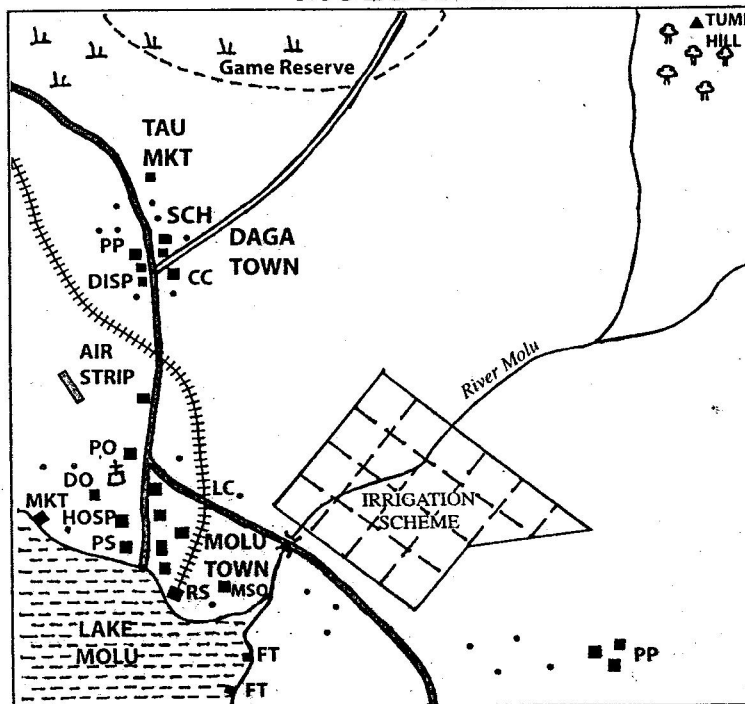


2010

**MOLU AREA**



SCALE: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Km

**KEY:**

	Tarmac Road		Forest	CC	Chiefs Camp
	Murrum road		Scrub	DISP	Dispensary
	Railway		Permanent building	DO	District Officer
	River and bridge		House	HOSP	Hospital
	Game reserve boundary			LC	Level Crossing
				MKT	Market
				PO	Post Office
				PP	Police Post
				PS	Police Station
				RS	Railway Station
				SCH	School
				FT	Fish Trap
				CH	Church
				MSQ	Mosque

**Study the map of Molu area and answer questions 1-7**

- The land in Molu area slopes from
  - East to West
  - South to North
  - North-West to South-East
  - North-East to South-West

Answer is choice D

**Reasoning**

Land slopes from the highlands to the lowlands. Rivers always flow from the high places to the lower slopes. River Molu rises from the North East and flows to the South-

West. Thus the land also slopes from North-East to South-West.

- What is the approximate area of the irrigation scheme?
  - 10 square kilometres
  - 16 square kilometres
  - 18 square kilometres
  - 20 square kilometres

Answer is choice C

**Reasoning**

The irrigation scheme forms regular shapes and thus learners can work out the area by adding the area of the square figure to that of

the triangular figure. The area can also be got by adding the full one centimetre square units to the half of the two incomplete squares.

3. A trader at Tau market has ordered for maize flour from a wholesale shop in Molu town. The appropriate means of transport to use to deliver the flour would be by?
- A. Road transport
  - B. Railway transport
  - C. Water transport
  - D. Air transport

Answer is choice A

**Reasoning**

Tau market and Molu town are connected by road. The distance is not very long and thus road transport would be the most appropriate for the trader.

4. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Molu area except
- A. Fishing
  - B. Farming
  - C. Trading
  - D. Mining

Answer is choice D

**Reasoning**

Fish traps are an evidence of fishing while the irrigation scheme is the evidence of farming. Presence of markets indicates trading. There is no evidence of mining in the map.

5. If the area under the Game Reserve was to be converted into a farm, which one of the following crops would be suitable to plant?
- A. Coffee
  - B. Cotton
  - C. Pyrethrum
  - D. Tea

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The area around the game reserve is covered by scrub vegetation and thus receives little rainfall. Coffee, pyrethrum and tea do well in areas experiencing adequate amounts of rainfall.

6. Which one of the following statements correctly describes the distribution of settlements in Molu area?
- A. The settlements are evenly spread
  - B. There are few settlements in the irrigation scheme
  - C. There are some settlements along the River Molu

- D. Settlements are concentrated where there are towns

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Settlements are shown by houses in the map. From the observation, it is evident that most of the settlements are concentrated in Daga and Molu towns.

7. Three of the following social services are available in Molu Town. Which one is not?
- A. Health Services
  - B. Recreation services
  - C. Educational services
  - D. Religious services

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The hospital is the evidence of health services while the school gives the evidence of educational services. The mosque and the church gives evidence of religious services. There is no evidence of recreational services in the map.

8. The original homeland of the Bantu was
- A. The Horn of Africa
  - B. Bah-el-Ghazal
  - C. The Congo Basin
  - D. Arabian Peninsula

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The horn of Africa is the origin of the Cushites. The Bah-el-Ghazal region in Sudan is associated with Nilotes. Arabian Peninsula is associated with Semitic speakers. Bantus cradleland is the Congo basin.

9. Which one of the following titles used in Buganda kingdom during the pre-colonial period is correctly matched with its officer?

Title	Officer
A. Katikiro	– Prime Minister
B. Mtwale	– Treasurer
C. Omuwanika	– Chief Justice
D. Omulamuzi	– Army Officer

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

The Katikiro (Prime Minister), Omuwanika (treasurer) and Omulamuzi (chief-justice) were three important officials who assisted the

Kabaka (King) in the administration of Buganda Kingdom. The Mtwale was associated with Nyamwezi chiefdom.

10. Which one of the following statements is true about pastoral farming among the Fulani?
- They keep cattle mainly for sale
  - They mainly keep dairy cattle
  - They grow fodder crops for their cattle
  - They migrate with their cattle according to seasons

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

The Fulani are nomadic pastoralists who graze their animals in the Sahel region. They keep large herds of cattle and migrate with them in search of water and pasture.

11. Below are duties of a school administrator.
- To monitor teacher's class attendance
  - To write minutes during staff meetings
  - To maintain discipline in the school
- The duties described above are performed by
- The school prefect
  - The head teacher
  - The deputy head teacher
  - The school committee chairperson

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The school committee meetings are chaired by the chairperson who is elected by other committee members. The secretary of the school committee is the head teacher. The secretary of the school staff is the deputy head teacher. Prefects act as a link between teachers and pupils.

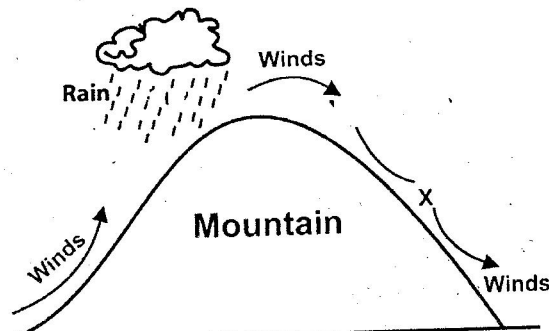
12. June 1<sup>st</sup> is important in Kenya because it is the day.
- Freedom fighters were released from detention
  - Kenya got internal self government
  - The country became a republic
  - Kenya became a multi-party state

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

1<sup>st</sup> June is a major national holiday in Kenya. It is known as Madaraka day. During this day we commemorate the day Kenya got internal self-government on 1<sup>st</sup> June 1963.

**Use the diagram below to answer questions 13 and 14**



13. Which of the following characteristics are true about the winds marked X?

- They are cool and moist
- They are warm and dry
- They are cool and dry
- They are warm and moist

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The diagram represents relief rainfall which is experienced in the highlands. The side receiving rainfall experiences warm and moist winds and is known as the windward wide. The side marked X receives cool and dry winds and is known as the leeward side.

14. Which one of the following towns in Kenya experiences the effects of winds similar to the ones marked X?

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| A. Nanyuki | B. Nakuru  |
| C. Thika   | D. Eldoret |

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Towns such as Nyeri, Embu, Meru and Nanyuki are located near Mount Kenya. Nanyuki town is located on side X (leeward side) of Mount Kenya. The other towns (Nyeri, Embu and Meru) are on the windward side.

15. The best way to stop drug abuse in schools is by?

- Fencing school compounds to keep off peddlers
- Giving heavy punishments to drug users
- Arresting suspected drug dealers
- Educating pupils on dangers of using drugs

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Drug abuse has become a major problem in our society. Drug abuse should be fought within family level, school level and the national level. The best way to fight the vice is through creating awareness on dangers of using drugs.

16. Which one of the communities was ruled by a king during the pre-colonial period?
- A. The Khoikhoi      B. The Wanyamwezi  
C. The Abawanga      D. The Ameru

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The Khoikhoi and the Wanyamwezi were traditionally ruled by chiefs. The Ameru had council of elders while the Abawanga had kings known as nabongo.

17. Below are statements about the achievements of a missionary who came to Eastern Africa in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century.
- i) He established a mission station at Rabai  
ii) He wrote the first Kiswahili dictionary  
iii) He taught Africans to read and write

The missionary described above is

- A. David Livingstone      B. Ludwig Krapf  
C. Jacob Erhardt      D. Johann Rebmann

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Missionaries came to Eastern Africa to spread the gospel. David Livingstone made several journeys in Central and Eastern Africa. He was from Scotland. The other missionaries Krapf, Erhardt and Rebmann were Germans who were sent by the church missionary society. The first to arrive in East Africa was Ludwig Krapf who translated the Bible into Kiswahili. He also established a mission station at Rabai near Mombasa together with Johann Rebmann wrote the first Kiswahili dictionary.

18. Which one of the following dams in Africa is correctly matched with the river on which it is located?

Dam	River
A. Kariba	- Zambezi
B. Kindaruma	- Nile
C. Aswan	- Volta
D. Akosombo	- Tana

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

The dam projects in Africa are correctly matched with the rivers as follows:

- i) Kariba dam – River Zambezi  
ii) Kindaruma dam – River Tana  
iii) Aswan High dam – River Nile  
iv) Akosombo dam – River Volta

19. Different parts of the earth experience day and night at different times. This is caused by?

- A. the movement of the moon around the earth  
B. the revolution of the earth around the sun  
C. the movement of the sun from east to west  
D. the rotation of the earth on its axis

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

The earth rotates from West to East causing day and night. The revolution of the earth causes seasons.

20. In traditional African societies, the croaking of frogs was associated with

- A. the coming of dry seasons  
B. the coming of good harvest  
C. the coming of rains  
D. the coming of strong winds

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

Some of the traditional ways of predicting the coming of rains include:

- a) A trail of ants  
b) Appearance of toads  
c) Croaking of frogs

21. A foreigner qualifies to apply for Kenyan citizenship after living in the country continuously for

- A. two years      B. five years  
C. seven years      D. ten years

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

People born of Kenyan parents are citizens by birth and do not have to apply to be citizens. Foreigners who have lived in Kenya for seven years can apply to be registered as Kenyans. Citizens by birth can now have dual citizenship under the new constitution of Kenya.

22. Zawadi is charged a fee everytime she goes to the air market near her home to sell her farm produce. The money she pays goes to

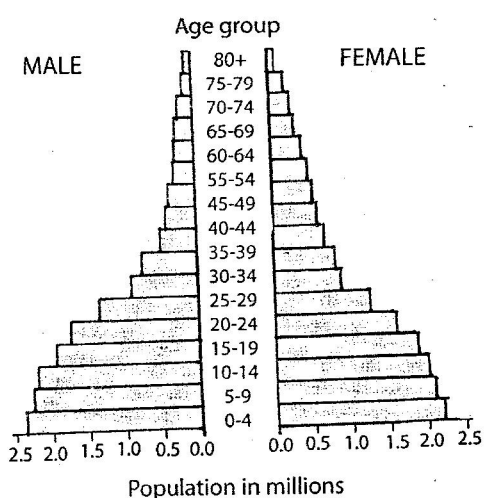
- A. the chief of the area
- B. the county council
- C. the market attendant
- D. the constituency development fund

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Markets are controlled by the respective councils. Markets which are within areas not covered by other councils are under the county councils. Such councils issue trade permits and collect fees from people operating in such areas.

23. The age-sex pyramid below represents the population of Kenya.



Which one of the following statements is true about the population of Kenya according to the pyramid?

- A. A high percentage of the population consists of the youth
- B. There are more males than females at all ages
- C. The percentage of the working population is high
- D. Half of the population is made up of old people

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

The population pyramid represents developing countries in Africa and a country like India. The population in countries such as Kenya and India is made up of young people. Most of the people are dependants and thus not working.

24. Samoei of the Nandi and Mekatilili of the Agiriama had one thing in common. It is that both

- A. were opposed to the building of the railway
- B. prophesied about the coming of the Europeans
- C. foresaw defeat of Europeans by Africans
- D. resisted the British colonial rule

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Koitalel Arap Samoei of the Nandi and Mekatilili of the Agiriama are both known to have led their communities in resisting British colonial rule in Kenya.

25. Which one of the following statements is true about the system of government of Swaziland?
- A. Members of parliament elect the Prime Minister
  - B. All members of parliament are elected by the people
  - C. The Head of State is the commander-in-chief of armed forces
  - D. The Queen Mother chairs cabinet meetings

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The Prime-Minister of Swaziland is appointed by the king. Some members of parliament in Swaziland are elected while some are nominated by the king. The queen mother advises the king. The king of Swaziland is the Head of state and commander in chief of armed forces.

26. The main reason why Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) was established was to
- A. promote trade among member states
  - B. fight against the spread of HIV and AIDS
  - C. facilitate free movement of people within member states
  - D. expand transport network in the region

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

COMESA, ECOWAS, E.A.C and SADC are trading blocs formed in different regions of Africa mainly to promote trade among member states.

27. Which one of the following statements correctly describes a parliamentary bill?
- It is a document containing names of members of parliament
  - It is a document that shows how parliament operates
  - It is a proposed law waiting to be discussed in parliament
  - It is a law that has been passed by parliament

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

A bill is a proposed law that has to undergo various stages before it becomes an act of parliament. A bill becomes an Act of parliament after being assented by the president.

28. Maria was stopped from joining a women's group by her husband. Which one of the following freedoms was she denied? Freedom of
- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| A. expression | B. association |
| C. movement   | D. worship     |

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Kenyans are entitled to rights and freedoms which are guaranteed by the constitution, Kenyans enjoy the right to give their opinions and thus enjoy freedom of expression. We can travel to any part of the country because there is freedom of movement. We can join religion of choice because of freedom of worship. Stopping Maria from joining a women's group is denying her freedom of association.

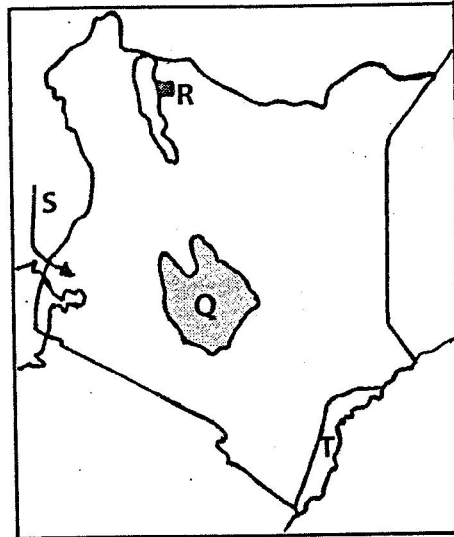
29. Which one of the following activities of European colonial rulers had positive effects on Africans?
- Introduction of western education
  - Creation of reserves for Africans
  - Making of boundaries between colonies
  - Making Africans pay taxes

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Choices B,C and D are negative effects of colonialism. Providing western education was a positive effect of colonialism.

**Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 30-33**



30. The main economic activity carried out in the shaded area marked Q is
- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| A. mining      | B. pastoralism  |
| C. bee keeping | D. crop farming |

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

The area marked Q represents the central highlands of Kenya. Since the area has favourable climatic conditions, the main economic activity is crop farming.

31. The pre-historic site marked R is
- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| A. Koobi Fora  | B. Olorgesailie |
| C. Fort Ternan | D. Kariandusi   |

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Koobi Fora is a pre-historic site near lake Turkana while Olorgesailie is near lake Magadi. Kariandusi is near Gilgil while Fort Ternan is near Kericho.

32. The language group that entered Kenya from the direction of the arrow marked S during the pre-colonial period was
- Plain Nilotes
  - Cushitic speakers
  - River lake Nilotes
  - Bantu speakers

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The river lake Nilotes migrated from Bahr-el-Ghazal region in Southern Sudan and moved to Uganda before migrating into Kenya.

33. Which two types of forests are found in the area marked T?
- Temperate and Bamboo forests

- B. Tropical and Mangrove forests
- C. Temperate and Mangrove forests
- D. Tropical and Bamboo forests

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The types of forests are found along the coast of Kenya. They include the mangrove forests which grow along the coastal salty waters and the lowland tropical forests such as those found at Witu, Jilore and Arabuko-Sokoke.

34. Which one of the following marriages is presided over by the District Commissioner?
- A. Civil marriage
  - B. Christian marriage
  - C. Customary marriage
  - D. Islamic marriage

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Civil marriages are monogamous and are conducted before a government officer, Christian marriages are conducted in a church before a priest or pastor while Islamic marriages are conducted by Islamic religious leaders. Customary marriage allows polygamy and is carried out according to traditional African beliefs of the couple.

35. Which one of the following explains why the people of Tanganyika were defeated by the Germans during the Maji Maji rebellion?
- A. The people of Tanganyika were attacked by their neighbors
  - B. Tanganyika had few warriors
  - C. The Germans were helped by the British
  - D. The Germans had better weapons

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

The people of Tanganyika were led by Kinjeketile Ngwale in the Maji Maji rebellion of 1905 – 1907. Africans resisted the Germans but were defeated because they had inferior weapons and were not united.

36. Which one of the following groups of communities is found in West Africa?
- A. Sotho, Alur, Dinka
  - B. Soninke, mandinka, Yoruba
  - C. Ndebele, Chagga, Acholi
  - D. Amhara, Shona, Baganda
- Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The Soninke and the Mandinka are Mande speaking people of West Africa. The Yoruba are Kwa speakers who are also found in western part of Africa.

37. Which one of the following mountains in Africa was formed as a result of faulting?
- A. Mt Kenya
  - B. Mt Kilimanjaro
  - C. The Atlas Mountains
  - D. The Ruwenzori Mountains

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Mt Kenya and Mt. Kilimanjaro were formed through volcanic action. The Atlas Mountains of North Africa were formed as a result of folding. The Ruwenzori Mountains were formed as a result of faulting.

38. Three of the following skills were taught through apprenticeship in African traditional societies. Which one was not?
- A. Harvesting of honey
  - B. Treating the sick
  - C. Collecting firewood
  - D. Hunting for wild animals

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

In traditional African society some special skills were taught through apprenticeship. They included iron-smelting, wood-carving, medicine work, hunting and harvesting honey. Collecting of firewood was not a special skill.

39. Countries in North Africa experience winter season during the months of
- A. December to February
  - B. March to may
  - C. June to August
  - D. September to November

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Areas in southern Africa experience summer around December when the sun is overhead the tropic of Capricorn. During this period of December and January the areas to the North of Africa will be experiencing winter.

40. River Nile and river Niger have a common characteristic. It is that both rivers
- A. originate from the same highlands
  - B. end in the Mediterranean sea

- C. are navigable throughout the course
- D. have a delta at the mouth

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

River Niger has its source of Fouta Djallon highland and ends in the Atlantic Ocean. River Nile originates in Lake Victoria and ends in Mediterranean Sea. The two rivers are not navigable in all their courses. However, both rivers end in deltas at their mouths.

41. The diagram below represents a road sign.



The road sign indicates that

- A. pedestrian must stop
- B. there is a roundabout ahead
- C. there is danger ahead
- D. motorists should avoid overtaking

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The diagram represents a warning sign. It warns drivers of a roundabout ahead.

42. Three of the following are actions which indicates that a person is a patriotic citizen. Which one is not?

- A. Welcoming visitors at one's home
- B. Participating in tree planting
- C. Contributing towards famine relief
- D. Attending rallies on national days

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Choices B,C, and D indicates what a patriotic citizen does for the nation. Option A only indicates obligations of a citizen at home.

43. Municipalities and County Councils are under the Ministry of?

- A. Home affairs
- B. Education
- C. Local Government
- D. Finance

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

City councils, municipal councils, town councils and county councils are all under the local government ministry.

44. Tourism is important to Kenya mainly because it

- A. earns foreign exchange for the country

- B. promotes international understanding
- C. leads to expansion of transport network
- D. encourages protection of wildlife

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

The Kenya government established National parks and Game reserves in order to preserve wildlife. The preserved wildlife attracts tourists who bring foreign exchange to the country.

45. Which one of the following minerals is correctly matched with the method used to mine it?

Mineral	Mining method
A. Soda Ash	- Drilling
B. Diatomite	- Opencast
C. Petroleum	- Panning
D. Gold	- Dredging

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The methods of mining the minerals below are:

- a) Soda ash - dredging
- b) Diatomite - Open-cast
- c) Petroleum - Drilling
- d) Gold - Deep shaft/panning

46. Which one of the following groups of countries in Africa was colonized by the French?

A	B
Mali Namibia Uganda	Senegal Madagascar Mali
C	D
Togo Angola Zambia	Tanganyika Cameroon Angola

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Some of the French colonies in Africa include Senegal, Madagascar, Mali, Algeria, Tunisia, Morocco and Guinea.

47. Below are statements about a political party that was formed in Kenya during the colonial period.
- i) It supported a regional government
  - ii) It was formed by the smaller communities
  - iii) It was formed in 1960



47. One of its founder members was Ronald Ngala.  
The political party described above is
- Kenya African Union (KAU)
  - Kenya People's Union (KPU)
  - Kenya African National Union (KANU)
  - Kenya African Democratic Union (KADU)

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Kenya Africa Union (K.A.U) was formed in 1944 while Kenya people's Union (K.P.U) was formed in 1966 by Oginga Odinga. KANU was formed in 1960 by the bigger communities and was for a unitary government. Thus the statements correctly describe KADU.

48. Three of the following are soil conservation measures. Which one is not?
- Mono-cropping
  - Crop rotation
  - Contour ploughing
  - Building of gabions

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Choices B,C and D represent soil conservation measures. Mono-cropping is not a soil conservation measure.

49. In traditional African societies, goods were transported using
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A. vehicles | B. trains   |
| C. animals  | D. bicycles |

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

Some of the traditional means of transport include:

- Use of pack animals such as donkeys, camels and oxen
  - Use of porters
  - Walking on foot
  - Using canoes and rafts
50. In Kenya, forests areas are protected against destruction mainly because they
- make the scenery beautiful
  - conserve water sources
  - are sources of timber
  - provide herbal medicine

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The government is protecting forest areas mainly because these areas are water sources. Water is life. Some of the water sources being protected include Mt. Kenya Forest, Nyandarua forest, Mau forest and Mt. Elgon forest.

51. Which one of the following is a duty of the police force in Kenya?
- To punish law breakers
  - To judge cases
  - To defend the country
  - To arrest suspected criminals

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Option A and B shows roles played by the judicial arm of the government. Defending the country is the duty of the armed forces. Arresting suspected criminals and maintaining law and order is the duty of the police.

52. Which one of the following groups of people represents single parent family?
- Mother, daughter, son
  - Father, mother, son
  - Mother, son, nephew
  - Father, daughter, niece

Answer is A.

**Reasoning**

A single parent family has one parent and the child or children. Nuclear families have two parents and a child or children. Relatives such as cousins, nieces, nephews and grandparents are part of the extended family.

53. Which one of the following was a function of clan elders in traditional African Communities?
- To provide food to needy families
  - To treat the sick members of the community
  - To educate the youth about their culture
  - To protect the land against invaders

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

Clan elders played important roles in the African community which include:

- Settling conflicts within the community.
  - Educate the youth about traditional customs.
  - Preside over important ceremonies.
54. In Kenya, a person becomes the speaker of the National Assembly through
- nomination by the president

- B. election by members of parliament
- C. nomination by the electoral body
- D. election by voters

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The speaker of the National Assembly is elected by members of parliament. He/she is an ex-officio member of the National Assembly.

55. Nzau, a primary school pupil assisted an elderly lady to cross a busy road. The behavior by Nzau should be encouraged in the society because it
- A. Promotes courage among children
  - B. Shows that children love old people
  - C. Makes old people live longer
  - D. Is a sign of respect for old people

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Some traditional cultures need to be preserved even in the modern society. Some of these aspects of culture that should be preserved include caring for the needy, respect for life, care for the environment, respect for elders and respect for other people's property. Behaviours that show respect to elders should be encouraged in the society.

56. Three of the following statements are true about Kenya's National Anthem. Which one is not?
- A. It is a form of entertainment
  - B. It unites the citizens
  - C. It promotes patriotism
  - D. It is a prayer

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Our national anthem is sung in English and Kiswahili. It is a symbol of national unity and also promotes patriotism. Our national anthem is a form of prayer where we ask God to fulfill our wishes and aspirations as Kenyans.

57. Which one of the following is an economic right?
- A. Right to life
  - B. Right to education
  - C. Right to work
  - D. Right to privacy

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

The right to life is a civil right while right to privacy and right to education are social rights. Right to work and right to own property are economic rights.

58. The government of Kenya obtains revenue mainly through
- A. License fees paid by traders
  - B. Taxes paid by citizens
  - C. Grants given by foreign countries
  - D. Sale of bonds

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

All these are ways through which government obtains revenue. However, the main way of government earning revenue is through various taxes paid by Kenyan citizens.

59. The main problem facing road transport in Kenya is that
- A. The roads are costly to construct
  - B. Vehicles cause air pollution
  - C. Some roads are impassable during the wet season
  - D. Vehicles are driven carelessly

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Road transport is the most common in Kenya and the rest of Africa. It is the most developed in Kenya. Road transport faces various problems but one of the major problems today is the rising number of road accidents leading to loss of lives. This is mainly as a result of carelessness by road-users.

60. Three of the following are circumstances which may lead to a loss of parliament seat. Which one is not? When a member of parliament
- A. is declared insane
  - B. visits another country
  - C. is jailed for over six months
  - D. is declared bankrupt by a court of law

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

A member of parliament can not lose his or her seat due to visiting another country. However, choices A, C and D give options that can lead to a loss of a parliamentary seat.

**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. Which one of the following actions by Adam shows that he had power over the creation?
- Tilling the land
  - Naming the animals
  - Marrying Eve
  - Eating the fruits

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The ability to control animals, plants and other things in nature was given to human beings by God. Man was given the responsibility of naming the animals and plants by God.

62. The main reason why God asked Noah to build the ark was to
- save Noah's family
  - store foodstuffs
  - separate the sinners from the righteous
  - assist him to move to the mountain

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

God destroyed the world with great flood during the time of Noah because people had become evil in God's sight and violence had spread everywhere. Noah had no faults and was the only good man of his time. Thus by building the Ark, it was meant to save the righteous while the sinners are punished by the flood.

63. the main virtue that the children of Israel were required to have when crossing the Red Sea was
- honesty
  - holiness
  - tolerance
  - obedience

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Moses led the Israelites in crossing the red sea. The waters of the red sea divided and the Israelites crossed on dry land. The virtue the Israelites were required to have was obedience. They were required to obey the instructions from Moses and move forward instead of thinking of the Egyptians who were following them.

64. Who among the following people is the father of faith?
- Jacob
  - Abraham
  - Isaac
  - Joseph

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Abraham was the founder of the Jewish race. He trusted in God and was faithful to Him. Abraham's great faith was seen when he accepted to give his dear son, Isaac as a sacrifice to God.

65. When the Israelites went to receive the ten commandments, God's presence was shown through
- fire
  - flaming torch
  - earthquake
  - strong wind

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Moses led Israelites in receiving the Ten Commandments. During the occasion the presence of God was shown through fire. In exodus 19:18. All of Mount Sinai was covered with smoke, because the Lord had come down on it in fire. The smoke went up like the smoke of a furnace, and all the people trembled violently.

66. Who among the following kings of Israel annoyed God when he took Uriah's wife?
- Rehoboam
  - Heroboam
  - David
  - Solomon

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

God sent Prophet Nathan to condemn king David for taking Bathsheba, Uriah's wife.

67. The main lesson Christians learn from the story of king Ahab and Naboth is that?
- One should be truthful
  - Land belongs to the community
  - One should control his desires
  - One should obey the laws of the land

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

King Ahab coveted Naboth's vineyard. In the end Naboth was accused unfairly and was stoned to death. King Ahab took the vineyard against God's wish. From this experience we learn as Christians to control our desires.

68. When David was anointed by Prophet Samuel he was?
- Going to fight with Goliath
  - Taking food for his brothers
  - Playing music for king Saul
  - Herding the father's sheep

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

David was anointed by prophet Samuel when he was still a young boy. By the time Samuel came to anoint him, he was looking after his father's sheep. (1 Samuel 16:11)

69. The prophet who was called by God when still young was?

A. Jeremiah                      B. Isaiah  
C. Hosea                          D. Amos

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Jeremiah 1:7 But the Lord said to me, "Do not say that you are too young, but go to the people I send you to and tell them everything I command you to say."

70. The main lesson Christians learnt from the announcement of the births of John and Jesus us that they should

A. be ready to do God's work  
B. trust in God's power  
C. be humble before God  
D. be prayerful

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The births of Jesus and John the Baptist were announced by an angel of the Lord. Jesus was conceived of the Holy Spirit and born to Virgin Mary. John the Baptist was born to Elizabeth who was known to be barren. In both experiences we see God's mighty power at work.

71. King Herod wanted to kill baby Jesus because

A. Jesus was born in Bethlehem  
B. Jesus was born in a poor family  
C. He feared that Jesus would become famous  
D. Jesus came from the house of David

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

King Herod wanted to kill Jesus because he felt that his hope of remaining a king was threatened. He feared that Jesus would take over as king and become famous.

72. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches on the value of the kingdom of God?

The parable of the

A. mustard seed                      B. great feast  
C. coin                                      D. pearl

Answer is D

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**Reasoning**

The parable of the mustard seed is about the growth of the kingdom. The parable of the great feast teaches of the joy for those who will sit in God's kingdom. The parable of the lost coin and sheep teaches us that Jesus came to seek the lost. The parables of pearl in Matthew 13:45-46 teaches us how valuable the kingdom of God is.

73. The story of the rich man and Lazarus teaches Christians to be

A. caring                                      B. holy  
C. faithful                                      D. courageous

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

In the story of the rich man and Lazarus, we find that the rich man lived in luxury and ate the best while Lazarus suffered and lived on leftovers. From this experience, we learn to take care of those in need.

74. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus was performed by Peter?

A. Calming the storm  
B. Raising the dead  
C. Feeding the five thousand  
D. Changing water into wine

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

The miracles in choices A, C and D were only performed by Jesus. Both Jesus and Peter performed the miracle of raising the dead.

75. The main reason why the Jewish people opposed Jesus is because he?

A. Healed on a Sabbath  
B. Claimed to be the Messiah  
C. Mixed with sinners  
D. Ate with unclean hands

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

According to the Jewish culture, the most serious sin one could commit is making himself or herself equal to God. This was the sin of blasphemy. By Jesus claiming to be the Messiah, the Jewish leaders accused him of blasphemy. Anyone accused of blasphemy. Was supposed to be punished by death.

76. "Unless I see the scars of the nails in his hands and put my fingers on those scars and my hands on his side, I will not believe" (John

20:25) These words were spoken by Thomas when Jesus

- A. was on the cross
- B. shared a meal with the disciples
- C. appeared to the disciples
- D. had ascended into heaven

Answer is C

These words were spoken by Thomas after Jesus appeared to the disciples after His resurrection. Thomas had not been there when other disciples saw risen Christ.

77. Which one of the following took place on the day of Pentecost?
- A. The believers spoke in different languages
  - B. A crippled person was healed
  - C. The disciples saw the risen Christ
  - D. The disciples drunk wine

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

During the day of Pentecost the Holy Spirit descended upon disciples in form of fire and they spoke in different languages. Peter preached and many people were converted into Christianity.

78. Stephen met his death through being
- A. Burnt
  - B. Crucified
  - C. Beheaded
  - D. Stoned

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Stephen was the first Christian martyr. He was stoned to death for refusing to deny Jesus Christ. Saul approved of his murder.

79. Which one of the following events took place as Paul was on the way to Damascus?
- A. Ananias came to baptize him
  - B. A light from heaven struck him
  - C. He lost the letters he had
  - D. He spoke strange languages

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Acts 9:3 – As Saul was coming near the city of Damascus suddenly a light from the sky flashed around him.

80. Lydia welcomed the needy in her home. The fruit of the Holy Spirit which she showed is?
- A. Peace
  - B. Patience
  - C. Joy
  - D. Kindness

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Lydia was a purple clothes dealer from Thyatira. She received salvation and was baptized together with the people of her house. By welcoming the people in her house she demonstrated an act of kindness.

81. Who among the following people were sent to take money to help the believers in Judea?
- A. Philip and Mathew
  - B. Andrew and Mathias
  - C. Barnabas and Saul
  - D. Silas and James

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

Acts 11:29-30

The disciples decided that each of them would send as much as he could to help their fellow believers who lived in Judea. They did this, then, and sent the money to the church elders by Barnabas and Saul.

82. In some traditional African communities people reconciled with the ancestors through?
- A. Naming of children
  - B. Protecting the aged
  - C. Paying of dowry
  - D. Drinking beer

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

In traditional African societies people reconciled with ancestors through offering sacrifices and pouring libation. They also named children after them.

83. The main reason why sex before marriage is discouraged in both Christianity and traditional African communities is because it
- A. Encourages prostitution
  - B. Is considered holy
  - C. Can lead to diseases
  - D. Can lead to unwanted children

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Sex before marriage is discouraged in both African traditional societies and Christianity. Sex is considered sacred (holy) and is only allowed in marriage.

84. Which one of the following is the main role of grandparents in the bringing up of children in traditional African communities?
- A. Passing on the moral values
  - B. Correcting the wrong doers

- C. Providing food for them
- D. Preparing them for initiation

Answer is A

**Reasoning**

Grandparents played a vital role in the moral upbringing of children in African traditional societies. Children gathered around the fireplace in the evening to be told stories by the grandparents. These stories were meant to teach children morally accepted behaviours.

85. Your classmate Brian tells you he has been taking money from his parents without their permission. As a Christian what action would you take?
- A. Announce it to the class
  - B. Avoid talking to him
  - C. Report the matter to the parents
  - D. Tell him the dangers of such a habit

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Taking money without permission is stealing. A person who steals should be given advice in order to stop the habit. One should be informed about the dangers of stealing.

86. Your desk mate tells you to go out of school so that you can visit a friend. As a Christian what would you do?
- A. Inform the class teacher about it
  - B. Tell her to obey the rules
  - C. Ask advice from the classmates
  - D. Keep off her company

Answer is B

**Reasoning**

Sneaking out of school is a bad habit. Such a friend should be advised to obey all the school rules and stop the habit.

87. You have been asked by your church leader to plan for an activity for young people. What is the best leisure activity for them?
- A. Playing games
  - B. Reading story books
  - C. Visiting a children's home
  - D. Watching Christian films

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

Leisure time should be used in activities that will glorify God. Choices A, B and D have good ways of spending leisure but option C is the best mainly because the free time is being

used to help less fortunate members of the community.

88. Your neighbor tells you she no longer goes to school because she has to do some work for her parents. As a Christian, what is the best action for her to take?
- A. Ask a friend to help her do the work
  - B. Ask her parents to employ a worker
  - C. Run away from home
  - D. Report the matter to the chief

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Any form of work given to children and denies them an opportunity to go to school is referred to as child labour. We should be bold enough to report cases of child labour to the relevant authorities.

89. Your friend Daniel is not willing to take up a job he has been offered after sitting for the Kenya certificate of primary education examination because he lacks the needed skills. As a Christian what advice would you give him?
- A. Tell him to give you the job
  - B. Tell him to seek help from friends
  - C. Encourage him to go for training
  - D. Encourage him to take up the job

Answer is C

**Reasoning**

We should respect all forms of work. Since Daniel lacks the needed skills for the work, he should be trained and then take up the job.

90. Which one of the following is the main reason why Christians are against drug abuse in Kenya? It leads to
- A. crime in the community
  - B. disunity in the family
  - C. poverty
  - D. addiction

Answer is D

**Reasoning**

Misuse of drugs leads to addiction. Addiction to drugs has physical, psychological and social effects. Addiction to drugs will lead to disunity at home, engaging in crime, poverty and poor health.