Separation & divorce
- xi) Domestic violence and family wrangles
- xii) Differences in age or generation gap.

Any 6 points x 1 (must be accompanied by a relevant explanation No ½ mark) (Closed)

6.

a) How was law, order and justice upheld in the traditional African societies? (6marks)

- i) Punishment of offenders
- ii) Installation of leaders, chiefs or kings
- iii) Administration of oaths
- iv) Making of covenant treaties
- v) Observing taboos
- vi) Intermarriages between warring communities
- vii) The council of elders administered justice and reconciliation
- viii) Recognizing the role of specialist
- ix) (C)luster belief (A)ny (S)pirits and ancestors.

b) Give seven reasons why bribery & corruption is unethical (7marks)

- i) It leads to loss of public funds
- ii) It leads to lack of quality service
- iii) Leads to poverty / poor economic growth.
- iv) It increases crime rate
- v) Undermines the integrity of the receiver.
- vi) Brings suffering to the giver.
- vii) It's a criminal offence punishable by the law.
- viii) It makes a culprit lose job.
- ix) It leads to loss of good public image
- x) It's against Biblical teachings

(Open) xi) It leads to social unrest / conflicts/civil war / tribal clashes.

(6marks)

c) State ways in which an employer should show respect for the human dignity of employees (7marks)

- vii) Give them time to rest
- viii) Not over-work them
- ix) Provide them with healthy working conditions
- x) Pay them on time
- xi) Be sensitive to their needs.

(Open) (Any 7 points x 1)